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The Bombay Gazette Press, Fort, Bombay.

PUBLISHED TWICE DAILY.

THE TWELVE PAGES.

The Bombay Gazette.

MORNING EDITION.

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No. 54,170.—New Series.] BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, AUGUST 3, 1907. [PRICE: ONE ANNA.

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PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing. Saturday 2 P.M. 1907.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
3rd Aug.	CHINA	7912		
10th "	ORIENTAL	5284	MACEDONIA	10512
17th "	PERSIA	7951		
24th "	PENINSULAR	5294	HIMALAYA	6898
31st " *	CALEDONIA	7558		
7th Sept.	PENINSULAR	5294	MOLDAVIA	9500
14th "	EGYPT	7912		
21st "	PENINSULAR	5294	INDIA	7911
28th "	MARMORA	10509		
5th Oct.	ORIENTAL	5284	MONGOLIA	9505
12th "	ARABIA	7903		
19th "	ORIENTAL	5284	VICTORIA	6522
26th "	PERSIA	7951		
2nd Nov†	MACEDONIA	10512		
9th "	OCEANA	6610		
16th "	PENINSULAR	5294	MOOLTAN	9621
23rd "	EGYPT	7912		

† Passengers for Marseilles and Gibraltar by this Steamer change at Port Said to the S. S. "Britannia."
* Proceeds to Marseilles Only.

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London excepting "Caledonia" which takes passengers to Marseilles only.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the CARNAC BUNDER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with port of destination.

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BOMBAY, 26th JULY, 1907.

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Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
DUMBEA	5,686	Boyer	8th Aug 1907
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,378	Combe	5th Sept "
ARMAND BEHIC	6,385	Guionnet	3rd Oct. "
OCEANIEN	4,143	Magnen	31st " "
CALEDONIEN	4,130	Martin	28th Nov. "
DUMBEA	5,686	Boyer	26th Dec. "
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,378	Combe	23rd Jan. 1908.

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TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT
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OCEANIEN	4,143	Magnen	16th Aug. 1907.
CALEDONIEN	4,130	Martin	13th Sept. "
DUMBEA	5,686	Boyer	11th Oct. "

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SILESIA	5150	G. Berguglian	1st Sept.
AFRICA	4596	G. Raicich	1st Oct.
KOERBER	5301	A. Forsti	1st Nov.
BOHEMIA	4232	M. Dabcevich	16th "
AFRICA	4596	P. Badessich	1st Dec
IMPERATOR	4140	F. Mosca	16th "

ORDINARY LINE TO TRIESTE.

Steamers	Tons	Captain	To sail on or about.
*† F. FERDINAND.	6046	C. Matcovich	2nd Aug.

* Will call at Karachi. † Will call at Fiume

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PERSIA	5695	P. Oragliotto	25th Aug.

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BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

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Steamers.	Tons.	Sailing Date.	Time.
KOLA	1,200	Thur. 8th Aug.	8 a. m. (direct)
LINGA	2,171	Frid. 9th Aug.	7 a. m. (direct).

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "WAROONGA," 2,510 tons, on MONDAY, 12th Aug., calling at Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, and Koweit.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

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FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "LAWADA," 3,269 tons, on or about 17th Aug.

FOR EAST AFRICA.

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Steamers	Captain.	Tonnage.	Date. 1907.
OLYMPIA	C.F. Osborne, R.N.R	5124	14th Aug
CIRCASSIA	A. Haig	6716	27th "
SCINDIA	Shafto Abrey	5106	16th Sept.
CASTALIA	F. S. Blight	6300	6th Oct.
BRITANNIA	R. J. Garrick	3069	16th "
MASSILIA	J. Thomson	5091	5th Nov.
OLYMPIA	C.F. Osborne, R.N.R	5124	16th "

Bombay to Suez	Rs. 350
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THE NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

Vessels	Tons.	Captain.	Arrival.	Departure. 1907
KAGESHIMA MARU	...	T. Arakawa	5th Aug.	13th Aug.
TOTOMI MARU	...	M. Winckler	16th "	24th "
YETOROFU MARU	..	K. Sato	18th "	28th "
WAKAMIYA MARU	...	...	1st Sept	11th Sept.
KAGOSHIMA MARU	...	K Kori	8th Sept.	19th Sept.
YEBOSHI MARU	...	......	22nd Sept	2nd Oct.
TAKASAKI MARU	...	....	29th Sept.	10th Oct.
HOJUN MARU	...	G. S. Lapraik	13th Oct.	23rd Oct.
KAGESHIMA MARU	...	T Arakawa	22nd Oct	2nd Nov.
MOYORO MARU	...	....	4th Nov.	14th Nov.

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Do. do. do. without Opium " " 0-14 ... " "	1 8
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CHLORODYNE, (Phillips and Co.'s), is equal to any and far superior to most of the similar preparations now vended. ... Per bot. As. 8, 12 and	1 8
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PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB.

NOTICE.

THE HALF—YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of Members will be held at the Club House, on WEDNESDAY, the 4th September 1907, at 6.45 P. M.

R. WOOLLCOMBE,
Honorary Secretary.

BOMBAY, 3RD AUGUST, 1907.

POONA 3RD EXTRA MEETING.

SATURDAY, 10TH AUGUST, 1907.

OWNERS are reminded that ENTRY CLOSES at 6 P. M., on MONDAY, 5th August, 1907.

CECIL GRAY,
Secretary,
Western India Turf Club.

POONA, 1ST AUGUST, 1907.

KARACHI PORT TRUST.

SECOND ISSUE OF 14 LAKHS
OF THE
4 o/o DEBENTURE LOAN, 1906, OF
Rs. 45 LAKHS.

WITH the sanction of the Government of India, the Trustees of the Port of Karachi, invite tenders for KARACHI PORT TRUST DEBENTURES to the extent of Rs. 14 LAKHS only, being the second issue of a Loan of 45 Lakhs.

Debentures will be issued for Rs. 500 or multiples of Rs. 500 as may be required, and will bear interest at the rate of four (4) per cent. per annum, payable half-yearly.

The Loan will be repayable in 30 years.

Instalments will be payable as follows:—

1st 5 per cent. on application,

2nd Balance on allotment.

Interest will be calculated on the first instalment due on application from date of allotment, and on the balance from date of payment.

The deposit of 5 per cent. will be returned if no allotment is made, and it will be forfeited if an allotment is not paid up on due date.

Tenders will be received up to 12 o'clock noon (Standard Time), on Friday, the 30th August, 1907, by the Chairman, Karachi Port Trust, at the Office of the Karachi Port Trust, Karachi.

Tenders should be submitted in a sealed cover addressed to the Chairman, Karachi Port Trust, Karachi, and superscribed "Tender for Port Trust Loan."

Forms of tender can be obtained on application to the Manager and Secretary, Karachi Port Trust, and to the Bank of Bombay, Bombay or Karachi.

Tenderers may pay their instalments into the Bank of Bombay, Bombay or Karachi, to credit of the Karachi Port Trust, and forward the Bank's receipt for the amount so paid.

N. B.—TRUST FUNDS.—In accordance with the power contained in Section 20, Clause (f), of the Indian Trust Act, 1882, the Sadar Court of the Province of Sind has passed a rule declaring that Trust property consisting of money may be invested in Debentures issued by the Trustees of the Port of Karachi under the Local Authorities Loan Act, XI of 1879, or other law for the time being in force, until further order. Orders to the same effect have been passed by the Chief Courts and Authorities of Bombay, Madras, Punjab and Lower Burmah.

H. C. MULES,
Chairman,
KARACHI PORT TRUST.

PORT TRUST OFFICE,
KARACHI, 20TH JULY, 1907.

DEBENTURE LOAN, 1906.

FORM OF TENDER.

I...hereby Tender for Rupees.....................of Karachi Port Trust Debentures, and agree to pay for the same, subject to the conditions stated, at the rate of Rs.............annas...... for every hundred rupees allotted to me.

I enclose......................for Rupees.................... and engage, if my offer be accepted, in whole or in part, to pay to the account of the Trustees at the Bank of Bombay, at Bombay or Karachi, the balance of the allotment on due date.

I require the amount in...... ....Debentures of Rupees..........................each,

..........................Signature.
...............Address.

Dated,..........................

BYCULLA CLUB.

THE HALF YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of the Members of the Byculla Club, will be held at the Club House, on Wednesday, the 28th August, 1907, at 10 P. M.

FRANCIS H. TOD,
Secretary.

BYCULLA CLUB, BOMBAY,
24TH JULY, 1907.

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Messrs. G. J. KEYMER & Co. beg to offer their services as AGENTS IN ENGLAND. *Established in 1844, they have a thorough knowledge of the Markets, and experience of Eastern requirements.*

The heads of the Firm give personal supervision to all business, and with confidence invite those requiring RELIABLE AGENTS *for purchase of goods, sale of produce, or other business, to entrust their interests to them. Machinery orders are attended to by an expert.*

WHITEFRIARS STREET, LONDON. TELEGRAMS, "KEYMER, LONDON."

NOW AVAILABLE.

JOINT STOCK COMPANIES.—Proxy and Transfer Forms at Two Annas each. Special Quotations for large quantities with name of Company included. Apply at "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," Office.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL......£1,200,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL £600,000
RESERVE FUND £600,000

HEAD OFFICE:
7, BISHOPSGATE STREET WITHIN, LONDON,

BRANCHES:

Calcutta.	Delhi.	Cawnpore.	Tuticorin
Lahore.	Bombay.	Colombo.	Zanzibar.
Amritsar	Madras.	Mandalay.	Mombassa
Kurrachee.	Rangoon.	Newera Elya.	Nairobi.
Steamer Point.	Aden.	Kandy.	Chittagong
Entebbe.			

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

HARRY S. JOHNSTON,
BOMBAY. *Ag. Manager*

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL............ Yen 24,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL .... " 21,000,000
ORDINARY RESERVE FUND... " 11,050,000
SPECIAL RESERVE for SILVER FUND .... " 1,000,000
SPECIAL RESERVE FUND ...... " 2,500,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:—

London	Shanghai	Tiehling	KOBE
Lyons	Hongkong	Changchun	Osaka
New York	Hankow	Antung-Hsien	Tokyo
San Francisco	Tientsin	Ryojun (Port Arthur)	Nagasaki
Honolulu (Hawaii)	Peking	Fengtien	Bombay
	Newchwang	Liaoyang	
	Chefoo	Dairen (Dalny)	

LONDON BANKERS:—

The Bank of England; The London Joint Stock Bank, Ld.; The Union of London and Smiths Bank, Ld.; The Parr's Bank, Ld.

BOMBAY BRANCH:—

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT Accounts.

FIXED DEPOSITS on terms to be learnt on application

CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on JAPAN and the Chief Commercial places in the World

K. KODAMA,
Manager

Albert Buildings,
HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.

HEAD OFFICE ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED...Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP... " 50,00,000

DIRECTORS:

SIR SASSOON DAVID, Kt., Chairman. (Messrs Sassoon J. David and Co., (Bombay.)
SIR J. COWASJEE JEHANGIR, Kt. (Messrs Cowasjee Jehangir and Co.)
SIR FREDERICK LEIGH CROFT, Bart.
DORABJI JAMSETJI TATA, Esq., (of Messrs. Tata Sons & Co.)
GORDHANDAS KHATTAU, Esq. (Messrs Khattau Makanjee and Co., Bombay.)
LALUBHAI SAMALDAS, Esq. (Bhownuggur.)
KHETSEY KHAISEY, Esq. (Messrs. Heerjee Khetsey and Co., (Bombay.)
RAMNARAIN HURNUNDRAI, Esq., (of the firm of Hurnundrai Ramnarain, Bombay.)
JENARRAYEN HINDOOMULL DANI, Esq. (Moonim of Rajah Bahadur Sewlal Motilal Bombay.)
NOORDIN EBRAHIM NOORDIN, Esq. (Messrs. Noordin Ebrahim Noordin and Co.)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent per annum, and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Rs. 3 per half-year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.

The Banks grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon: they also undertake the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

YOU NEED NOT SUFFER FROM

NEURALGIA, Sciatica, Nervous Headache, Hemicrania, Brow-ache, Cramps, Burns, Pains in Joints and Back, Cuts, Wounds, Ring-worm, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Gout, Swellings, Scalds, Boils, Erysipelas, Chillbains, Bronchities, Stiff Neck, Sore Throat, Coughs, Colds, Mumps, Mosquitto Bites, Paralysis-Corns, Piles, Bruises, &c., &c., if you use

THILUM.

SOLD EVERY WHERE.

SOLE AGENTS, BOMBAY PRESIDENCY,
CROFT MODY & CO.,
19, BANK STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

THE ORPHEUS MUSICAL STORES.

MUSIC AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

A CHOICE AND LARGE SELECTION OF MUSIC, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS AND ACCESSORIES.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST HOUSE IN BOMBAY FOR

BAND AND STRING INSTRUMENTS of the latest style and description and of the best quality from the leading MAKERS.

COLUMBIA GRAPHOPHONES and a special assortment of RECORDS.

F. CABRAL & SON,
KALBADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

SUTTON'S SEED collections in fancy tin boxes. Vegetable and Flower. Fresh supply just received. Apply sharp to PALEKAR and Co., Sitaram Buildings, Bombay.

FOR SALE, WANTED, &c.

Daily or thrice a week.—First Three Insertions—Four Annas per line; Fourth and Subsequent Insertions—Two Annas per line. Twice or Once a week.—First Three Insertions—Four Annas per line; Fourth and Subsequent Insertions—Three Annas per line. Minimum Charge Rs. 2.

WANTED.

AN experienced 1st Class MECHANICAL ENGINEER, for a Mill in Mofussil. Apply personally with certificates to HIRACHAND DEVCHAND, No. 60-62, 2nd Floor, Chipi Chawl, opposite Mulji Jetha's Market.

WANTED IN POONA.—A fully qualified GOVERNESS, educated in Europe, Church of England, with previous experience, for one girl of ten; entire charge.

English subjects, French drawing Piano.

Apply with full particulars and testimonials, stating salary to—

MRS. R. R.,
Care of this Paper.

WANTED.

GOOD SHORTHAND WRITER and TYPIST temporary for eight months.

Pay Govt. Rs. 80 per mensem. Knowledge of Urdu desirable. Apply—

FINANCIAL SECRETARY,
Hyderabad, Deccan.

VALUABLE BUILDING PLOTS TO LET at Clerk Road for 999 years. For particulars apply to—

RAGHUNATH MUKUND & Co.,
Architects, Engineers and Surveyors.
91 MEADOW STREET.

TO BE LET.

THE SOUTH BRITISH INSURANCE CO. will REMOVE about July or August next to larger Offices, and they desire TO SUB-LET their present Offices, from that date.

For particulars of Rent, &c., apply to—

THE MANAGER,
South British Insurance Co.,
Sirdars' Palaces, Apollo Street.

TO BE LET spacious SHOPS, OFFICES and RESIDENTIAL FLATS in Waterloo Mansions, opposite the Wellington Fountain.

Excellent situation for business purposes as well as Residential Quarters.

Complete Electric light and fan installation, and two lifts. Ground Floor, Shops from Rs. 350 to Rs. 600.

First and Second Floors either for Offices or Residences.

Third and Fourth Floors for Residences from Rs. 165 to 270.

The Building is expected to be ready in a few months.

For Particulars apply to—

P. J. BILIMORIA,
Navsari Buildings, Fort.

FOR SALE.

1. H. J. WESTS' Patent Ether Process Ice Factory; Capacity ten tons per day; mould system complete with Boilers, Engine, Pumps, &c.; in good working order.

2. One Rushworth Bro.'s patent Stone Cutting Machine with Engine, Boiler, &c., in good working order.

3. One Pulsometer with 4" suction and delivery

For further particulars, apply to—

JAMES MACKINTOSH & Co.,
Apollo Street, Fort,
Bombay.

FOR
PAULINS
GROUND SHEETS
and every description of
WATERPROOF CANVAS.
Apply to
W. CROWDER & Co., LD.,
37, Apollo Street, BOMBAY.

S. R. BOTTLEWALLA & Co.,

(ESTABLISHED 1886)

Transact every kind of Personal Agency, particularly—

HOUSE, LAND, AND ESTATE AGENCY.—A Register kept of Houses, &c., wanted, and of all properties in the Market, which affords the best means of meeting the requirements of VENDORS, PURCHASERS, and all who wish to HIRE or LET HOUSES, OFFICES, &c.

ADVANCES on fixed and equitable mortgages, (deposit of title deeds).

LOANS on every description of tangible or good personal security. Secrecy and dispatch guaranteed.

GOVERNMENT PAPER, Stocks and Shares, bought and sold, and advice given as to investments.

RECOVERY OF OUTSTANDINGS, RENT and DEBTS collected and recovered.

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FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCES effected with the best Offices and at the most favourable rates.

CHARGES: Moderate. TERMS on Application.

Save time, trouble, money, and temper, by sending all your orders and commissions to S. R. BOTTLEWALLA & Co.

OFFICES;
17, BANK STREET, FORT, BOMBAY (over Crawford & Co.)

PRATT'S MOTOR-CAR SPIRIT.

DEODORISED NAPTHA OR GASOLINE

BEST for Motor-Cars, Bicycles, and Tricycles also for Naptha Lamps.

Owners of Motor-Cars, &c., should insist on getting this and no other. Can be obtained from all leading dealers in Motor-Cars. Imported by

STANDARD OIL Co., of New York,
31, Hornby Road, Bombay

AN ANNOUNCEMENT.

A. FREDOON & Co., Alice Buildings, Hornby Road, beg to announce to their numerous customers that they have opened a branch,

LADIES' DRESS MAKING AND TAILORING

Department, in a shop next door.

GRAND ECONOMICAL SALE.

FURTHER REDUCTION.

	Rs.	a.
10 doz. Ladies' Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats ....each Re. 1 to	5	0
20 doz. Ladies' Motor Cap .... each	0	12
15 doz. Ladies' Sola Hats ....each Re. 1 to	2	0
40 doz. Ladies' Leather Belts...each Ans. 10 to	1	2
100 doz. Ladies' Cotton and Woolen Vests each Ans. 3 to	1	0
10 doz. Ladies' Lace Collars ...each Ans. 10 to	2	0
50 doz. Ladies' Umbrellas ......each Re. 1-6 to	3	0
20 doz. Ladies' Silk Mittins ....per pair	0	14
5000 doz. yds. Cotton Fancy and Torchon Lace ....per doz. yds. Ans. 8 to	3	0
500 doz. Gents' Silk Ties ....each Ans. 2 to	0	6
50 doz. French Braces ....each	0	8
30 doz. Khaki Pigstickers...each Rs. 1-12... to	2	12
20 doz. Botors ....each Re. 1 to	1	12
150 doz. Evening Caps ....each Ans. 6 to	0	8
300 doz. Cotton and Woolen Socks......per pair Ans. 4 to	0	12
400 doz. Cotton and Woolen Stockings...per doz. Rs. 4 to	15	0
34 doz. Best Cawnpore Twill Shirts ...per doz. Rs. 9 to	15	0

THE PARISIAN MILLINERY MART,
SITARAM BUILDING, BOMBAY.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,

BUYING AGENTS. PRODUCE AGENTS.

BUYING DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. having for many years been large Exporters to the East of HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, offer their services to firms abroad.

CATALOGUES OR QUOTATIONS FURNISHED. CLOSEST PRICES ASSURED.

PRODUCE DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & Co. [illegible] to the Sale of EASTERN PRODUCE on commission.

GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS carefully conducted. Correspondence Invited.

CODES USED—A1, A.B.C., International, Private, &c.

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88 FENCHURCH STREET, LONDON, E.C.

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Oculists and Scientific Refractionists

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The first and only firm

Who offer their patrons **Free Services** of a duly **qualified Ophthalmic Surgeon** from **various Eye Hospitals** of **Europe.**

PHIROZE M. DASTOOR

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST.

(**Late Partner,** D. M. DASTOOR & Co.)

With 16 Years' Practical Experience,

Holds **Exceptional Testimonials** from the Hon'ble Sir Lawrence Jenkins, the Hon. Mr. Justice Batty, Mrs. Batty, Lt.-Col Peters, M.B., I.M.S., and other high personages

STOCK :—LATEST AND MOST PERFECT MAKE.
PRICES :—EXTREMELY MODERATE.

MOTORS.

HILL, SAWYER & CO.,
MEADOW STREET,
BOMBAY.

Supply
Silent Sunbeams
Darracq
Horbick
and
all
othe
tested
make
of
CARS.

Repairs
by
European
Workmen.

Accessories:
Petrol
Oils
Grease
Tyres
Tubes
Etc.

HILL, SAWYER & CO.,
MEADOW STREET,
BOMBAY.

MARTIN'S
APIOL & STEEL PILLS
for Ladies.
A French Remedy for all Irregularities.
Thousands of Ladies always keep a box of Martin's Pills in the house, so that on the first sign of any Irregularity of the System a timely dose may be administered. Those who use them recommend them, hence the enormous sale. At all Chemists and Stores, or post free 3/- from [illegible]STIN, Pharm. Chemist. SOUTHAMPTON, ENGLAND.

You want beautiful teeth
—for health's sake, for beauty's sake. It is quite easy to have pure white and beautiful teeth; to keep them in perfect condition; arrest decay.
All you require is a good brush and
Rowland's Odonto
"For Your Teeth."
It thoroughly cleanses the teeth and leaves a delightful fragrance in the mouth. It contains no grit.
Buy it, because it's best. 2/9 at your own chemists. Rowland and Sons, 67, Hatton Garden, London, E.C.

SWAN
Registered Trade Mark

No. 600.

GOLD & Co.
BIRMINGHAM,
ENGLAND.
Patent Wrought
IRON & STEEL
HINGES
ARE THE
CHEAPEST
AND
BEST IN THE MARKET.
None are genuine except with the "Swan" Trade Mark.
Indentors can obtain same through all respectable British Merchants.
Also Makers of No. Rivd. Butts.

HYDRAULIC PRESSES
FOR PACKING COTTON, WOOL, &c,
EDWIN MILLS & SON,
HUDDERSFIELD, England.

Alarming Increase in Baldness
A REMEDY OFFERED
Which possesses all the elements that go to produce a good head of hair. Its powerful, stimulating properties go straight to the hair roots, giving them a life and vigour they never knew before. And life and vigour to the roots mean more hair, stronger hair, better hair. It will assuredly do all this for YOU, as it has done for thousands of others.

EDWARDS'
"HARLENE" FOR THE HAIR
The Great Hair Producer & Restorer.
The Finest Dressing. Specially Prepared and Delicately Perfumed. A Luxury and a Necessity to every Modern Toilet.

Mr. HARRY DE WINDT,
The Great Explorer, writes:
"I think it right to tell you that on my return from my recent Land Expedition from Paris to New York, I was practically bald; the few hairs I had left were rapidly coming out. I have only used your 'HARLENE' FOR TWO MONTHS and am perfectly astounded at its marvellous results. My hair has ceased dropping out, and is growing again quite thickly."

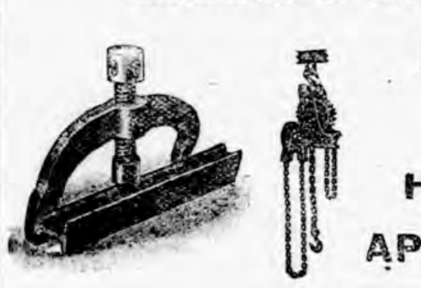
1/-, 2/6 & 4/6 per Bottle, from Chemists and Stores all over the world, or sent direct on receipt of Postal Order.

—EDWARDS'—
BRILLIANTINE
Trade "UZON" Mark.
Of Exquisite Delicacy
A Superior Tonic for Dry Hair, Beard and Moustache.
For making the Hair Rich, Luxuriant and Brilliant.
1/- & 2/6
per bottle, post paid.

—EDWARDS'—
"CREMEX"
Shampoo Powder.
A delightful Preparation for washing and thoroughly cleansing the Hair and Scalp. Permanently Removes Scurf, Dandruff, etc. Makes the Hair Soft, Pliable and Glossy.
Powders 3d. each. Box of Four 1/- Post Paid

EDWARDS' "HARLENE" CO., —95 & 96,— High Holborn, London, W.C.

THERE IS NO DOUBT
THAT
where Eno's 'Fruit Salt' has been taken in the earliest stages of a disease it has in innumerable instances prevented a serious illness. The effect of
ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT'
upon any disordered, sleepless, or feverish condition is simply marvellous and unsurpassed. In fact it
IS
NATURE'S OWN REMEDY
CAUTION.—*Examine the Capsule and see that it is marked ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT,' otherwise you have the sincerest form of flattery—IMITATION.*
Prepared only by J. C. ENO, Ltd., 'FRUIT SALT' WORKS, London, S.E., Eng., by J. C. ENO'S Patent.
Sold by Chemists and Stores everywhere.



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BIRMINGHAM ENGLAND.
LIFTING
AND
HOISTING
APPLIANCES.
WRITE FOR CATALOGUE NO. 75.

USE ONLY and USE ALWAYS
ATKINSON'S
A LUXURIOUS PERFUME IN HEALTH.
MOST REFRESHING.
Far Superior to the German Kinds.
A NECESSARY RESTORATIVE IN SICKNESS.
EAU DE COLOGNE

GOOLAMHOOSEIN ALLIBHOY & SONS
Arms and Ammunition Merchants,
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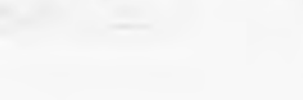
ONE of the largest and well-known dealers in sporting Guns, Rifles, Revolvers, Pisto and every description of ammunition.
Made by Westley Richard, Reilly, G. E. Lewis, W. W. Greener, Webley's Remington G. Buchill, Winchester, Browning's Patent, Manlicher Mouser and Savage Arms Co.
All our cartridges are loaded by an expert. Trial order solicited.
Price Lists Free on application.



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The Physician's Cure for Gout, Rheumatic Gout and Gravel.
The Universal Remedy for Acidity of the Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Sour Eructations, Bilious Affections.
Safest and most Effective Aperient for Regular Use.
DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA
MAGNESIA

INSURANCES.

THE DEMAND
FOR
STANDARD
POLICIES.

EVERY YEAR since 1865 the NEW BUSINESS has exceeded £1,000,000 sums assured PER ANNUM—a result maintained uninterruptedly for so long a period by

NO OTHER BRITISH OFFICE.

NEW POLICIES IN 1906
ISSUED FOR.......................£2,384,400
ACCUMULATED FUNDS £11,750,000
ASSURANCES IN FORCE £29,222,600

ASK FOR THE 1906
PROSPECTUS containing
the LATEST RATES and NEW SCHEMES, obtainable from
F. A. PREVOST,
Secretary, Bombay Branch.
BINNY & Co., Ltd.,
Chief Agents, Madras.

THE
ORIENTAL
GOVERNMENT SECURITY
LIFE ASSURANCE
COMPANY, LIMITED.

Established 1874.

FUNDS OVER Rs. 2,75,00,000
INVESTMENTS IN
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
and lodged with the
OFFICIAL TRUSTEE OF BOMBAY.

The Premiums are based upon the Company's actual experience, being the lowest with safety and so the most advantageous to all assurers

For Prospectus containing all particulars apply to
R. PATERSON BROWN,
Manager, BOMBAY.

EMPIRE OF INDIA
LIFE ASSURANCE
COMPANY, LD.
Head Office: BOMBAY.

ILLUSTRATIVE TABLE.
Showing the Annual Premium payable for various kinds of Policies.
WITH PROFITS.

Age next Birth day.	ASSURANCES OF Rs. 1000 PAYABLE AT DEATH.				ENDOWMENT ASSURANCES OF Rs. 1000			Age next Birthday.
	Whole Life Premiums.	Premiums Limited to			Payable at Death or at the end of			
		10 years.	15 years.	20 years.	15 years.	20 years.	25 years.	
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	
20	21 10	48 8	36 6	30 7	64 5	47 6	37 11	20
25	24 2	52 5	39 4	33 0	64 13	48 0	38 7	25
30	27 4	56 13	42 13	36 0	65 10	49 0	39 11	30
35	31 5	62 4	47 1	39 12	66 13	50 8	41 10	35
40	36 11	68 12	52 5	44 9	68 11	52 14	44 10	40
45	43 14	76 7	58 12	...	71 11	56 13	...	45

Detailed Prospectus and Balance Sheet on Application.
E. F. ALLUM,
General Manager.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

FIRE ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY LIFE

FIRE DEPARTMENT.
Every Class of Business Transacted at Lowest Rates.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.
New Prospectus just Issued containing
LARGELY REDUCED RATES.

Application for Agencies in unrepresented Mofussil Centres invited.
Apply for Particulars.
BRANCH OFFICE: AGENTS:
SECY. C. M. ROSS, T. H. MOORE & Co
ROYAL INSURANCE BUILDING, HUMMUM STREET.
42/48, *Church Gate Street*,
BOMBAY

THE NAZARETH
CONVENT HIGH SCHOOL,
OOTACAMUND.

UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE LADIES OF THE
"FRANCISCAINES MISSIONNAIRES DE MARIE."

THE COURSE OF EDUCATION for all Classes includes the subjects required for the Public Examinations of the Indian Government. Pupils are also prepared for the Local Cambridge Examinations.

Instruction in Singing, Musical Drill, and Needlework, both Fancy and Plain, is given to all Classes.

A Special Class, for Children of Ladies, is also held or Reserved Class Boarders.

TERMS ON APPLICATION TO
THE LADY SUPERIOR,
The NAZARETH CONVENT HIGH SCHOOL
OOTACAMUND, NILGHERRIES

WONDER! Machine in perfect use for 22 years, Singer's Hand Machine, valued Rs. 50, which is in use in my house for past 22 years has given me every satisfaction and I recommend it to any one requiring a good substantial and easy going Machine—G. D. Nariman, Hydrabad Deccan.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

STOLEN.

WITH reference to the advertisement which appeared in this Paper on the 20th and 27th March and 3rd April, 1906, regarding STOLEN CERTIFICATES for 64 Shares of the Bank of Bombay, standing in the name of the late MR. DADABHOY BOMANJEE JEEJEEBHOY, Notice is hereby given that particulars of the Certificate for the undernoted one Share were incorrectly given and should have been stated as follows:—

Number of Share Certificates	In whose name originally issued.	Number of Shares.	Numbers.
9113	Dadabhoy Bomonjee Jeejeebhoy.	1	14225

FRAMJEE BOMANJEE JEEJEEBHOY,
FURDOONJEE BOMANJEE JEEJEEBHOY,
BARJORJEE DADABHOY B. JEEJEEBHOY,
Executors to the Estate of the late
DADABHOY BOMANJEE JEEJEEBHOY.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT FORT WILLIAM IN BENGAL.
MATRIMONIAL JURISDICTION.
ZOE KATHLEEN DEASE.....................Petitioner.
Vs.
GEORGE ROBERT MAITLAND DEASE.Respondent.

NOTICE.

TO GEORGE ROBERT MAITLAND DEASE, the Respondent abovenamed.

WHEREAS ZOE KATHLEEN DEASE NEE WATSON, residing at No. 4, Tottie's Lane, in Calcutta, the Petitioner abovenamed, has filed a Petition against you *in forma pauperis*, praying for the dissolution of her marriage with you on the grounds of desertion and bigamy with adultery, and for alimony, for custody of the child, and for the costs of this Suit.

Take Notice, therefore, that you are required within 32 (thirty-two) clear days from the service upon you of the Summons issued herein to file your answer and appear in person, before the Honourable High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, on the day immediately following the expiration of such time, then and there, to make answer to the said Petition. In default of your so appearing on the day mentioned, the matters of the said Petition will be heard and determined in your absence.

Witness the Honorable ROBERT FULTON, RAMPINI, Acting Chief Justice, at Fort William aforesaid, the 10th day of June 1907.

CARRUTHERS & CO.,
Attorneys, for the Petitioner abovenamed.

THE JAMES GREAVES MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an INSTALMENT on account of and in anticipation of a Dividend at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum for the half-year ended 30th June 1907, has been declared and made PAYABLE on and after the 19th August, 1907, to SHAREHOLDERS whose names are on the Register on the 12th August, 1907.

NOTICE is also given that the TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 12th to 17th August, 1907, both days inclusive.

By Order,
GREAVES, COTTON & Co.,
Secretaries, Managers and Agents.
BOMBAY, 30TH JULY, 1907.

THE CONNAUGHT MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an INSTALMENT on account of and in anticipation of a Dividend at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum or Rs. 25 per share formerly of Rs. 500 paid up, and Rs. 12-8 per Share formerly of Rs. 250 paid up for the half-year ended 30th June 1907, has been declared and made Payable on and after the 19th August 1907 to Shareholders whose names are on the Register on the 12th August 1907.

NOTICE is also given that the TRANSFER BOOKS will be COLSED from the 12th to 17th August 1907 both days inclusive.

By Order,
GREAVES, COTTON & Co.,
Agents.
BOMBAY, 30TH JULY, 1907.

THE EMPRESS SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an INSTALMENT on account of, and in anticipation of a Dividend at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum for the half year ended 30th June 1907, has been declared and made Payable on and after the 10th August 1907 to Shareholders whose names are on the Register on the 12th August 1907.

Notice is also given that the Transfer Books will be Closed from the 12th to 17th August 1907, both days inclusive.

By Order,
GREAVES, COTTON & Co.,
Secretaries, Managers and Agents.
BOMBAY, 30TH JULY, 1907.

THE HOWARD AND BULLOUGH MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an INSTALMENT on account of, and in anticipation of a Dividend at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum for the half year, ended 30th June 1907, has been declared and made payable on and after the 19th August 1907, to Shareholders whose names are on the Register on the 12th August 1907.

NOTICE is also given that the Transfer Books will be Closed from the 12th to 17th August 1907, both days inclusive.

By Order,
GREAVES, COTTON & Co.,
Agents.
BOMBAY, 30TH JULY, 1907.

THE IMPERIAL COTTON MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an INSTALMENT on account of, and in anticipation of a Dividend, at the rate of 6 per cent per annum for the half-year ended 30th June 1907, has been declared and made Payable on and after the 19th August 1907, to Shareholders whose names are on the Register on the 12th August 1907.

NOTICE is also given that the TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 12th to 17th August 1907, both days inclusive.

By Order,
GREAVES, COTTON & CO.,
Secretaries, Managers and Agents.
BOMBAY, 30TH JULY, 1907.

THE LEOPOLD SPINNING, BLEACHING, AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an INSTALMENT on a count of, and in anticipation of a Dividend, at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum for the half-year ended 30th June 1907, has been declared and made Payable on and after the 19th August 1907, to Shareholders whose names are on the Register on the 12th August 1907.

NOTICE is also given that the Transfer Books will be Closed from the 12th to 17th August 1907, both days inclusive.

By Order,
GREAVES, COTTON & Co.,
Secretaries, Managers and Agents.
BOMBAY, 30TH JULY, 1907.

POONA SEASON.

THIS is to Notify that the "Bombay Gazette" may be obtained from
SHEIKH ABDULLA MAHOMED,
Newspaper Agent,
MAIN STREET, POONA.
Annual Subscription Rs. 30,
inclusive of Delivery Charges.

FOR SALE.
BOILER AND ENGINE.
A PORTABLE LOCO-TYPE BOILER, with Engine, by Ransomes Head and Jefferies in good condition. May be seen by appointment Apply to "B G.," care of this Office.

HYDERABAD NEWS AND NOTES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

HYDERABAD, DECCAN, JULY 29.

THE REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

The retirement of two of our Subadars, which had been under consideration for some time, has been settled by a Firman issued by His Highness this morning. Navab Muktadir-ud-Daula, Bahadur, Subadar of Pattancheru, who is, perhaps, the oldest servant of the State (having entered the service about forty-two years ago, in the beginning of 1275 F.), has been succeeded by Nawab Framroz Jung, Bahadur, First Talukdar of Raichur; and Nawab Burzor Jung, Bahadur, First Talukdar of Indore, succeeds Nawab Moin Gar-ed-Daula, Bahadur, as Subadar of Aurangabad. Both are officiating appointments, which is more or less a matter of form, as usually such appointments are eventually made permanent. Nawab Framroz Jung is considered specially fortunate in having secured His Highness' patronage, as it is not long since that he was connected with an official *cause celebre*, which attracted considerable public attention and resulted in his exoneration; while the other, Nawab Burzor Jung, is quite a familiar figure in the District of Indur, of which he has been the administrative officer with marked success during this last decade—ever since he was appointed to a First Talukdarship. The head-quarters of the District is now regarded as one of the most important leading centres in the Dominions, both commercially and socially, and the credit of this happy change is not a little due to the exertions of the Nawab Burzor Jung, regarding whose personality it will be quite sufficient to say that he is a brother of Nawab Faridoon Jung, Bahadur, and has a great deal of his brother's genial charm of manner.

THE POSTAL DEPARTMENT.

His Highness' Government is now evincing a very laudable interest in the working and improvement of the Postal Department. A number of reforms has been introduced since the advent of our new Post Master General, Mr. Knox Homan, and many others are said to be on the official anvil. The Government has now desired Mr. Homan to keep it informed in his inspection reports of all matters, that come under his observation with a view to facilitate the passing of orders when they come up formally for consideration.

REGISTRATION.

On the suggestion of the Inspector-General of Registration, that the fees levied by the Registration officers of the Government are very high and entirely disproportionate to the income under that head, the Government has been pleased to reduce the same from two-thirds and one-half to one-half and one-third in the respective items mentioned in the Act. This will, to some extent, curtail the expenditure from the Treasury and may also promote work.

THE RESIDENCY.

Captain Wilson has been appointed to the office of Second Assistant Resident, and is expected to arrive here from the North-West Frontier and take over charge of his duties in the course of the current week. Lieutenant Scrafton has taken over charge of his duties as Assistant Cantonment Magistrate, Secunderabad. He has been vested with the powers of a Third Class Magistrate and with the civil jurisdiction of disposing of cases up to the value of Rs. 100. He is at present holding Court for two days in the week at Bolarum, and on the remaining days at Secunderabad. The work entrusted to him, especially in civil cases, is considered to be very little, and it is hoped that it will be increased at the earliest opportunity. It will then relieve the District Judge of a portion of the work on his heavy file.

VAKILS IN PRIVATE SERVICE.

Anent the recommendation of the High Court to Government regarding the desirability of legislation against the system of practising Pleaders holding simultaneously appointments in the service of noblemen and jagirdars, although no steps have yet been taken by the Government in its Legislative Department, His Excellency the Minister has given a lesson to his Jagirdar friends by taking the initiative in the matter, Moulvie Abdul Bakor Khan Saheb, a leading Vakil of the High Court, who was the Secretary in the Administration of His Excellency's private jagirs, having been allowed to resign, and the work done by him has been distributed amongst the other officials. The Moulvie Saheb has been in His Excellency's service for a long time and has done a good deal of useful work, and therefore his abrupt resignation has created much disturbance in the general management of the Peshkari Estate. The thanks of the profession and of the public are all the more due to His Excellency for the step he has taken, and it is hoped that other noblemen who are likewise holding important positions in the Government or about His Highness' person will follow the example. A Revenue Officer of good experience and approved merit would practically be of more help to our noblemen here in putting their affairs straight than a professional lawyer, whose time would necessarily be divided. Above all, no small amount of scandal would be avoided.

NAWAB SULTAN-UL-MULK, BAHADUR.

It is very much to be deplored that the health of the Nawab Sultan-ul-Mulk is causing the greatest anxiety to his friends and relations. The delirium, brought on by the fever from which he has suffered, has very much upset him, and the leading doctors of the station who are in attendance on him have not been able to produce any good results yet. He is now at the Begumpet Palace, where he is taken care of by those specially approved by His Highness.

FOREIGN CABLE COMMUNICATION.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

Great Britain.	Continent of Europe.	America.	Australia.	China.	Africa.
Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Brest Perfect	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Aden Perfect.
Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Valentia Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Cadiz Teneriffe Perfect.
Via Suez Perfect	Via Suez Perfect.	Via Direct Cable Perfect.	....	Via Bhamo Perfect.	Via Lisbon St Vincent Perfect.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 2nd August 1907.

Difference in longitude allowed for.

Via	LATEST DATES.			TIME OCCUPIED IN TRANSMISSION.	
	D.	H.	M.	Hrs.	Mts.
Suez............	2	2	45 p m	0	10
Turkey	2	10	20 a m	3	5
Teheran........	2	1	35 p m	1	33

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours ending 8 p. m., 2nd Aug. 1907.

	Latest Date	Maximum Time.		Minimum Time.	
		Hrs.	Mts.	Hrs.	Mts.
From Calcutta....	2nd Aug. 1907.	1	51	0	8
Karachee ..	Ditto	0	17	0	5
Madras	Ditto	0	22	0	9

NOTICES.

The Anglo-American Company notify that service gunboats between Trinidad and Amacura for telegrams destined for Venezuela has again been suspended (27-6-06).

Turkish route right (2-8-07).

Floriline:—For the Teeth and Breath.—A few drops of the liquid Floriline sprinkled on a wet tooth brush produce a pleasant lather which throughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Floriline" being composed in parts of Honey and sweet herbs is delicious to the taste and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale depot, 33, Farringdon Road, London, England

OXYGEN AND MOTOR RACING.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I am pleased to note that others are at last in accord with me. I made great attempts last year to have the use of oxygen and such aids to speed prohibited, but received very little support or sympathy from other competitors, and it was not until the Crystal Palace Automobile Club held hill climbs, flexibility competitions and speed tests where oxygen, etc., was prohibited, that cars had the opportunity of showing their true form.

I wrote to the Secretary of the Royal Automobile Club so recently as June 12th, as the Club instead of absolutely prohibiting the use of oxygen, actually allowed it in the Henry Edmund's Hill Climb. The extract from my letter to the Club was as follows:—

"In the Henry Edmund's Hill Climb a similar unsatisfactory state of affairs is also in existence, except that it seems in some way worse, apparently any sort of fuel is allowed, and competitors can use picric acid, oxygen or any other illegal aids to speed; some of the cars are limited in H. P. and others are pratically unlimited, and in fact it seemed so doubtful as to what one car really developed in the way of horse power that the R. A. C. itself failed even to rate it."

On June 18th, I wrote to Mr. Rodakowski, of the Brooklands Club, on the same subject, as it appeared to me from the Rules that oxygen would be allowed, and I thought it was a very great pity. My letter to him read as follows:—

"Would you please tell me if you are going to confine the fuel at Brooklands to ordinary petrol or motor spirit, and are you going to prohibit the use of oxygen and things of this sort? Would you mind letting me know definitely on this point and oblige."

His reply was as follows:—

"In reply to your enquiry as to whether the fuel will be confined to ordinary petrol and oxygen prohibited, I beg to say that no regulation deals with this question, and that entrants will, therefore, be entitled to use the fuel they wish, so far at least, as the races on July 6th are concerned. (Signed) E. de Rodakowski."

At Brooklands, on July 6th, I spoke to Lord Montagu and Lord Stanley, two influential members of the Committee of the Booklands Club, on the whole subject, in the hope that I could induce them to move in the matter and prohibit the use of oxygen, and I trust this will be done before the next Races.

Up to the present, the Royal Automobile Club, with all the arguments I can advance against oxygen, will not prohibit it in some of their competitions, and the same remarks apply to the Brooklands First Meeting. There is no advantage in using it, as, naturally, everybody can do so and it simply puts everyone on an equality; it causes more trouble in racing and much more uncertainty; there can be no good argument for its use.

I have had most careful tests carried out, and can speak from experience that its use, or the use of any similar thing for the some purpose, should be absolutely prohibited in all motor car competitions. In the past we have seen motor cars winning races which could not do anything like so well in the hands of ordinary users, and it was after making careful experiments, that I realised what was being done. In all touring competitions in which Napier cars have taken part, I have expressly run the cars without the use of oxygen.

I trust now that my business opponents are agreeing with my campaign against oxygen, sufficient weight will be brought to bear from competitors to make the use of oxygen illegal.

It is clear from the foregoing, that Mr. Jarrott's letter is a very unhappy one and most unsportsmanlike, his innuendos uncalled for against his more successful competitors, and arising through his ignorance of the conditions or lack of studying them—

Yours, etc.

S. F. EDGE.

M. COLLIN DE PLANCY, French Minister to Siam, has, at his own request, been placed on the unemployed list. M. Margeris, French delegate on the Danube Commission, will fill his place at Bangkok, and will in turn be succeeded by M. Gabriel Deville, French Minister to Abyssinia, the post thus rendered vacant at Addis Ababa being conferred on M. Brice, head of the Tunis Department at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

HOMELY CHAT ABOUT ACCIDENTS.

Points You Should Note.

Scarcely a day passes without some member of the family getting hurt. May-be the bread-winner's work makes him peculiarly liable to cuts or lacerations; the boisterous youngsters are always running in to mother with bumps and bruises; and housework abounds with painful knocks, burns, scalds, and sprains for the fair sex.

Prudent is the man who keeps a box of Zam-buk handy in his desk-drawer, in his tool-chest, or in his pocket. And far-seeing is the housewife who takes care to keep the home constantly supplied with this pure and effective first-aid.

Promptly dressing an injury with Zam-buk means speedy relief from smarting pain. That's why the children like it. But it means much more—that your hurt will heal up quickly and perfectly, without festering, without gathering, and without harbouring disease germs which, without Zam-buk, might breed with incredible rapidity and spread pestilence through the tissue. That's why the "grown-ups" like it—why Zam-buk has been officially adopted by ambulance experts, nurses, and public first-aid organisations.

The secret of Zam-buk's clean and painless healing lies in the fact that it imitates Nature's own "healing by first intention." It is composed of pure vegetable saps and juices, so highly refined and so scientifically combined and concentrated, that they sink into every nook and crevice of a wound, as well as through the pores of the skin round about, soothing the pain and allaying inflammation by effective antiseptic and germicidal action.

Then Zam-buk actually helps to knit the flesh together, or to build new cells of healthy skin in the place, acting just as Nature herself would act if the unnatural conditions of modern life didn't prevent her—or if thoughtless people didn't handicap her work by using impure ointments, salves and embrocations made of rancid animal fats and of mineral drugs.

Pin your faith to Zam-buk, the "natural" healing balm, and keep a box always handy for the accidents that will so happen. It costs one-and-three halfpence or two-and-nine per box, of all chemists or post free from the Zam-buk Co. Head Indian Depot, 9, Dalhousie Sq. The large box contains nearly four times as much as the small one.

FREE SAMPLE COUPON.
Cut out this coupon and forward it together with one anna stamp to the Zam-Buk Co.'s Head Indian Depot, 9, Dalhousie Square, Calcutta, to obtain a dainty free sample box of Zam-Buk.
Write address clearly.
"Bombay Gazette," 3rd Aug., 1907.

Zam-Buk
"RUB IT IN."

THE LATEST VALUATION
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NORWICH UNION MUTUAL LIFE OFFICE
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and enabled the Directors to declare a REVERSIONARY BONUS in the New Series equivalent to 33% of the Premiums paid on each policy during the Quinquennium, as compared with 27% in 1896 and 30% in 1901. This is the
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O. C. B. WIMBUSH, MANAGER,
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COMMERCIAL NEWS.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, *August* 1.] [BOMBAY, *August* 2.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
2½ per cent. Consols	82 13/16		1/4
3 do. Rentes	95		1/4
3½ do. Sterling Loan	97 3/4	un	chgd
2½ do. Govt Securities	64 5/8	un	chgd
Bar Silver in London	32 1/16	1/8	
Do. do. 2 months' hence	32	1/16	
Do. in New York	69 5/8	1/8	
Exchange on London at Paris	25·15 1/2	un	chgd
Do. do. do. Berlin	20·43 1/2	1/4	
Do. do. do. New York	4·86 7/8		1/8
Discount Bank of England Rate	4°/o	Since	25 Apl
Do. Short London Bills, 3 months' sight	3 3/4	1/8	
Do. Indian Bank Bills, 6 months' sight	4 1/8	un	chgd
Do. 3 Months' Fine Trade Bills	4	un	chgd
Do. 6 Months' Fine Trade Bills	4 3/8	un	chgd
Interest Day-to-day Loans	2 5/8		3/8
Do. 7-day Market Loans	2 7/8		1/8

Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate)... 1*s*. 3 29/32*d*.
Bills on Madras ...Rs. 1,50,000 at 1*s*. 4 1/16*d*.

THE BANK OF ENGLAND RETURNS for the week ending yesterday show the following results :—

Total Bullion	...£35,800,000	Dec.	£6,00,000
Public Deposits	...£ 8,700,000	Inc.	£6,00,000
Other Deposits	...£43,400,000	Dec.	£2,600,000
Government Securities	£16,100,000	Dec.	£5,00,000
Other Securities	...£29,700,000	Dec.	£4,00,000
Notes and Gold	...£24,400,000	Dec.	£1,100,000

The Bank's Reserve is 47o/o of the Liabilities.

COTTON.

Liverpool—

Spots	...Moderate demand.
Futures	...Steady.
East Indian	...Steady
Manchester	...Steady
Total Sales	...7,000
Sold on Speculation and for Export	... 500
Imports	...1,000
Mid-Americans	...7·26+02
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown	... 10 13/16 unchgd

Future Delivery Prices—

Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
6·77 +05	6·64 +06	6·58 +06	6·55 +06

Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apl.	Apl.-May
6·54 +06	6·53 +05	6·54 +06	6·55 +06	6·56 +06

New York:—

Spot Cotton—12·00 unchanged.

Futures—Month of Dec. 12·03+03 }
Futures—Month of March Mutilated } Advanced early owing to firm cables and partially declined later in consequence of bulls' unloading.

New Orleans—

Spot Cotton—12¾—unchanged
Futures—Month of October.—12·24+02
Do. do. December.—12·19
Closing Tone of Futures.—Quiet.

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—
Brown Cawnpore—54¼ August-September—Antwerp—buyers—Canal.

Linseed :—
Bombay, per 416 lbs., ex-ship Mutilated.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Coffee :—
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality) 6⅜ unchanged.

Sugar—
German granulated Sugar, double bags, C. and F. India 12*s*. 4½*d*.
Months of Shipment.—October-December.
Tone of Sugar—Sellers.

Metals :—

Copper Braziers	£ 105
Yellow Metal	*d*. 8⅛

FREIGHT—
Coals Cardiff to Bombay Canal... 9 Nominal.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Vessel.	Importer.
9 Boxes Gold Bullions	Rs. 5,32,960	London ..	Peninsular	National Bank
1 Box Gold Bullions	76,800	do	do	Yokohama Bank
1 Box Sovs	55,950	do	do	Hongkong Bank
1 Box Sovs	37,500	do	do	Chartered Bank
1 Box Gold Bullions	38,400	do	do	Bank of Bombay
1 Bundle Gold Coins Rupees	9,687 1,600	Muscat..	Kola.....	D Khimjee

BOMBAY MARKETS.

FRIDAY EVENING.] [2ND AUGUST, 1907.

FINANCIAL.

Bank Rates—

Bank of England	... 4 per cent.	from 25th April
Bank of Bombay	... 3 per cent.	„ 1st Aug.
Bank of Bengal	... 3 per cent.	„ 25th July.
Bank of Madras	... 4 per cent.	„ 9th July.

The following is the weekly statement of the Bank of Bombay for the last week as compared with the previous one :—

	Increase. Rs.	Decrease. Rs.
LIABILITIES—		
Public Deposits	......	60,10,837
Other Deposits	17,04,727	......
Sundries	43,482	......
ASSETS—		
Government Securities	5,33,662	......
Other Authorized Securities	......	35,083
Credits on Govt. and other Authorized Securities	5,66,012	......
Loans on Govt. and other Authorized Securities	......	97,279
Bills Discounted and Purchased	10,67,992	......
Bullion	......	60,574
Balance with other Banks	82,386	......
Sundries	......	60,374
Cash	......	62,59,275

Council Bills:—
At the weekly biddings on Wednesday last 40 lakhs were offered, of which amount 32·30 lakhs were allotted in bills at 1s. 4 1-32d. and 7·70 in Transfers at 1s. 4 1-16d. tenderers at this rate receiving 16·05 per cent. The total amount sold during the week ending on Tuesday last was 60·30 lakhs. Amount to be allotted next week is 40 lakhs.

Money :—
The Money Market continues very easy—much in the same condition as last reported.

Exchange :—
This market is very quiet with T. T. at 1s. 4d. Demand at 1s. 4 1/32d., and three months at 1s. 4 1/4d. There is nothing special to report.

We quote :—

T. T. on London	... 1s. 4d.
Demand Draft	... 1s. 4 1/32d.
Credits— 3 months' sight	... 1s. 4¼d.
Do. 6 months' sight	... 1s. 4 7/16d.
Do. 3 months' sight—France	170 1/4
Hongkong—30 days' sight	164 1/2
Yokohama—30 days' sight	150
Shanghai—30 days' sight	228

Government Paper :—
Little or nothing was done to-day, the market having opened at 96⅝ and 96⅛ for cash and settlement, respectively, and closed steady a sixteenth lower in both items. Calcutta remains unchanged at the former rates. We quote :—

Cash	Rs. 96·11
1st Settlement	„ 96·9

Bullion :—
The London silver market is up by 1/8 at 32 1/16 for ready and 32 for forward delivery in a month, New York reciprocating with 1/8 up at 69 5/8. The local market opened at 82 5/8 ex-duty for ready and closed at 82 11/16, the forward rates being 81 9/16 and 81 7/16 for 1st and 2nd settlement, respectively. Bar Gold is steady. We quote :—

	Rs.	A.	P.
English Bar Gold	24	1	0
Australian Bar Gold	24	0	6
Bombay Bar Gold	24	6	0
English Shield Sovereigns	15	0	0
English Dragon Sovereigns	15	0	0
Silver ex Duty—Ready	82	11	0
Ditto 1st Settlement	81	9	0
Ditto 2nd „	81	7	0

COTTON STATISTICS.

	Bales 1906-07.	Bales. 1905-06	Bales Difference
Receipts for the week.	11,223	5,632	+ 5,591
Receipts from 1st October to 1st August.	2,995,144	2,505,420	+ 489,724
Shipments for the week.			
Europe ...	16,184	13,852	+ 2,332
China ... Japan ... Coast Ports	2,463	983	+ 1,480
Total ...	18,647	14,835	+ 3,812
Total Shipments from 1st Oct to 1st Aug.			
Europe ...	1,120,183	892,199	+ 227,984
China ...	40,180	23,263	+ 16,917
Japan ...	587,230	385,921	+ 201,309
Coast Ports ...	62,388	26,081	+ 36,307
Total ...	1,809,981	1,327,464	+ 482,517
Afloat in Harbour—			
Europe...	21,017	6,402	+ 14,615
China ... Japan ... Coast Ports	2,448	6,885	— 4,437

Total Exports from Bombay by G. I. P. Ry. from 1st October to 30th June 1907—17,664 bales.

Total Exports from Bombay by B. B. & C. I. Ry. from 1st October to 18th May, 1907—19,031 bales.

RECEIPTS OF COTTON INTO BOMBAY.

	Total for week.	Total since 1st Oct. 1906	Total same time last year
Khandeish ...	478	357,035	439,817
Central India ...	492	134,523	145,167
Barsee and Nugger ...	3,133	252,162	148,321
Berars...	102	467,829	494,419
Central Provinces ...	...	308,965	358,085
Total Oomras...	4,205	1,520,514	1,585,309
Dhollera ...	1,988	338,103	188,418
Broach ...	87	278,915	211,304
Compta and Dharwar.	2,608	177,791	87,577
Westerns ...	464	14,601	24,119
Bengals, N.-W. P. ...	585	508,723	309,120
Bengals, Rajputana...	1,175	117,031	43,765
Sind ...	53	14,595	30,629
Persian ...	58	2,745	2,068
American ...	...	19,384	17,722
Egyptian ...	...	1,252	1,594
Other Sorts ...	...	1,487	3,795
Totals...	11,223	2,995,144	2,505,420

EXPORTS.

COTTON.

Market Report :—
On the whole there is little change to report in the position of the Home markets during the past week. The coming Bureau report is looked for with a considerable degree of interest and anticipated estimates of the average condition of the crop have lately come to hand from different sources. These vary from about 77 per cent. to 81 per cent. Last year the average condition for the month of July was 82·9 per cent.

We give below our usual weekly comparative statement of prices in the Home markets, from the telegrams received here last Friday and to-day.

	Last week.	This week.	Difference.
LIVERPOOL—			
Spot	7·11	7·26	+15
Futures, Aug-Sept.	6·69	6·77	+08
Do. Jan.-Feb.	6·50	6·53	+03
NEW YORK—			
Spot	12·95	13·00	+05
Futures, Dec.	11·98	12·03	+05
Do. March	New position,		
NEW ORLEANS—			
Spot	12 3/4	12 5/8	—1/8
Futures, Oct.	12·21	12·24	+03
Do. Dec.	New position.		

During the early parts of the past week there was a drop of about Rs. 3 per candy in prices for New Crop, but the market has since been steady at the decline and closes a trifle stiffer. A fair business has been done by exporters in Broach, Bengals, Khangaum Akola and Khandeish for December-January delivery and also in guaranteed Bengal for same delivery. There has been some enquiry from Japan for earlier deliveries of Wurdha, Hingunghat, Damangaum, and Khangaum, Akola, but the prices offered have been below seller's ideas and business has consequently been impracticable.

In old crop shippers have been in the market for ready cotton to a moderate extent. A fair amount of business is reported to have been done by exporters on c. f. terms in Bengals and Oomras for August-September shipment, and Coomptas, Sawginned and Bagalkot have also been placed on the same terms. Mills have been buying ready cotton quietly.

There has been more rain in the Bengal districts during the week, and crop prospects have improved. Elsewhere reports of the growing crop continue satisfactory.

NEW CROP.

	Rs.	Delivery.
Fine M. G. Broach	272	March 08
Good M. G. Broach ...Rs.	260	„
Fine „ Nagpur Kampti.. „	234	Jany. 08
„ „ Damangaum Poolgaum ... „	225/26	„
„ „ Khangaum, Akola „	217/18	„
Fine „ Amraoti	218	„
Fine „ Muttia	207	„
F.G.M.G. Khandesh ... „	199	„
Fine M. G. „ ... „	209	„
„ „ Bengals ... „	202	„
F.G.M.G. Bengals	184/5	„

OLD CROP.

Good Westerns	217/8	August
Good Saw Ginned Dharwar	248	„
Good Bagalkot	224/5	„

Liverpool Opener :—

Opening Tone	Quiet.
Estimated Sales	6,000
Total Imports	2,000

Future Delivery prices :—

Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec	Dec.-Jan
6·78 +01	6·65 +01	6·59 +01	6·55 unchgd.	6·54 unchgd.

Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-March	Mar.-Apr.	Apr.-May
6·54 +01	6·54 unchgd.	6·55 unchgd.	6·55 —01

FREIGHTS.

The market continues very firm, but shippers are unable to pay the high rates asked by sellers and only a small business has been done. [illegible] quote, August 18s.; September 17s. 6d.; October, to December 16s. 6d. to 17s. For forward January to June 16. p. p.

The only fixture reported this week is a steamer said to be the "Umgeni," from Bombay at a lump sum reported as £3,500.

Owners are very firm and owing to the high rates paid by Karachi, this port has not taken up tonnage.

Several steamers are reported as having been fixed at Karachi at rates exceeding even 18s. Karachi scale.

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Produce into Bombay during the week ended at 6 p.m. yesterday :—

Wheat	40,542	cwts.
Linseed	12,278	„
Rapeseed	30,717	„
Gingellyseed	3,085	„
Poppyseed	3,703	„
Groundnuts	893	„
Castorseed	24,180	„
Rice	8,414	„
Myrabollams	2,426	„
Cottonseed	12,523	„
Mowraseed	104,280	„
Gram	14,874	„
Joowar	5,671	„
Maize	82	„

MISCELLANEOUS.

LINSEED.—The market has been quiet during the week with only a small business passing. Holders are meeting the demand readily and prices are gradually declining. We quote :—

Ready...	Rs. 7 11 0 B. T.
September ...	„ 8 3 0 B. T.

RAPESEED.—During the early part of the week rates gave way about 3 annas per cwt : and a large business has since been done. At the close we quote in a steady market as under :—

Brown Cawnpore...	Rs. 9 3 0 B. T.
Yellow Guzerat ...	„ 10 2 0

CASTORSEED.—The market has been quiet but steady during the week with business passing at Rs. 38-8-0, at which rate we close.

COTTONSEED.—This market has also been quiet but steady and we quote at the close :—

Rs. 21 0 0

GINGELLYSEED.—There is so far little doing but the following are quotations :—

Bold White 85 p. c.	Rs. 50 0 0	Dec.-Jan.
„ „ 75 p. c.	Rs. 49 0 0	
Black Kutni	Rs. 44 0 0	
Yellow Hingunghat	Rs. 53 0 0	

WHEAT.—The market has been quiet with a small business passing at and about the following rates.

White Delhi	Rs. 5 4 9	Augt.-Sept
New „	„ 5 1 6	April-May

IMPORTS.

PIECE-GOODS.

White Goods.—The market is dull with little or no demand. Shirtings are doing well and prices are firm owing to the continued firmness in the Home markets.

Grey Goods.—The market is firm and the up-country demand is slowly improving. Owing to the strong position of the Home markets prices show an upward tendency.

White Fancies, Prints, and Dyed Goods.—The mail advices from Home report a firm market, but in the absence of parity in bazaar prices on this side business is slack, only necessary purchases being made.

Turkey Red Plain Goods.—There is no change in this market. There is no demand though Home prices continue firm.

Turkey Red Prints.—The market continues quiet owing to the absence of demand from up-country. Owing to the high prices ruling at Home little forward business can be done, but there is a tendency towards better rates here, and dealers seem more inclined to operate.

Dhooties.—We have no change to report. The market is dull, but an improvement is anticipated owing to the satisfactory rains in the districts. Home prices continue firm.

METALS.

COPPER continues weaker owing to unfavourable advices from Home, where prices have further declined to the extent of 20 per ton. The market is unsettled; and though stocks are limited consumption does not improve.

YELLOW METAL is also weak though Home prices do not show any material decline.

COAL.

COAL.—The Market has been much stronger during the past week owing to a demand on the part of consumers for near and forward shipments the same being supplemented by the acceptance, of the B. B. & C. I Ry. Coy. of their supplies for next year. A line of 6,000 tons Balliari January to June was placed at Rs. 13 8-0 per ton, while 30,000 tons of Seebpore at Rs. 14 4-0 and 30,000 ton of South African at Rs. 15-6-0 for next year's delivery changed hands. We quote as follows :—

	Rs. a. p.	
Cardiff ...	21 0 0	Per ton.
Davison's West Hartley	18 0 0	„
Yorkshire	17 8 0	„
Watson's Hartley	17 0 0	„
Desherghur	14 8 0	„
Lawrie's Desherghur	14 4 0	„
Seebpore	14 4 0	„
Jardine	14 0 0	„
Shaw's Best	14 0 0	„
Shaw's Anthracite	13 8 0	„
Shaw's Standard	13 4 0	„
Balliari	13 4 0	„

PETROLEUM.

The rates ruling to-day for the undermentioned brands are as follows :—

Burmah Oil in tins	Rs. 3 8 0 per pair.
„ Bulk	Rs. 2 14 0 per 8 gallons.
Russian Rising Sun tins	Rs. 3 13 0 per pair.
„ Bulk	Rs. 3 3 0 per 8 gallons.
Silver Light 150°	Rs. 5 2 0 per case.
Anchor cases	„ 4 8 0 per case.

SHARES.

The market is steady and prices have advanced during the week. Bombay Bank Shares have improved to Rs. 1397½; Bank of India's to Rs. 65. Indian Specie Bank are reported to have changed hands at Rs. 9 premium per share, and Bank of Madras shares at Rs. 1,115. Press shares are steady but nearly unchanged. Mofussils at Rs. 630; Indian cotton at Rs. 145. Hingolees have changed hands at Rs 136 1/4. In Miscellaneous Companies Badham Piles have changed hands at Rs. 125; Bombay Burmah's are quiet at Rs. 8,400 X. D. and quarter shares have been put through at Rs. 2,100 X. D. Bombay Flours are steady at Rs. 980. Oriental Government S. L. A. Co., Ld. Shares are steady at Rs. 150. Treacher's at Rs. 555. Bombay Telephone's are at Rs. 39. Port Cannings have changed hands at Rs. 485. The Bombay Steam Navigation ordinary shares have improved to Rs 277 1/2 and Preference shares of the same Company have also changed hands at Rs. 277 1/2. The Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Co., Ld. Ordinary Shares are quiet at Rs. 164, and Preference shares are unchanged at Rs. 126, Central India Mining Co. Shares were placed at Rs. 520. A good lot of Babamankua Manganese Co. shares have changed hands at and about Rs. 24 premium per shares. In mill companies, Central India's have advanced to Rs. 2,035; Bombay Cotton Manufacturing Company Shares have changed hands at and about Rs. 920; Connaught's are quiet at Rs. 380; Colaba Land and Mill Company shares have ruled at and about Rs. 1,090; Crescents have improved to Rs. 122½; Currimbhai's to Rs. 1,310; Century's are steady at Rs. 1,710; David's after touching Rs. 450 have closed at Rs. 442½. Empress are unchanged at Rs. 495; Howard and Bullough are steady at Rs. 580 and Imperial's at Rs. 280. Kohinoor's are unchanged at Rs. 780; Luxmi cotton have improved to Rs. 1,475; Manekji Petit's after touching at Rs. 3,450 for September delivery, have closed at Rs. 3,415. Sassoon Mill shares have changed hands at Rs. 1,015. Southern Maratha are quiet at Rs. 212 1/2. Standard's are steady at Rs. 1,310. Swadeshi's have ruled at and about Rs. 1,495. Western Indias have advanced to Rs. 650. In Railway companies, Amritsar Patty's have changed hands at Rs. 113. Ahmedabad Dholka's at Rs. 103. Ahmedabad-Prantej are unchanged at Rs. 570, Tapti Valley's have improved to Rs. 460.

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half Yearly Divid.	Rate.
BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	12 p. c.	1,397½
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	10 pr. ct.	1,435 ..
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	10 pr. ct.	1,115
Commercial Bank of India	40,000	70	100	Nil	25
Alliance Bank of Simla	15,000	100	100	12 pr. ct.	248
Bank of India	100,000	100	50	......	65½
EXCHANGES BANKS.					
Charter Bank	0,000	£20	£20	14 pr. ct.	£60
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	80,000	dol. 125	all	£1-15-0	£90
National Bank of India	40,000	£25	£12½	dvd	Rs. 550
Punjab National Bank	....	100	100	....	51
PRESSES.					yearly.
Akbar	400	1,250	1,250	125	1,750
Albert (Kurrachee.)	200	1,100	1,100	Rs. 50	600
Bellary	167	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs. 25	200
Bombay Cotton	1,000	125	125	dvd Rs. 5	130
Brenls Cawnpore Press Co., Ld.	500	200	200	dvd Rs. 20	215
Broach City Press Co. Ld.	500	200	200	dvd Rs. 25	195
Geleba	500	1,880	1,880	dvd Rs. 150	300
East India	350	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs. 150	1,110
English Press and Manfg.	700	250	250	dvd Rs. 40	40
Fort	150	8,000	1,120	dvd Rs. 40	1,025
French	200	500	500	dvd Rs. 25	525
Harvy, and Sabapathy	250	250	250	dvd Rs. 40	530
Hingoli Press Co., Ld.	750	100	100	dvd Rs. 20	136½
Khangaum	250	450	450	dvd Rs. 40	420
Merchantile	1,800	125	400	dvd Rs. 50	56¼
Mofussil Co.	3,125	409	400	dvd Rs. 40	630
Munmar	1,000	250	100	dvd Rs. 22½	300
new Berar	1,250	500	500	dvd Rs. 40	557½
New Indian	1,000	125	125	dvd Rs. 10	145
Princes of Wales	600	500	500	dvd Rs. 30	495
Sind and Punjab Co.	100	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs. 150	2,350
Sind	400	650	750	dvd Rs. 20	525
Surat City Press Co., Ld.	37	200	all	20	215
Volkar	450	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs. 50	1,125
MISCELLANEOUS.					
Alcock Ashdown	11 750	100	100	dvd Rs. 14	330
Back Bay Baths	500	50	50	dvd Rs. 10	3
Badham Pile	500	100	100	12 pr ct.	125
Bombay and Burma Trading Corporation	1,300	2,500	1,500	dvd Rs. 180	8,400x.d.
Do. New Issue	1,800	685	375	dvd Rs. 45	2,100x.d.
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,250	100	100	[illegible] pr. ct.	30
Bombay Flour Mill	1,000	500	500	25	980
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills	1,700	200	200	Nil	155
Empire of India Life A. Co. Ld.	2,000	500	50	18 pr. ct.	50
Indian Guarantee Surety Ship Assn.	5,000	100	10	10 pr. ct.	18½
John Roberts and Co.	1,500	100	100	dvd Rs. 10	190
Kemp and Co.	2,000	200	175	14	205x.d.
Kurrachi Landing	500	500	200	20	125
Marcks and Co. Ld.	4,000	100	100	dvd Rs. 10	152
Napier Hotel Co.	2,000	100	100	Nil	59
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance	5,000	100	50	6-1-4 pr. ct.	150
Phillips and Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	8½ pr. ct.	60
Port Canning Co.	5,000	1,000	1,000	21	485
Sounday and Co.	1,000	100	100		25
Treacher and Co.	2,000	1,000	500	35	550
Thacker and Co.	1,500	100	....	1[illegible] pr. ct.	260
Telephone Co.	13,500	25	25	1½	39
SHARES.					
Alliance	1,000	1,000	all	Dvd 12 1/2	200
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs. 15	535
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co.	1,200	500	500	dvd Rs. 125	915
Central India	7,500	500	500	dvd Rs. 75	2,040
China Mills Co. Ld.	800	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs. 50	1,000
Connaught Mills	1,650	500	500	30	380
Colaba Land and Mills	4,000	700	500	dvd Rs. 30	1,090
Coorla Mills	1,500	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs. 100	770
Currimbhoy Mills	750	1,000	000	dvd Rs. 40	1,320
David Mills	1,460	500	500	dvd Rs. 20	442½
Empress	5,100	500	500	30	495
Framjee Petit	1,250	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs. 50	1,410
Hindustan	1,200	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs. 60	650
Howard and Bullough	1,500	500	500	30	585
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	1,100
Imperial Cotton	900	500	1,000	15	285
Indian Manfg.	1,000	1,000	500	dvd Rs. 60	825
Indo-China Manfg. Co., Ld.	700	1,000	250	dvd Rs. 100	1,000
James Greaves	1,300	500	1,000	30	490
Jamshed Manfg. Co.	1,300	250	1,000	dvd 10	200
Jewraj Balloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	dv Rs. 60	500
Jubilee Mills Co. Ld.	842	1,000	1,000	od Rs. 50	525
Khandeish	750	1,000	100	dvd Rs. 50	820
Khatao Mackunjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs. 40	670
Kohinoor Mills	2,800	500	500	25	780
Leopold	3,500	100	1,000	3	80
Lakmidas Spinning and Weaving Co.	1,000	1,000	1,000	dv Rs. 50	470
Madras United	500	1,000	1,000	Rs. 150	2,050
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	1,000	dv Rs. 225	3,410
Morarjee Gocul das	1,050	1,000	1,000	dv Rs. 150	3,800
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	Nil	175
Presidency Mills Co., Ld.	1,742	1,000	1,000	dvd Rt. 40	770
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs. 50	930
Ripon Mills	600	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs. 40	900
Sassoon	1,050	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,015
Sholapore Mills	800	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs. 150	4,000
Southern Mahratta	2,380	250	250	10	215
Sun Mills, Ld.	3,200	250	250	15	170
Standard Mills Co.	1,000	500	500	Rs. 50	1,320
Swadeshi Mills	2,000	500	500	dvd Rs. 80	1,490
Sassoon and Alliance	1,000	500	500	dvd Rs. 87	575
Union Mills Ld.	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	225
Western India	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 60	650
RAILWAY COMPANIES					
Ahmedabad Dholka Ry	11,000	100	100		103
Ahmedabad Prante Ry.	4,000	500	500	12-8-0	570
Tapti Valley and Co	8,000	400	500		460

BANK OF BENGAL.

THE following is the statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 23rd July, 1907, as compared with the statement of 16th July 1907 :—

	July 16. Rs.	a.	p.	July 23. Rs.	a.	p.
LIABILITIES.						
Capital paid up	2,00,00,000	0	0	2,00,00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund	1,55,00,000	0	0	1,55,00,000	0	6
Public Deposits, &c	1,73,18,637	2	7	1,79,41,215	1	9
Other Deposits, &c.	14,88,98,253	8	7	15,40,68,123	7	4
Bank Post Bills, &c	10,67,731	3	1	9,60,442	2	2
Sundries	23,20,250	8	3	22,76,286	2	6
Rs...	20,51,04,875	6	6	21,07,46,066	13	9
ASSETS.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
Government Securities	2,02,97,354	0	0	2,18,74,655	0	0
Other authorised Investments	24,90,230	8	0	24,84,843	8	0
Loans on Govt. and other authorized Securities	3,84,01,195	10	9	3,79,80,040	8	4
Accounts of Credit on do.	3,34,86,270	1	3	3,33,75,926	4	0
Bills discounted &c	2,59,86,863	10	9	2,36,57,561	13	5
Balances with other Banks	13,62,944	1	2	15,47,029	5	5
Bullions	....			....		
Dead Stock	16,92,340	3	0	16,89,843	11	9
Stamps	14,490	0	7	13,880	10	10
Sundries	15,80,782	15	0	14,63,725	9	0
	12,43,12,071	3	3	12,42,56,308	4	9
Cash &c., at Head Office / Do. at Branches	7,97,92,804	3	3	8,64,90,758	9	0
Rs..	20,51,04,875	6	6	21,07,46,066	13	9

	Rs.	
LIABILITIES.		
Govt. Balance at Head Office	15,22,420	Increase
Do. at Branches ..	6,99,851	Decrease
Other Deposits	51,69,870	Increase
Post Bills	1,07,292	Decrease
ASSETS.		
Bank's Investments	15,71,916	Increase
Loans	4,12,155	Decrease
Accounts of Credit	1,10,344	Do.
Mercantile Bills	21,29,302	Do.
Cash at Head Office	38,22,260	Increase
Do. at Branches	28,74,604	Do.

THE OPIUM REVENUE.

The following statement of Opium Revenue to date compared with the Estimates for the year 1907 and 1908 :—

Latest Month.

Presidency	Estimate.	Actual	Better than Estimate.	Worse than Estimate.
	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs
In July 1907 Bengal	50,00,000	53,10,325	3,10,325	——
In June 1907 Bombay	6,00,000	2,01,000	——	2,99,000
Total	56,00,000	55,19,325	......	80,675

Sales of Bengal Opium and Three months' Pass Duty on Opium Exported from Bombay.

Presidency	Estimate	Actual	Better than Estimate.	Worse than Estimate
	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs
To end of July 1907. Bengal	2,16,00,000	2,43,19,575	27,19,575	——
To end of June 1907. Bombay	20,00,000	10,73,400	......	9,26,600
Total	2,36,00,000	2,53,92,975	17,92,975	......

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcements of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS, and MEMORIAM NOTICES which must be authenticated by the name and address of the senders, is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

EUROPE.

BIRTHS.

APTHORP—July 8, at Bryn Tafwys, Maidenhead, the wife of Major Kendal Pretyman Apthorp, Director of Land Settlement Orange River Colony, of a son.

KEMP—July 16, at Baggot Street, Dublin, the wife of N. W. Kemp, Barrister-at-law, Bombay, of a daughter.

DE RIDDER—July 6, at Hampton-on-Thames, the wife of Capt E. R. De Ridder, 6th batt. Rifle Brigade of a son.

BLAND—July 12, at Gorse Hill, Totland Bay, Isle of Wight, the wife of Major W. St. C Bland, R. A. of a daughter.

DARROCH—July 15, at 11 Clarendon Place, Stirling, the wife of Capt. Darroch, Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders, of a daughter.

HACKFORTH—July 12 at Perry House, Catford, S. E., the wife of Percy Hackforth, East Indian Railway, Asansol, India, of a daughter.

RUSSELL—July 6, at Kinterbury House, Bull Point, Devonport, the wife Capt. R. T. Russell, R. A., of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

MALCOLM—COPELAND—July 10, at All Saints' Ennismore Gardens, Maurice de Wiveleslie, son of Col. E. D. Malcolm, C. B. R. E., of Poltallo h, Argyll, to Henrietta Fairfax, daughter of Mr. R. P. Copeland (D. L.).

RAIT—BOYD—July 13, at St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, Frognal, Capt. J. W. F. Rait, Indian Medical Service, to Belle, daughter of Mr. and Mrs James Boyd.

SOUPER—LEE—July 11, at the Church of King Charles the Martyr, Tunbridge Wells Richard Mitford Crowe, son of Col. Souper, late A. P. D, to Elsie Mary, daughter of Frederick Lee Esq.

WILLIS—TEMPLE—July 10, at the Parish Church, St. Marylebone, Capt. Richard Raymond Willis, 20th Lancashire Fusiliers, to Mawde Elizabeth, daughter of Col. J. A. Temple, his Majesty's India Army.

DEATHS.

GRIMES—July 7, George Dixwell, late of 56th Essex Regt., and Madras Gaol Department, son of the late Col. Grimes, Honourable East India Company's Service, aged 67.

LETHBRIDGE—July 11, at 35 Curzon Street, Walter Buckler Lethbridge, son of the late Sir John Hesketh Lethbridge, Bart.

McCORKELL—July 13, at 97 Ladbroke Road, London, W., Gilmour McCorkell, Indian Civil Service, Bombay, retired, aged 58.

QUILTER—July 10, at 42 Queen's Gate Gardens, S. W., Harry Quilter, aged 56.

ST. MAUR—July 16, at 28 Berkeley Square, Lord Percy St. Maur, late Major, Royal Fusiliers, aged 59.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

BOND—July 27, at Hazeldean, Mussoorie, the wife of Lieut. G. W. Bond, S. and T. Corp, of a son.

THEW—July 25, at Mount Abu, the wife of Lieutenant N. V. Thew, 120th Infantry, of a son.

DEATH.

PHILLIPS—July 28, at Rampur, Dorothy Annie, the beloved infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Phillips, aged 10 months.

H. T. BINKS,
UNDERTAKER
AND
MONUMENTAL SCULPTOR,
Clare Road, Byculla, Bombay.
TELEPHONE NO. 947.

DHANAMAL CHELLARAM,
62-64, MEDOWS ST., FORT, BOMBAY.
A LARGE Assortment of JEWELLERY, SILVER-WARE, JAPANESE SILKS, CHINESE SILKS—FLOWERED and EMBROIDERED; CREPES—EMBROIDERED; SILK DRESSES and BLOUSES—EMBROIDERED
Always in Stock
JAPANESE, CHINESE, EGYPTIAN, and PERSIAN CURIOSITIES displayed in large Variety.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 16m. Sun sets, 7h. 14m. High water, 7-15m., 6-57a. Low water, 0.31m., 1-20a.

Bombay Gymkhana A. and B. Cricket Teams vs. Parsee Gymkhana and Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, respectively.

Harwood Association Football League, Cooperage, 5-45 p.m. Bombay Gymkhana vs. Rovers.

Wilson College : Lecture on the Study of Indian Antiquities, 6-30 p.m.

"Smoker" at the Bombay Volunteer Artillery Club, Apollo Bunder, 9-30 p.m. ; Admission free.

TO-MORROW.

Sun rises, 6h. 16m. Sun sets, 7h. 13m. High water, 8-53m., 8-5a. Low water, 1-27m., 2-27a.

Meeting at Wilson College to celebrate the jubilee of the "Streebodh" Magazine, 4-30 p.m.

Music at Green's, 7 to 8-30 p.m. and 9 to 11 p.m.

THE WEEK'S CALENDAR.

Monday, August 5.—Indian Specie Bank, Apollo Street, 2-30 p. m. Harwood Association Football League, Oval, 5-45 p.m., Government Telegraphs vs. Customs. Sun rises, 6h. 16m. Sun sets, 7h. 13m. High water, 9-43m., 9-0a. Low water, 2-16m., 3-17a.

Tuesday, August 6.—Harwood Association Football League, Cooperage, 5-45 p.m., Royal Artillery vs. Royal Scots A. Team. Sun rises, 6h. 17m. Sun sets, 7h. 12m. High water, 10-23m., 9-44a. Low water, 2-58 m., 4-0a.

Wednesday, August 7.—Municipal Standing Committee, 4-9 p.m. Gymkhana Mud Sports, 5-30 p.m. Harwood Association Football League, Cooperage, 5-45 p.m., Royal Scots B. Team vs. Rovers. Sun rises, 6h. 17m. Sun sets, 7h. 12m. High water, 10-57m., 10-21a. Low water, 3-37m., 4-39a.

Thursday, August 8.—Bank of Bombay Annual General Meeting, 4 p.m. ; Century Spinning and Manufacturing Co., Bella Vista, Cumballa Hill, 10-30 a. m. ; Sirdar Carbonic Gas Co., Rampart Row, 5 p. m. Sind Press Company, 19 Elphinstone Circle, 3-30 p.m. Sun rises, 6h. 17m. ; Sun sets, 7h. 11m. ; High water, 11-28m., 11-2a. ; Low water, 4-15m., 5-15a.

Friday, August 9.—Harwood Association Football League, Cooperage, 5-45 p.m. Government Telegraphs vs. Royal Artillery. Sun rises, 6. 13m. Sun sets, 7h. 11m. High water, 11-57m., 11-39a. Low water, 4-52m., 5-49a.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Ceylon, the Straits Settlements, China, Japan and Australia per s. s. *Malta* will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p. m. on Monday the 5th August.

MEHER CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.—The total number of patients treated during the month of July was 3,330; the daily average being 107; new admissions, 826. Parsees, 520; Hindoos, 1,751; Mahomedans, 711; Christians, 348. 53 children were vaccinated this month.

SLEEPING IN AN UNSAFE PLACE.—Arjoon Shamji (18), working in a milk-shop, on Girgaum Road, while seated, watching a large pan of boiling milk, on Tuesday night, went off to sleep, and fell, his right hand running into the pan of the boiling milk. He was treated at home for his injuries, but getting worse, he was taken to the G. T. Hospital where he died of tetanus yesterday.

THE STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD.—The meeting of the "Current Topics Circle," announced for to-day, at the Widow-remarriage Hall, has been postponed till next Saturday, owing to a lecture at the Wilson College to-day. The usual class will meet to morrow (Sunday) and will be conducted by Mr. Mirza A. A. Khan, B.A., Bar-at-Law. He will expound Mill's Essay on Liberty.

AN UNLUCKY SHAMPOO.—Adamji Ebrahimji, a dealer in old metals, and residing at Guzar Street, reported to the Police that on Thursday morning he called up a native "champiwalla" into his house to get himself shampooed. While the shampooing was in progress, the complainant went off to sleep. Waking up a little while after, he missed the man who shampooed him. Looking about he also missed his jacket, which contained currency notes, gold buttons, etc., collectively valued at Rs. 779.

A BAIT TO A MINOR.—Luxia Aba, a Hindu, was charged before Mr. P. H. Dastur, at the Mazagon Police Court, with kidnapping a Hindu lad named Janardhan Raoji (8), and with stealing his ornaments valued at Rs. 9, from his person. It appeared that on Wednesday last the accused took the lad to some quiet corner of the Parel Road and promising to give him sweets, tried to take off his ornaments. The lad having raised an alarm, the accused cleared off, but was chased and arrested. The accused admitted a previous conviction for a similar offence. He was given three months' hard labour on the present count.

A CART-DRIVER'S NEGLIGENT ACT.—Before Mr. P. H. Dastur, Second Presidency Magistrate, at the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, Inspector Carter prosecuted Abdul Succoor, a cart-driver, for driving his cart in a rash and negligent manner. Mr. H. J. Dalal, pleader, defended. The accused drove the cart down an incline at Mazagon in such a way that he could not control the bullocks. As a result of this, an old Hindu woman was struck by one of the bullocks' horns and jammed against a wall. A wheel passed over her leg, which had to be amputated at the Sir J. J. Hospital. His Worship in convicting the accused of the offence fined him Rs. 40, ordering the amount to be paid to the injured woman as compensation.

MUSIC AT GREEN'S.—The following programme of Music will be played at Green's Garden from 7 to 8 p.m. to-day.

March	Viscount Nelson	Zehle
Overture	Tancrede	Rossini
Waltz	Weana G'muath	J Schrammel
Reverie	The Shepherd's Evensong	Brockett
	8-30 to 10-30 p. m.	
March	H I M	Myddleton
Selection	The Cingalee	Monckton
Waltz	Oesterr ichs Klange	Wurm
Habanera	Charme d'Espange	Mezzacapo
Mazurka	Gluecklich ist wer vergisst	J Strauss
American Sketch	By the Swanee river	Myddleton
Waltz	Liebestraume	A Czibulka
Galop	Kosakenritt	Millocker

The following programme of music will be played at Green's Garden, under the direction of Mr. I. Salzinger to-morrow from 7 to 8 p. m.

March	Le Regiment Favori	Dom Ertl
Overture	Romantique	Keler Bela
Waltz	Love and Life in Vienna	K Komzak
Fantasia	The Water Mel n Patch	Bidgood
	9 to 11 p. m.	
Triumph March	Entry of the Gladiator	J Fucik
Selection	The Gondoliers	A Sullivan
Valse lente	Kussen ist Keine Sund	E Eyler
Piccolo Solo	Chant du Rossingnol	Pilipowsky
A Summer Idyl	Hiawatha	Moret
Csardas	Dernier Amour	Gung'l
Waltz	Beautiful Danube	J Strauss
Cake Walk	A Coon Band Contest	Pryor

THE ELECTRIC TRAM CAR COLLISION.

At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, before Mr. J. W. S. Dracup, further hearing was resumed of the case in which Inspector Morris charged Mir Alam Mir Aslam, driver of an electric tram-car, with doing a rash act and thereby causing the death of a cart driver named Khoda Bux, on the 11th July last. Mr. Velinker, pleader, defended the accused.

After the evidence for the prosecution had been recorded, the accused in his statement to the Court said that when his car approached the stopping station opposite to the National Bank he slowed down. The conductor then rang the bell twice, which meant that the car should move on. The car accordingly went on a little further, when he saw the cart coming from a lane. He rang his bell, but the cart-driver did not hear it. He then shouted out to him to stop. But seeing the cart coming on the tram track, he applied both his brakes, the ordinary as well as the emergency. The tram then moved on four or five paces and one of the bales of cotton in the front came in contact with one of the stanchions of the car. He put on the brakes about fifteen feet after he passed the stopping stations. The cart was at an acute angle with the car when it moved on towards the tram line and collided with the car. He did not see the cart capsize. The car proceeded about 25 feet from the place where it collided with the cotton bale. His orders were to stop at all the stopping stations, but as the conductor rang twice when he slowed down he proceeded. The conductor did not ring the bell once. The conductor was his superior officer and he acted under his orders.

Further hearing of the case was adjourned.

S. S. "HAIDARI" PUT BACK.

Yesterday the Bombay and Persia Steam Navigation Company's steamer "Haidari," under the command of Captain F. De Lorne, which sailed from here on the 18th July last for Aden and Jedda *via* Karachi with a general cargo, and 55 deck passengers, put back to Bombay harbour, owing to a leakage in the engine room. The "Haidari" left Karachi for her destination on the 27th July, but after two days' voyage, the Captain found a leakage in the engine-room which was temporarily repaired. As the sea was running high Captain Lorne deemed it advisable to alter the course of the steamer towards Bombay to make good the damage, instead of proceeding on to Aden. Accordingly he did so and the vessel arrived in port yesterday and has entered the Prince's Dock. She will be moored into the Mereweather Dry Dock to-day where the exact damage will be ascertained and, after necessary repairs, she will probably resume her voyage for Aden and Jedda on Monday next. On her return voyage she met strong monsoon and high seas.

BHOWNAGAR NOTES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BHOWNAGAR, JULY 31.

Junagad reports heavy rain having fallen there on Sunday last, five inches being measured in three hours. Junagad stands the highest in the register of rain. The total being 20 inches.

A Cricket match was played between a Bhownagar team and that of the Cutch, which resulted in the victory of former by 135 runs, and 3 wickets. The bowling of Mr. Muncherjee Umrigar wrought havoc among the opposite team, while Mr. Deoji played well, scoring 36 runs for Bhownagar. The Prince of Cutch is a good runner. He is a guest of His Highness the Maharaja of Bhownagar, and was entertained last night to a play in Vijai Theatre. The play was only for State officers.

ARRIVAL OF R. I. M. S. "MINTO."

THE Royal Indian Marine Steamer Minto, under the command of Lieut-Commander F.J.C. Hardern, R. I. M., arrived in harbour yesterday evening from Aden which port she left on the 25th July with Government stores, and specie, and Mr. McDonald, and 65 native troops. During the voyage she experienced strong monsoon.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS.

Bombay, Aug. 3.

1 There will be drill for Recruits at the Town Hall on Tuesday evening next, the 6th instant from 6 p. m.
Dress—Plain Clothes.

H. S. SYMONS, Lieut.,
Offg. Comdg. B. L. H.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LT.-COL. LOUIS P. RUSSELL
COMMANDING, B. V. A.
Bombay, Aug. 3.
381 COMMAND.

Captain R W R Pennington will command No 2 Company during the absence on Leave of Major J J Marsland.

NOTICE.

There will be a smoking concert at the B V A Club on Saturday the 3rd inst. at 9 p. m. all members of the Corps and Club are Cordially invited.

R. W. FISHER, Lieut.,
Adjt., B. V. A.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. R. W. L. DUNLOP
COMMANDING, B. V. R.
Bombay, Aug. 3.

148—Detail for week ending Saturday the 10th instant :—
Monday the 5th.—"M" Coy. Parade on Company parade ground at 4 p. m.
II.—"K" Coy. (Scottish High School) Parade at 3-30 p. m. on company parade ground.
Tuesday the 6th.—"I" Coy. Parade at 4-15 p. m., on Company parade ground,
II.—"L" Coy. Parade at 4 45 p m on company parade ground
III.—Practice for Buglers near Skating Rink at 5-30 p m
Wednesday the 7th.—"H" Coy. Parade at 5-30 p m on company parade ground.
Thursday the 8th.—Semaphore Drill in rear of Telegraph Quarters at 7 a. m.
II.—"L" Coy. Parade at 7-45 a m on company parade ground.
III.—"I" Coy. Parade at 4-15 p m on company parade ground.
Friday the 9th—"K" Coy John Connon School Parade at 3-30 p m on company parade ground
Subject for all companies during the ensuing week Sections 1 to 44 Infantry Trainig 1905 and Rifle exercises,

A L. CARTWRIGHT, Capt.,
Adjt. B. V. R.

FRANCE AND THE STATES.

The Washington State Department has notified the French Government that, having recognised the competence of the French Chamber of Commerce, with regard to the estimation of goods exported to the States, it has authorised the Treasury to accord to the certificates given to those Chambers the same value as to those of German Chambers. French commerce will, therefore, benefit from one of the chief advantages obtained by the new commercial treaty between Germany and the States.

A GROTESQUE COMPARISON.

St. Paul and Karsandas Mulji!

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

IT was a good idea of the Bombay Social Reform Association to hold annual celebrations, commemorating the passing of the Act removing all legal obstacles in the way of the re-marriage of Hindu widows, a great land-mark in British Indian social legislation. This beneficent measure Indians owe to Lord Dalhousie, though it actually passed through the Legislative Council and finally became law on July 25, 1856, four months after that great ruler left our shores. In July of last year occurred its Jubilee and the Association celebrated it with some *eclat*. On Thursday week it celebrated its fifty-first anniversary, and held a crowded meeting, attended by many social reformers and others in sympathy with them and their cause and presided over by Mr. Justice Chandavarkar. It was another good idea to couple the cause of widow re-marriage with a person noted in its annals, the late Karsandas Mulji and to do honour to his memory on that day. The speech of Mr. Krishnalal Jhaveri, the literary Judge of the Small Causes Court, on Karsandas' life and life-work was excellent and, what is more, in good taste. But we do not think the latter quality was present when the President compared Karsandas with St. Paul, as the reports of the meeting assert he did. The comparison must have been grotesque and to Christians, especially Protestants, it would sound something more than grotesque. It loses sight of all proportion to set up the amiable Bunia gentleman, who was an editor and later a minister of a Native State as a latter-day St. Paul; and we are sure Kursandas with his modesty would have declined such greatness which is sought to be thrust upon him, if he were alive and if his sense of humour had not deserted him. Kursandas was a sturdy Reformer who did something for the cause and, what is more, suffered also something for it. He attacked the worship of Mahrajahs, who are priests of the Bhattias who believe them to be demi-gods, on the ground of their immorality, and was consequently involved in a long and costly libel case with the said Maharajahs. It must have no doubt caused him great anxiety to fight these wealthy folk in a British Court and to obtain a verdict in his favour. But he had powerful supporters and was defended by the ablest Counsel, not only of his but of any time in Bombay and probably all India, Chisholm Anstey, who overwhelmed the poor Mahrajahs, with learned arguments, invectives, sarcasms, witticisms which were, however, lost upon their hide-bound ignorance. One witticism of Anstey's is still remembered. Upon one of these Mahrajahs cautioning Anstey against touching him, as he stood in the witness-box, as the touch of a mere mortal would defile His Holiness, the latter cried out to the Court Interpreter to tell His Holiness that he "would not touch him even with a pair of tongs." Moreover, the sympathies of the Judge, Sir Joseph Arnould, and the jury were, of course, with the defendant Karsandas, for whom Dr. Wilson worked with all his zeal and powerful influence. He was acquitted almost as a matter of course. Later on his powerful friends got for him the post of Minister of a Native Maharajah, of course, of a different sort altogether from the Mahrajahs he had hitherto encountered, and he died peacefully in this well-paid office. To compare such a person with St. Paul is, we must say with due deference, to render him ridiculous in the eyes of all those who know the latter and venerate him as next only to Jesus in the foundation of Christianity. It will suffice for our purposes to quote a very ordinary and popular estimate of the character and work of St. Paul, to show the extreme infelicity, if not worse, of such comparisons which, we are afraid, are getting too common, but which it must be said we did not expect from such a person as the learned Judge who presided on the occasion. 'It is probable," says Dean Farrar, "that no man ever swayed the religious opinions and destinies of mankind so powerfully as Paul of Tarsus, the Apostle of the Gentiles. He was greater than some of the greatest savants in many single capacities, a greater preacher than Chrysostom, a greater missionary than St. Francis Xavier, a greater theologian than St. Thomas Aquinas, a greater Reformer than Luther, a greater organiser than St. Gregory the Great. Collectively he exercised over the world a mightier influence not only than all of these put together but even than his fellow Apostles, St. Peter and St. John. The secrets of his unparalleled success were—regarded on their human side—the secret of all success in the fields of religious effort—burning zeal, absolute self-sacrifice, undaunted courage, and a strong conviction that he was fulfilling a ministry to which he had received a special call from God." Besides suffering persecution throughout his life, Paul suffered cruel martyrdom by decapitation at the hands of Nero. Karsandas, we are sure, would have felt his greatest martyrdom to hear himself compared to such a man. Social reformers have a good cause which, however, they must take care not to spoil by excessive enthusiasm. They have the vast mass of their countrymen against them in this matter of reform. They should not set others against them too by such comparisons as above.

Barring this little incident, the proceedings were all that could be desired. Such meetings tend to take away the blame often cast upon them, from the educated natives of this country, that they do very litttle for the social reform of their countrymen and especially of their women. Sir John Strachey in his work on India which was originally delivered in the form of lectures at Cambridge, said with a great deal of truth to his audience, twenty years ago, which included many men who are now the rulers of this country as Civil Servants, that "you would be much mistaken if you suppose that in regard to any of these great social questions the Government has ever received advice or assistance from the much talking section of the Bengalis. I must class with them a considerable number of the Mahratha Brahamans of Bombay, and of the English speaking Hindus of Madras. You might search the proceedings of their societies, you might examine the files of their newspapers and the reports of their speeches at their public meetings and you would not find one word of reprobation of the atrocious practices which under the cover of immemorial customs are followed throughout India, of one word of a desire to help our Government to suppress them. It is not difficult to understand why these terrible questions are avoided. Some of these Native gentlemen are silent because they dare not by speaking of them bring themselves into collision with the cherished beliefs and prejudices of their countrymen; others, and I have no doubt the majority, are silent because in these matters they are at heart as intensely conservative as the mass of the population, and have no desire for changes in social and religious usages which have come down from a venerable antiquity. It is much safer to talk about political enfranchisement" Since John Strachey wrote and spoke these words, something has been done by educated Indians to wipe this stain from their class, but yet much more remains to be done in this direction. For instance, it was said at the meeting referred to that only 400 widows remained during the half century that has passed since the passing of the law of 1856 allowing them to remarry legally. This is a very poor sign of social reform, view it how we may, and shows that the reformers ought to be more practically zealous in their efforts.

HEAT WAVE IN NEW YORK.

Last night in New York, the temperature fell scarcely below 90deg., after having been above 100deg. all day, and the poor suffered horribly.

The parks were thrown open for the poor at night, and thousands slept in them on the grass, while other thousands crowded the wharves and piers of the city in attempts to get a breath of air.

Greater than the human suffering was the effect of the heat upon the horses. They were constantly dropping in the streets, though great relief was given by the men of all fire stations playing hoses upon all horses passing by.

To-day has been somewhat cooler, and it is hoped that the worst of the present heat wave is over.

HIS MAJESTY'S SHIPS.

The following movements of his Majesty's ships were reported yesterday by the British Admiralty :—

Malta.—"Formidable" sailed July 18.
Thursday Island.—"Psyche" and "Pioneer" arr. July 19.
Lloyd's report : H. M. S. "Crescent" arr. Malta July 19.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

HIGH COURT.

DECCAN AGRICULTURISTS' RELIEF ACT.

Important Point Before the Full Bench.

In the High Court, yesterday, a Full Bench comprising their Lordships, the Hon'ble the Acting Chief Justice, Mr. Russell, the Hon'ble Mr Justice Chandavarkar, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Heaton, and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Knight, heard a reference which was submitted to them for decision by their Lordships, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Chandavarkar and the Hon'ble Mr.Justice Heaton, as to whether sections 12,13 and 71-A of the Deccan Agriculturists' Relief Act apply to suits instituted before that Act came into force in the particular district in which that suit was instituted.

The parties in the case were one Fatmabibi, Ayal Budrudin Nachan and twelve others, as appellants and original defendants, and one Ganesh Ballal Joglekar, as original plaintiff and respondent. Mr. B. V. Vidwans appeared for the appellants, the respondent being represented by the Hon'ble Mr. Daji Abaji Khare. The particulars of the case have already appeared in these columns. Briefly stated, they are as follows: The plaintiff sued to recover from the defendants the sum of Rs. 5,577-5-5 by sale of the mortaged property. The defendants admitted the execution of the deed sued on,but contended that they were agriculturists and that their only means of livelihood was agriculture, and that the transaction connected with this mortgage should be enquired into on the lines laid down in the Deccan Agriculturists' Relief Act and the rate of interest should be fixed as provided in it. The original suit was decided by the First Class Subordinate Judge of Thana, who passed a decree in favour of the plaintiff after discussing the question on the following issues framed in the matter :—

ORIGINAL ISSUES.

The issues were.—

(1) Whether the defendants are entitled to the benefit o' the Provisions of Sections 12 and 13 of the Deccan Agriculturists' Relief Act, even though the suit has been instituted prior to and was pending on the date of the extension of the sections to Thana District ?

(2) Whether the Court is competent to disturb the rate of interest ?

(3) Whether the amount should be ordered to be paid in instalments and, if so, how many and on what terms ?

The suit was instituted on the 23rd April 1904, and long before the 17th August, on which the application of certain portions of the Deccan Agriculturists' Relief Act, including sections 7, 12, 13, 14, 15, was extended to the District of Thana, was produced in the Bombay Government Gazette, owing to the death of the principal mortgagor after the service on him of the summons, but before the filing of his written answer, to the claim and there having been numerous heirs to be brought on the record as his legal representatives in his place, the defence could not be filed till 13th September 1905. While it was contended on defendants' behalf that the defence was filed while the provisions of the Deccan Agriculturists' Relief Act were in operation, that the defendants were competent to claim the benefit of the Act, it was urged on behalf of the plaintiff that the suit having been commenced prior to the introduction of the special rules, he was entitled to have a decision on it according to the law in force on the date of its institution. There is nothing in Sections 12 and 13 or in the Government Notification extending their operation to Thana, that they or any of the other sections applied should have retrospective effect, or apply to pending suits, and the suit of the plaintiff having been begun prior to the 17th of August 1905, he had a right vested in him to have it decided according to the law in force then. This the Sub-Judge remarked, seemed to have been the principle adopted by the Bombay High Court in Suryaji versus Tukaram (I. L. R. 4 Bombay 358) in which it was held that "the provisions of sections 11 and 12 of the Deccan Agriculturists' Relief Act are applicable to suits instituted upon and after the 1st November 1879."

CHANGE IN THE LAW.

The Sub-Judge further remarked that a change in the law did not generally affect any proceedings begun when it comes into force. It is provided by Act I of 1868 that a change in the law shall not generally affect any proceedings begun when it comes into force. It is provided by Act I of 1868 that a change in the law shall not generally affect any proceeding begun when it comes into force, and this principle was applied in the case of Ratansi versus Kallianji, 2 Bombay 148 ; a change of status or legal capacity generally operates at once when it either extinguishes, enlarges, diminishes, or varies the extent to which a party may claim the aid or protection of a Court. It is obvious that there has been no change of status in any of the parties since the commencement of the litigation, and as the provisions of Sections 12 and 13 of the extended Act are not those of procedure, pure and simple, but are evidently prejudicial to the rights and vested competency to claim principal and interest, according to the terms of the agreement, between him and his debtors, the Sub-Judge held that he could not bring the litigation under their operation. Against this decree, an appeal was admitted in the High Court, the grounds of objection to the decision appealed against being that the lower Court erred in holding that Sections 12 and 13 of the Deccan Agriculturist's Relief Act, were not applicable to the plaintiff's suit, and that it also erred in holding that it was not competent to disturb the rate of interest or the mode of calculating it, as laid down in the mortgage bond. After taking the circumstances of the case into consideration, their Lordships the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Chandavarkar and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Heaton. passed the following judgment.

REFERRING JUDGMENT.

Having regard to the apparent conflict between the decision of this Court in *Pannalal Vrajlal vs. Kalu Nhanu Vani* (Bombay Law Reporter VIII, page 798) and the decision in *Suryaji vs.* Tukaram (I LR. 4 Bom. page 358) and the general importance of the question, we think that the following question ought to be referred to the Full Bench, whether Sections 12, 13, and 71A of the Deccan Agriculturists' Relief Act apply to suits instituted before that Act came into force in the particular district in which that suit was instituted. The case coming on for hearing, The Hon'ble the acting Chief Justice spoke at length on the intention of the legislature in introducing the Act. He said that the Act was passed with a view to afford the necessary relief to the indebted Agriculturists. Mr. Vidwans contended that there was conflict between 8 Bombay L. R. and 4 Bombay. The question therefore was whether Sections 12,13 and 71A are to be given retrospective effect. The next question was whether the reasons given in 4 Bombay are good law. There are two reasons why the reasoning in 4 Bombay should not be accepted.

Chief Justice : The ratio in 4 Bombay is gone. The cases referred to in I. L. R. 14 Bombay, 557 and 2 Bombay 183 do not entirely relate to procedure. Beginning with procedure they go to the right. They cannot have retrospective effect.

As regards Section 12 (6) it was contended that might affect rights of parties and that the direction to take accounts was a matter of procedure.

Mr. Justice Knight : Taking of accounts may be a matter of procedure, but the enforcing of accounts is not procedure.

The Hon'ble Mr. Daji Abaji Khare submitted that so far as the sections deal with mixed questions of procedure and right, they should be given retrospective effect. If such an effect is given, it will be obligatory upon the Court to enquire into the history of the case from the time it was instituted.

Chief Justice : Sections 12 and 13 are so intermixed that you cannot separate them in any way.

After further discussion on the question of giving some sections of the Act retrospective effect, their Lordships adjourned the case for a final decision in the matter.

KIDNAPPING A CHILD FOR HIS ORNAMENTS.

The Hon. Mr. Justice Chandavarkar and the Hon. Mr. Justice Heaton, presiding in the High Court, have disposed of an appeal preferred by Krishna Arjuna, who was on the 1st ultimo convicted by Mr. S. J. Murphy, Additional Sessions Judge of Satara, of kidnapping or abducting a child with intent to steal from its person, and of voluntarily causing hurt in committing robbery, and was sentenced to three years' rigorus imprisonment.

It appears that. on the 17th May last, the father of the boy, Atmaram Dada aged about eight years, put him to sleep in the verandah of the boy's grandmother's house, and then went and slept outside his own house. In the middle of the night, a child's cries were heard, and the boy's father and some neighbours hurrying off in the direction of the cries, discovered the child crying on the road. He was carried to the village, and it was found that his shirt was saturated with blood dropping from his ear, whence a gold ear-ring had been forcibly taken away and two silver "kadis" which the child had been wearing, had also disappeared. The child at once said that Krishna, the accused, had, taken him up while he was asleep, carried him to a place near the river there deprived him of his ornaments, and left him. When the rescuers got back to the village, information was given to the Patel, and the accused was sent for, but he was not at home. The next day the Patel, as he ingenuosly admitted, told accused that the matter would be hushed up in the village, and so the whole party went to a field. where ground nuts had been growing and which was alleged to have been leased by the accused, and here the accused dug up the ornaments, which were identified by the complainant. The child was in hospital two days owing to the lobe of his ear being torn. The accused had told rather a strange story. To the committing magistrate he stated that two persons committed the theft, beat him, and forced him to confess that he had committed the theft. He said the Patel told him that, if he would confess to the crime, he would get him off and put the other two in jail. In the Sessions Court he said that the two men took him to a field, and told him to dig, and then slipped away. As he was digging, the Patel and ramosee came up and seized him. Accused was convicted and sentenced as stated above.

Their Lordships confirmed the conviction and sentence and dismiesed the appeal.

THE BOMBAY ABKARI ACT.

Unsuccessful Prosecution.

In the High Court, Appellate Side, the Hon. Mr. Justice Chandavarkar and the Hon. Mr. Justice Heaton have disposed of a reference in the case of Sitabkhan Bapu Khan, who was in February last charged before Mr. Jamnadas Gordhan Prasad, second class Magistrate of Godra, with importing without obtaining a pass an intoxicating drug, under section 43 *(a)* of the Bombay Abkari Act 5 of 1878, but was acquitted.

Mr. R. C. Brown, District Magistrate of Panch Mahals, in reporting the proceedings to the High Court, said that the accused was charged by Opium Constable Runchod Ashidas, who alleged that the accused had in his possession nine tolas of "Gulkhand" mixed with bhang, and that he imported it from Malwa. The accused pleaded not guilty, saying that the "gukhand" contained mostly sugarcandy, and that it contained bhang to a very small extent. The Magistrate acquitted the accused notwithstanding his admission that the "gukhand" contained bhang though it was made up chiefly of sugarcandy. Under section 3, clause 9 of the Bombay Abkari Act, Mr. Brown said, intoxicating drug includes every preparation and admixture of bhang. Under Government notification, No. 1637 of 3rd September 1902, *bona fide* travellers from foreign territory were exempt from prosecution if found in possession of less than two tolas of ganja or bhang, or any preparation or admixture of the same.

Their Lordships passed the following order :—Return the reference with the answer that "we decline to interfere on this reference, as an appeal by Government lies."

SUIT AGAINST AN ARAB PEARL MERCHANT.

In the High Court, yesterday, the Hon. Mr. Justice Macleod disposed of the pearl case. The parties to the suit were : Balubhai Mulchand and another, plaintiffs, against Haji Ahmed Mansur Kari, defendant, who is an occasional visitor from the Persian Gulf to Bombay, for the purpose of selling pearls. The case has been reported. Mr. Strangman, instructed by Messrs. Payne and Co., appeared for the plaintiffs : Mr. F. Sorabji Taleyarkhan, instructed by Messrs. Daphtary, Ferreira and Diwan, appeared for the defendant. His Lordship said that when the delivery was refused to the plaintiffs on payment, and the contract was broken, then the consideration arising was whether it was not possible for the plaintiffs to buy the pearls in the Bazaar and, if so, at what price ? There was fairly satisfactory evidence that it was possible for them to buy the pearls in the Bazaar, at the stipulated price of Rs. 92 per "chow." On the fact that the breaking of the contract had resulted practically in no damages, the question which arose was, whether there were to be only nominal damages ; or, as Mr. Taleyarkhan had averred, no damages whatever ? The point of damages was fully gone into in 4 B. L. R. 504 ; there were no appreciable damages in this case, but there were nominal ones. Plaintiffs were awarded one rupee as damages.

As to costs, the plaintiffs were entitled to proceed to the hearing in view of the serious allegations made respecting commercial integrity and so forth in the correspondence, and repeated in the written statement. They had succeeded in clearing themselves of these accusations : They were entitled to costs of the suit. Order accordingly.

AN INHUMAN MOTHER.

On the Appellate Side of the High Court, the Hon. Mr. Justice Chandavarkar and the Hon. Mr. Justice Heaton have disposed of an appeal preferred by Salima, widow of Kazi Hasan, who was in May last convicted by Mr. A. C. Wild, Additional Sessions Judge of Ratnagiri, with leaving her infant child in a ditch, with the intention of wholly abandoning it, and was sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment. Mr. M. B. Chaubal, Government Pleader, appeared for the Crown.

The accused was charged, under section 317 of the Indian Penal Code, with the exposing or leaving of her infant child in a ditch in the Kazi Mohulla at Achre with the intention of wholly abandoning it. The evidence shewed that the accused was with child before 12th April last; and the accused admitted that she gave birth to a child on that date. The evidence of the Police Patel showed that the child was found in a deep ditch, hidden from view. The absence of any care for its safety, for it was quite unprotected from the cold, showed, Mr. Wild remarked, that the intention of the accused was wholly to abandon it. Looking to the circumstances of the case, and disbelieving the explanation of the accused, the Sessions Judge convicted her and sentenced her to one year's rigorous imprisonment.

Their Lordships, taking a merciful view, reduced the sentence to six months' rigorous imprisonment.

Lieutenant-Colonel George William Smith, who died on July 11 at Addiscombe, joined the Army Pay Department in 1872, and served with the 2nd West India Regiment in a punitive expedition against the natives in the Bay of Benin, and also during the Ashantee War of 1873-74, for which he received the medal. He subsequently exchanged into the 67th Regiment, and went through the Afghan War of 1878-80, being present in the engagement at Charasiah and the operations round Cabul, including the investment of Sherpore. For these services he received the medal and two clasps. He retired in 1885 with the honorary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel.

SPORTING NEWS.

FOOTBALL.

The Harwood League.

Yesterday on the Cooperage the Royal Scots "B" team met the Government Telegraphs. The ground, in spite of a sharp shower of rain shortly before the time for play, was in excellent condition and an excellent game was seen. Throughout, the excitement was great, the game being both scientific and fast. For the Telegraph Holman, who usually plays left-wing, went in goal and the usual goal-keeper, Cooke, went left-half. Had Holman remained forward, there is a possibility that his shooting may have won his side the game. Each team pressed in turn and both on occasion came within an ace of scoring, but could never find the net. There was an unfortunate incident shortly after half-time, when Finnigin, the centre-half, and the left half went for the ball at the same time. Their heads met and Finnigin was obliged to leave the field with a cut over his right eye, and a carriage being called was conveyed to Colaba. The Scots consequently played the second half a man short and elected to play four forwards, Ramsden going centre half. Despite this they had rather the better of the game, though Cowper and Greene put in excellent work for the Telegraph and several times looked like scoring. The game however ended in a pointless draw. The scores were :—

Royal Scots "B" .... Nil.
Government Telegraph .... Nil.

TO-DAY'S GAMES.

At 7 a. m. this morning the Royal Scots "B" meet the Y. M. C A. on the Cooperage. On the same ground at 4-45 P. M. the Royal Scots "A" and "B" meet, followed at 6 p. m. by a match between the Bombay Gymkhana and the Rovers.

ROYAL BOMBAY GOLF CLUB.

The Golfers' Cup.

Owing to the marshy condition of Marine Lines Maidan and the sodden state of greens on that side it has become obligatory to close the Golf course for several days and it cannot be played upon again for days to come. The commencement of play in the above competition has therefore been postponed for a week.

Four greens on the Pavilion (or East side) Maidan have however been made ready for practice from and after the 3rd instant until the course is reopened.

SECUNDERABAD POLO.

Games Postponed for Rain.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SECUNDERABAD, August 2.

At 12 midday the Polo Secretary annouced that the polo games down to be played to-day in the Junior Tournament would be postponed till Monday owing to the bad state of the ground following rain.

CRICKET.

Bombay Gymkhana Team.

The following have been selected to play for the Gymkhana A team versus Parsee Gymkhana on the Parsee Gymkhana ground at 2-30: Lt. Philbrick, Capt. J. S. Milne, Capt. Pocock, G. De. Rhe Philipe, P. M. D. Sanderson, T. P. West, C. L. Burns, G. V. Lennit, Major MacDonald, M. Hogg and E. E. Coombs.

POONA 2ND EXTRA MEETING.

EXTRA RACE.

Poona 2nd Extra Meeting Wednesday, 7th August. Entry closed at 8 a.m. on Thursday, 1st August.

Selling Plate—Distance 1/2 mile.

Mr. Vaid's ch a h Scipio 13·2 1/2 Rs. 700
Mr. P R Patvardhan's b a h Andry, 13·2 1/2 Rs. 800
Mr. Ebrahim Mana's b a h Baroda, 13·3 1/4 Rs. 1,000
Messrs. A. Gany and A.A. Saif's b a h Nasrat, 13·2 1/2 Rs. 500
Mr Sulleman Mahalla's ch a h Stamboul 13 2, Rs. 700
Mr. Max Rommel's b a h Maluan, 13 3 1/4 Rs. 800
Mr. S. A. Wahed's g a h Secretary, 13 3 Rs. 500.

BOMBAY RUGBY FOOTBALL TOURNAMENT.

The Bombay Rugby Football Tournament will be held on the 24th to 31st August.

Entrance Fee, Rs. 10.

Entries close on the 17th August, and should be sent to the undersigned as soon as possible.

E. M. WEBB.
Hon. Secretary for Football,
Bombay Gymkhana.

Bombay, *6th July 1907*.

HOMEWARD MAIL.

The P. and O. Co's steamer *China*, Captain Street will sail to-day Marsseilles and London, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—

Alvares, Mr M
Adamjee Peerbhoy, Mr A H
Armsby, Mr O O
Annand, Capt
Archbold, Mr W G A
Banerjee, Mr P
Bunbury, Maj H V
Bhat, Mr P
Barrett, Major-General A A
Barry, Mr P
Berkeley, Master
Bodstein, Mr W H F
Boyd, Mr J
Buchanan, Miss N
Cardan, Capt R J
Casey, Mr
Casey, Miss
Christian, Mr J and child
Cowans, Col J
Oullis, Mr O E
Dowry, Mr F C
Everett, Mr and Mrs W H
Ieke, Mr and Mrs
Flower Master
Gardiner, Mr C E
Grey, Rev H G
Grose, Capt and Mrs
Gladstone, Mr A S
Heaton Mr and Mrs P
Hill, 2 Misses
Hill, Mr C P
Hill, Mr and Mrs C
Holman, Mr and Mrs J
Hawkins, Mr E J
Holmwood, The Hon Mr Justice
Horovitz, Mr T
Jones, Mr H P A B
Jameson, Miss
Kuffe, Lt-Col O
Langley, Mr A
Lawless, S E J
Longair, Mr J
Macdonald, Genl Sir J R L
Mertin, Mr H
Michelmore, Mrs
Mukerjee, Mr R N
Mullaby, Mr J
O'Conor, Mr B F
Ormiby, Mr O C
Patel, Mr J B
Paget, Mrs and Miss
Peter, Major
Piggott, Mr A M
Ransom, Mr H E
Rettray, Major
Rece, Mr J Conway
Reid, Mr L H
Reid, Miss
Ridsdale, Revd A C
Roy, Mr A P
Smith, Mrs Leigh
Smith Capt and Mrs S D
Sonalit, Mr
Stewart, Col W H M
Smith, Mr E
Soucer, Mr L F
Stevens, Mr
Spooner, Mr T J
Stenuon, Mrs
St John, Capt E F
Turnbull, Mr E
Talbot, Maj F O
Thompson, Mrs E E
Taylor, Mr R
Wait, Mr W R
Wait, Mr W R
Waite, Mr W E
Wallach, Mr W
Wallon, Mr and Mrs C H
Windham, Maj
Wood, Mr A B
Wroughton, Mr H W
Wroughton, Mrs and Miss
Wyatt, Rev W
Wynd, Mr G
Webb, Mr M
Whatford, Mr G L
Yule, Mr David

THE WRECKED TORPEDO-BOAT.

Another alarming incident has occured in connection with the attempt to salve the wrecked tropedo-boat No. 99-off torquay. The operations, it will be remembered, have already resulted in the death of Diver Trapnel in a gallant attempt to save whom Diver Leverett risked his life.

Before resuming the salvage operation it was necessary again to locate the wreck. To do this lieutenant Damant who has had charge of the diving himself entered the water.

When at the bottom at a depth of twenty-five fathoms, lieutenant Damont requested that the air supply should be increased. In response more air was pumped to him but his diving dress burst at his right wrist and although he gripped his dress at the wrist tightly before he could with safety be drawn up from the sea the water had entered his suit to the height of his chest.

POONA RACES.

First Entries.

ENTRY CLOSED ON TUESDAY, 30TH JULY 1907.

FIRST DAY—SATURDAY, 7TH SEPTEMBER.

THE YERROWDA PLATE.—Distance—R C and distance over 7 flights. Capt F C Bryant's b e m Reinforcement aged, Mr W O Gibbs' b e m Nell Gwynne aged, Mr S F Reynold's b aus g Advisor by Savanak Persuation, Capt Gibbs and Mr Barton's g aus g London aged, Lt-Col J Desaraj Urs' b aus g Rustler aged, H H Kour Saheb of Patiala's br aus g Lamrock aged, Dr Spooner Hart's b aus g Loch Lochie 6 years, Mr T L Roberts' b aus g Refuge Bay by Bay Middleton—Caledonia aged, Capt W D Grant's b am m Madeira aged, Mr G P Cosens' br aus g Umutbee by Sir Oliver—Poddy aged, Mr H Wishart's b aus g Stockman by Wycombe—Dam by Petrick, Messrs G K and M Goculdass' b aus g Greenstone aged, Mr H P Tomkinson's br aus g Craig, Capt D C Percy Smith's roan aus m Goodwin aged.

THE TRIAL PLATE.—Distance—1 mile. Thakur Sripal Singh's br aus h The Master 6 years, Hon'ble Mr A A Apcar's bl aus g Ballark 5 years, Mr S A Wahed's b e c Sir Galahad 3 years, Mr O M D Bell's b aus g Botha, H H Kour Saheb of Patiala's br aus g Realm by Majestic—Lynett 6 years, H H Kour Saheb of Patiala's br aus g Wandin by Russley—Woodove 6 years, Mr R R S' br aus g Killua aged, Mr R R S' b aus h Circuit by Strathmore—Circle 5 years, Mr P B Avasia's ch e m Preparation by Mceanna—Prepare 4 years, Mr Holmes bl e m Annamullooh, Messrs G K and M Goculdass' br aus m Lady Medal aged, Messrs Wood and Badger's ch e g Sermon aged, Mr Galstaun's br e h Cinder Bill 4 years, Mr Galstaun's b e m Paddy's Darling 4 years, Mr Galstaun's b aus g Berthier by Fucile—Polly John 6 years, Mr Galstaun's bl aus g Dulcimer aged, Mr Galstaun's br e m Killeevan, Mr Jiji's b or br aus h Boabdil by Bobadil—Circle 5 years, Mr Jiji's br e g Stirabout by Melange—Lady Athej 3 years, Mr Dartmoor's ch e g Saoristan II 5 years.

H H THE FIRST AGA KHAN'S COMMEMORATION PLATE.—Distance—1 1/4 miles. Col Kavanagh's g a h Money Spinner 14-0 aged, Thakar Sripal Singh's g a h Soheil aged, Mr G K's ch a h Kalee Charan 4 years, Mr G K's b a h Adonis aged, Mr O K's b a h Berlin 6 years, Aga Mirza Ahmed and S A Wahed's ch a h Krushan 4 years, Mr A Razak's g a h Young Cardigan 14-0 aged, Mr A Razak's br a h Sherlock 5 years, Khan Bahadur Abdul Razak bin Curtas' b a h Hadee 4 years, Mr W S Clark's ch a h Nooman 13-3¾ 4 years, M A Khan's ch a h Nooman 13-3¾ aged, Mr Ali bin Talib's b a h Egypt aged, Mr Ali bin Talib's b a h Hampstead aged, Mr Ali bin Talib's g a h Eed 14-0 aged, Mr A M Ameer's g a h Young Kohinoor 14-0 aged Mr A M Ameer's b a h The Barb 4 years, Mr R R S' g a h Precious aged, Mr R R S g a h Vasco 14-0 aged, Mr J M Mistry's g a h Joker 4 years, Mr Khalil Doorees ch a h Makhool aged, Mr Mahomed Hajee Ebrahim's g a h Swordsman aged, Mr D Runchordas' g a h Ashroff 14-0 aged, Mr D Runchordass' g a h Spearmint 5 years, Messrs M Goculdass and A Nanjee's ch a h Galopin 3 years Mr Toolsidass Tejpals g a h Antica 13 1/2 aged, Mr Vaids b a h Peculiar aged.

THE MAIDEN PLATE.—Distance—7 furlongs.

Mr G K's b a h Madrid 14, Aga Mirza Ahmed & S A Wahed's b a h Elector 13 3-3-4, Messrs A S Oomer and A Gany's g a h Maharaja 13 3 1-2, Mr S A Wahed's b a h Angler 13-3, Mr A M Bushari's b a h Wadi 14, Lt.-Col. J Desaraj Urs' b a h Nippon 14, Aga S Shah's b a h Burhan 14, Mr A K Readymoney's b a h Mudlool 13 2 1-2. Mr M A Khan's ch a h Salanic 14, H H Kour Saheb of Patiala's g a h Commander 13 3 1-2, Mr P R Patvardhan's g a h Little Sanaya 13-3, Mr A M Ameer's ch a h Royal Red 13 3 1-2, Mr A M Ameer's ch a h Caravan 13-3, Mr R R S' g a h Vasco 14, Mr P H Barns g a h Mumbra 13 3 1-2, Mr W Graham's b a h Moonib Pasha 13 3 (by wire), Mr P Nathoobhoy's b a h Gafal 13 1 1-4, Er Hajee Sheriff Shabag's b a h Company 14, Mr Artin A Essayee's g a h Express 13 3 1-2, Mr Tracey's ch a h Lucky Prince 13 3 1-2, Mr Adil's b a h Dumra 13 3 1-2, Mr Adil's g a h Sruire 13 3, Mr D Runchordass' g a h Meerjan 13 3 3-4, Messrs M Goculdass A Nanjee & S A Wahed's g a h Highborn 13 3 1-2, Messrs M Goculdass and A Nanjee's ch a h Vedas 14, Messrs M Goculdass and F M Garda's b a h Kour Saheb 13 3 12 Mr Toolsidass Tejpal's g a h Antica 13 3 1-2, Lt. Col. J S Forbes' g a h Multiform 14, Messrs M Goculdass and A Nanjee's g a h Calcutta 13 3, Mr Jassim Mahomed b a h Salawar 13 3, Captain Winter's br a h Whirlwind 13 2 14 by wire.

THE NEW PLATE.—Distance—About 5 furlongs. Mr E C Ramshaw's br aus m Wakeful 14 1 3-4, Mr O M D Bell's br e m Psalm 14 2. Lt.-Col J Desaraj Urs' b aus g Minimus 14 1 3-4, Lt.-Col J Desaraj Urs' b e g Little Admiral 14 2, Mr Kelso's ch aus g Encourage by Courage—Jewel 14 1 1-4, H H Kour Saheb of Patiala's b e m Mahaluxhmi 14 12, Mr Kelso's b aus m Russley Rose 14 1, Mr P B Avasia's br aus g Chippy Norton 14 1 3 4, Mr R R S' bl aus g Comeback 14 2. Lt.Col J S Forbes' br e g Eminent 14 1-2 Mr P Nathoobhoy's ch aus g Haydn 14, Messrs M Goculdass and A Nanjee's bl aus m Gun Metal 14 1 3 4, Messrs G K and M Goculdass' br aus m Minnie late Pantry Girl 14-2.

THE LILLIPUTS.—Distance—½ mile.—Mr Abdul Gany's g a h Sabah 13 3, Mr E W Essa's g a h Mufrud 13 2¾, Mr S A Wahed's ch a h Yatim 13 3, Mr S A Wahed's ch a h Solicitor 13 2½, Mr Khan Bahadur Abdul Razak bin Curtas' ch a h Saeed 13 2¾, Mr Kelso's g a h Young Gazelle 13 2, Mr P R Patvardhan's g a h Little Sanaya 13 3, Mr P R Patvardhan's b a h Andry 13 2½, Mr Syed Rasheed's ch a g Sahoon 13 2¾, Mr R R S' b a h Rose 13 3, Mr A J DeSouza's b a h Sir Jamal 13 1¾, Mr S N Mahomed's g a h Darby 13 2½, Mr Hajee Ali Shabag's g a h Shanwar 13 3, Mr Khalil Dooree's ch a h Amood 13 3, Mr Ali bin Hassan's ch a h Sib 13 2½, Mr Adil's g a h Squire 13 3, Mr D Runchordass' b a h Engine 13 3, Mr D Runchordass' ch a h Muzeade 13 1¾, Messrs M Goculdass and A Nanjee's b a h Bay Middleton 13 3, Messrs Wood and Badger's ch a h Dilerjung 13 3, Mr Hajee Sulleman's b a h Gaucho 13 2¾ Mr Vaid's ch a h Scipio 13 2½, Captain Winter's Liberal (by wire).

SECOND DAY, WEDNESDAY, 11TH SEPTEMBER.

THE KHARAKWASLA PLATE.—Distance—R C and listances over 7 flights.—Mr W T Miles' ch aus m Daphne 14 1, Captain H A L Mundy's bl aus m Blue Wing 13 3¼, Lt-Col J Desaraj Urs' b aus m Lucrestia 14 1, Mr P Hannyngton's b aus g Fortunatus by Fortune Teller—dam Unknown 14 2, Captain W D Grant's h aus m Perquisite 14 1, Messrs M Goculdass and A Nanjee's bl aus g Bull's Eye 14 2.

THE POONA PLATE —Distance—about 5 furlongs—Mr J B's b aus g Chivalry by Conqueror—Justice, Thakur Sripal Singh's ch aus m Rustile, Mr S A Wahed's br e c Chevalier by Spring Cottage—Charlotte 3 years, Mr O M D Bell's br e m Psalm 14 2. Lt-Col J Desaraj Urs' br aus m Twistum 4 years, H H Kour Saheb of Patiala's b aus g Mozart by Harmonist 6 years, Col Beaver's b aus g Manlock aged, Mr R R S' br aus g Killua, Messrs Pfaff and Rommel's b aus m Projecture 6 years Mr Holmes' bl e m Annamulloch, Messrs G K and M Goculdass' ch e f Ianthe 3 years, Messrs G K and M Goculdass and Nimmo's ch Irish f Zotique 3 years, Messrs Wood and Badger's ch e g Sermon, Messrs Wood and Badger's br e m Ferndown, Mr Toolsidass Tejpal's br aus m Adelaide aged, Mr Galstaun's br e m Killeevan, Mr Galstaun's bl aus g Dulcimer, Mr Galstaun's b e m Paddy's Darling, Mr Galstaun's br aus g Prince Lyon, Mr W Hutchins' b aus g Vocalist, Mr Jiji's br e g Stirabout 3 years, Mr Vaid's b e g Cossack, Mr Dartmoor's ch aus g Amyas.

THE CRITERION.—Distance—7 furlongs.—Thakur Sripal Singh's b aus g Flotsam, Mr S A Wahed's b e c Sir Galahad 3 years, Mr O M D Bell's b aus g Botha, H H Aga Khan's b aus g Admiral Crichton 5 years, Aga S Shah's br e c Sugar Apple by Persimmon—Rosalys 3 years, Mr Kelso's br aus g St Patrick by St Swithin—Linguria aged, H H Kour Saheb of Patiala's bl aus g Mallinyook 6 years, H H Kour Saheb of Patiala's b aus g Trenavr 6 years, Dr Spooner Hart's b aus m Jacqueline 5 years, Mr R R S' b aus m Metal Maid, Mr P B Avasia's ch e g Presbyterian, Mr P B Avasia's ch e m Preparation, Mr P B Avasia's ch e m Conscience late Lena Hawk filly by Hopbine—Lena Hawk 3 years, Messrs M Goculdass and A Nanjee's b e m Primerole 6 years, Messrs G K and M Goculdass' br aus m Lady Metal aged, Messrs G K and M Goculdass' and Nimmo's ch irish f Zotique 3 years, Messrs Wood and Badger's br e g Keenadan by St Aidan—Keen 6 years, Messrs Wood and Badger's b e m Mothe Goose, Messrs Wood and Badger' b e g Squire Alfred, Mr Galstaun's b aus m Windy 5 years, Mr W J Hutchin's b aus m Spires.

THE POONA DERBY.—Distance—1½ mile.—Mr J B's b a h Remembrance (4 years), Mr G K's ch a h Kalee Charen (4 years), Mr G K's b a h Adonis (aged), Aga Mirza Ahmed and S A Wahed's ch a h Krushana (4 years), Mr A Razak's b a h Sharlock (5 years), Mr A Rehman's b a h Sirmust (4 years) Mr S A Wahed's b a h Iconomy (3 years), Khan Bahadur Abdul Razak bin Curta's b a h Hadee (4 years), Mr W S Clarke's ch a h Aima (4 years), Mr M A Khan's ch a h Nooman 13 3¼ (aged), H H Kour Saheb of Patiala's g a h Commander 13 3¼, Mr Ali bin Talib's ch a h Hadhur (aged), Mr Ali bin Taib's g a h Swallor (aged), Mr A H Ameer's g a h Young Kohinoor 14 0 (aged), Mr A M Ameer's b a h The Barb (4 years), Mr R R S' g a h Vasco 14 0 (aged), Messrs Pfaff and Rommel's ch a h Deenar (6 years), (6 years), Mr J M Mistry's g a h Joker (4 years), Mr Khalil Dooree's b a h Makjoom aged, Mr N J Jacob's g a h Asad aged Mr Peel's bl a h Yaffa 4 years, Mr Mahomed Hajee Ebrahim's g a h Sworpdsman aged, Mr D Runchordas g a h Ashroff 14 aged, Mr D Runchordass' g a h Spearmint 5 years Messrs M Goculdas and A Nanjee's ch a h Galopin 3 years, Messrs M Goculdas A Nanjee's and S A Wahed's g a h Highborn 13 3 1/2 6 years, Mr Toolsidass Tejpal's g a h Antica 13 3 1/2 aged, Mr Vaid's b a h peculiar aged, Mr Daya Khalil's g a h Anee 13 3 1 2 aged, Mr Hoosain Obayed's ch a h Dhafer 4 years.

THE DEALERS PLATE.—Distance—1 mile.—Mr A Razak's br a h Osborne 13 3¼, Mr A Razak's g a h Young Cardigan 14 0 Lt-Col J Desaraj Urs b a h Nippon 14 0, Aga S Shah's g a h Grey Falcon 13 2¾ Mr Ali bin Talib's g a h Eed 14 0, Mr A M Ameer's ch a h Royal Red 13 3¼, Mr R R S' ch a h Tachreet Mr R R S' ch a h Mint 13-3, Mr W Graham's b a h Moonib Pasha 13-3 (by wire), Mr Hajee Sherriff Shabag's b a h Company 14-0 Mr Artin A Essayee's g a h Mr Tracey's ch a h Lucky Prince 13 3¼, Mr D Runchordass' g a h Ashroff 14 0, Messrs M Goculdass and A Nanjee's b a h Bay Middleton 13 3, Messrs M Goculdas and A Nanjee's g a h False Start 13 3, Messrs Wood and Badger's ch a h Dilerjung 13 3 Mr Vaid's g a h Zurriff 13 2 1 2, Captain Winter's Bocksand (by wire).

THE ARAB PONY DERBY.—Distance—6 furlongs. Lt-Col Abud's b a h Musket 13 2 1-4, Mr S A Wahed's ch a h Yatim 13 3, Mr S A Wahed's ch a h Solicitor 13 2 1-2, Mr S A Wahed's b a h Angler 13-3, Aga S Shah's g a h Peregrine 13 2 3 4, Khan Bahadur Abdul Razak bin Curtas' ch a h Saeed 13 2 3 4, Mr A K Readymoney's b a h Mudlool 13 2 1 2, Mr P R Patwardhan's g a h Little Sanaya 13 3, Mr Syed Rasheed's ch a g Sahoon 13 2 3 4, Mr A M Ameer's ch a h Caravan 13 3, Mr P Nathoobhoy's b a h Gafal 13 1 1-4. Mr S N Mahomed's g a h Darby 13 2 1-2. Mr Hajee Ally Shabag's g a h Shanwar 10 3, Aga Mirza Ahmed's g a h Shabeeb 13 2 1 2, Mr Mujeed Jurji's g a h Silver Stream 13 2 12, Messrs G S Mahomed. A A Saif & L K Kapadia's b a h Settler 13 1 1 2, Mr Adil's g a h Squire 13 2, Mr D Runchordass' b a h Engine 13 3, Messrs M Goculdass and A Nanjee's g a h Calcutta 13 2, Messrs M Goculdass and A Nanjee's g a h Caroon 13 2 3 4, Mr Hajee Sulleman's b a h Gaucho 13 2 3 4, Mr Abdul Razak Abdul Rehman's g a h Fadil 13 2 1 2, Mr Mahomed Kassum's g a h Tuticorin 13 2, Mr Vaid's ch a h Scipio 13 2 12, Captain H D McNeile's b a h Colonel 13 2 1-4.

THIRD DAY—SATURDAY, 14TH SEPTEMBER 1907.

THE POONA GRAND ANNUAL.—Distance—About 2 Miles over 9 flights. Captain F C Bryant's b e m Reinforcement aged, Mr W O Gibb's b e m Nell Gwynne aged, Mr S F Reynold's b aus g Advisor aged, Hon'ble Mr A A Apcar's b aus m Seclusion 5 years, Lt Col J Desaraj Urs' b aus g Rustler aged, H H Kour Saheb of Patiala's b aus g Lamrock aged, Dr Spooner Hart's b aus g Madeira Mr G P Cosens' br aus g Umutbee, Mr T L Roberts' b aus g Refuge Bay, Mr P H Burn's b aus g Sainfoin, Mr H Wishart's b aus Stockman, Messrs G K & M Goculdass b aus g Greenstone, Mr H P Tomkinson's br aus g Craig. Captain D C Percy Smith's roan aus m Goodwin.

THE AGA KHAN'S CUP.—Distance 1 1/2 miles. Thakur Sripal Singh's br aus h The Master, Hon'ble Mr A A Spear's bl aus g Ballark, Mr O M D Bell's br aus h Mount Dane, Mr Hajee Oosman Ibrahim Saut's b aus g Trenton aged, H H Kour Saheb of Patiala's br aus g Realm 6 years, Mr R R S's b aus h Circuit 5 years, Mr. P B Avasia's ch e m Preparation, Messrs G K and M Goculdass' br e g Clear artist 5 years, Mr Gaulstaun's br aus g Prince Lyon, Mr Galstaun's b e m Peddy's Darling, Mr Galstaun's br e h Cinder Bill, Mr Jiji's b or br aus h Boabdil.

THE AUTUMN PLATE.—Distance—6 furlongs.—Thakur Sripal Singh's ch aus m Rustile, Thakur Sripal Singh's b aus g Flotsam, Mr S A Wahed's br e c Chevalier 3 years, Mr O M C Bell's b aus g Botha, Lt-Col J Desaraj Urs' br aus m Twistum, Aga S Shah's ch e c Forfeit by Forfarshire—Lady Spencer 3 years, Mr Kelso's br aus g St. Patrick, Mr Kelso's b aus g Harpist, H H Kour Saheb of Patiala's bl aus g Mallinyock, H H Kour Saheb of Patiala's b aus g Trenayr, Dr Spooner Hart's b auf m Jacqueline, Mr R R S' b aus m Metal Maid Mr R R S' b aus m Posco Mr P B Avasia's ch e g Presbyterian, Mr P B Avasia's d aus g Dormant, Messrs Pfaff and Rommel's b aus m Projecture, Mr D Runchordass' b e m Faded Lily by Martagon—Flying Hack 3 years, Messrs M Goculdass and A Nanjee's b e m Primerole 6 years, Messrs M Goculdass and A Nanjee's b am m Balayeuse 6 years Messrs G K and M Goculdass br aus m Lady Metal Messrs G K and M GocSldais ch e f Ianthe 3 years, Messrs Wood and Badger's br e m Ferndown, Messrs Wood and Badger's b a g Squire Alfred, Messrs Wood and Badger's b e m Mother Goose, Messrs Wood and Badger's ch e m Dunsinae, Mr Toolsidass Tejpal's br aus m Adelaide, Mr Galstaun's br e m Killeevan Mr Galstaun's br aus g Prince Lyon, Mr Galstauns br e h Cinder Bill, Mr Galstauns b aus m Windy, Mr Galstauns bl aus g Silphæ Mr Jiji's br e g Stirabout Mr Vaid's b e g Cossack.

THE BEDOUIN PLATE.—Distance—1 mile—Col Kavanagh's g a h Money Spinner 14. Mr J B's b a h Remembrance 4 years, Mr J B's b a h Nizam aged, Thakur Sripal Singh's g a h Soheil aged, Major G A Lesles g a h Let go aged, Mr G K's b a h Berlin 6 years Mr G K's b a h Bendigo 6 years, Mr G K's ch a h Kalee Charan 4 years, Mr A Razak's g a h Young Cardigan 14-0 aged, Mr A Razak's br a h Sherlock 5 years, Mr S A Wahed's g a h Skylark 14 aged, Mr A M Bushari's b a h Panala II 13 2 aged, Aga S Shah's ch a h Ajax aged, Khan Bahadur Abdul Razak bin Curtas' b a h Hadee 4 years, Mr W S Clarke's ch a h Alma 4 years, Mr M A Khan's ch a h Nooman 13 3¼ aged, Mr Ali bin Talib's b a h Egypt aged, Ali bin Talib's ch a h Nusser aged, Mr Ali bin Talib's g a h Eed 14-0 aged, Mr A M Ameer's b a h Wait a-While aged, Mr R R S. g a h Precious aged, Mr R B S. ch a h Tachreet 13 3 3/4 aged, Messrs Pfaff and Rommel's ch a h Deenar 6 yecrs, Mr J M Mistry,s g a h Joker 4 years, Mr Khalil Dooree's ch a h Makhool aged, Mr Mahomed Hajee Ebrahim s g a h Swordsman aged, Mr D Ranchordass' g a h Ashroff 14-0 aged, Mr D Ranchordass' g a h Spearmint 5 years, Messrs. M Goculdas and A Nanjee's ch a h Royal 5 years, Messrs M Goculdass and A Nanjee,s g a h False Start 14 3¾ 6 years, Messrs M Goculdass Nanjee,s and S A Wahed's g a h Highborn 13 3½ 6 years, Messrs Wood and Badger's ch a h Dilurjung 13 2 aged, Mr Toolsidass Tejpal's g a h Antica 13 3½ aged, Mr Toolsidass Tejpal's b a h Scarlet 4 years, Mr Vaid's b a h Peculiar aged, Captain Winter's Rocksand by wire.

THE WANOWRIE PLATE.—Distance—6 furlongs. Aga Mirza Ahmed & S A Wahed's b e h Elector 13-3 3/4 Messrs A S Oomer & A Gany's g a h Maharaja 13-3¼ Mr A Razak's br a h Osborne 13-3¼, Mr. S A Wahed's. ch a h Yatim 13-3, Mr A M Bushari's b a h Wadi 14-0, Mr Hajee Osman Ibrahim Sait's ch a h William Rufus 13-2 Lieut-Col J Desaraj Urs b a h Nippon 14-0 Aga S Shah's g a h Grey Falcon 13-2¾, Aga S Shah's b a h Burhan 14-0, Khan Bahadur Abdul Razak bin Curtas' ch a h Saeed 13-2 3/4, Mr Kelso's g a h Young Gazelle 13-2, Mr K Readymoney's b a h Mudlool 13-2½, Mr Ali bin Talib's g a h Eed 14-0, Mr A M Ameer's ch a h Caravan 13-3, Mr R R S' b a h Rose 13-3, Mr R R S' b a h Scimitar 13-2 3/4, Mr A J DeSouz's b a h Sie Jamal 13-1¾, Mr P H Burn's g a h MuAbra 13-3½, Mr P Nathoobhoy's b a h Gafal 13-1¼. Mr S N Mahomed's g a h Derby 13-2½, Mr Hajee Ally Shabag's g a h Shanwar 13-3, Mr Artin A Essayee's g a h Little Joker 13 1¾, Mr Tracey's ch a h Luckp Prince 13-3½ Mr Adil's b a h Dumra 13-3½, Ms Adil's g a h Squire 13-0, Mr D Runchordas's g a h Ashroff 14-0, Messrs M Goculdass and A Nanjee's ch a h Vedas 13-3, Messrs M Goculdass and A Nanjee's b a h Bay Middleton 13-3, Messrs Wood and Badger's ch a h Dilerjung 13-3 Mr Ebrahim Mana's b a h Baroda 13 3 1/4.

THE INTERNATIONAL PLATE.—Distance—6 furlongs.

Mr E C Ramsha's br aus m Wakeful 14-1 3/4, Mr G K's ch aus Virballa 14-2, Mr O M D Bell's br e m Psalm 14-2, Lt-Col J Desaraj Urs' b aus g Minimus 14-1 3/4, Lt-Col J Desaraj Urs' b e g Little Admiral 14-2, Aga S Shah's b aus m Weah Love 14-1 1/2, Mr Kelso's b aus g m Russley Rose 14-1, Mr Kelso's ch aus g Encourage 14-1 1/4, H H Kour Saheb of Patiala's br e m Mahaluxhmis 14-1 1/2, H H Kour Saheb of Patiala's br ch on Luckpenny 14-2, Mr R R S' bl aus g Comeback 14-2, Mr P B Avasia's br aus g Chippy Norton 14-1 3/4, Mr P Nathoobhoy's ch aus g Haydn 14, Mr Artin T Essayie's br aus g Koko 14-2, Messrs M Goculdass and A Nanjee's bl aus m Gun Metal 14-1 3/4, Messrs G K and M Goculdass' br aus m Miunie late Pantry Girl 14-2, Mr Galstaun's b aus h Maralgia 14-1 1/2, Captain Meynell's ch e m Recovery 14-2. Mr Vaid's b aus h Manueville 14-2,

FOURTH DAY—WEDNESDAY 18TH SEPTEMBER 1907.

THE POONA GRAND NATIONAL.—Distance about 2 miles 1 furlong.

Mr W T Miles' ch aus g Senator aged Mr W O Gibbs b e m Nell Gwynne aged Mr S F Reynolds' b aus g Advisor Capt Gibb and Mr Borton's g aus g London agee Lt-Col J Desaraj Urs' b aug Rustler agee H H Kour Saheb of Patiala's br aus g Lamrock Dr Spooner Hart's b aus g Loch Loobie Captain W D Grants's b am m Madeira Mr H Wishart's b aus g Stockman Messrs M Goculdass and A Nanjee's bl aus g Bull's Eye 14-2 Mr H P Tomkinson's br aus g Craig Capt D C Percy Smith's roans m Goodwin.

THE PONY CHAMPION CHASE.—Distance—About 1 mile 7 furlongs over Pony Steeplechase Course.

Mr W T Miles' ch aus m Daphne 14-5 Captain H A L Mundy's b aus m Blue Wing 13-3¼ Lt-Col J Desaraj Urs' ch aus m Lucretia 14-1 Captain A K Heyland's ch irisb m Sharavogue by Blair Aidon—Winkfield 14-1 Mr P Hanngton's b aus g Fortunatus 14-2 Captain W D Grant's b aus m Perquisite 14-1 Messrs M Goculdass and A Nanjee's bl aus m Bull's Eye 14-2.

THE DEALERS PLATE.—Distance—7 furlongs.

Mr J B's b a h Nizam aged Mr G K's ch a h Kalee Charan 4 years Mr G K's b a h Manchester 4 years Mr G K's b a h Madrid 14-0 aged Aga Mirza Ahmed and S A Wabed's ch a h Krushan 4 years Mr A Razak's br a h Sherlock 5 years Mr S A Wahed's b a h Isonomy 3 years Aga S Sha's b a h Reality aged Khan Bahadur Abdul Razak bin Curtas' b a h Hadee 4 years Mr W S Clarke's ch a h Alma 4 years.

H H Kour Saheb of Patiala's g a h Commander 13 3¾ aged. Mr Ali bin Talib's g a h Swallor aged, Mr Ali bin Talib's ch a h Great Shot aged, Mr A M Ameer's b a h The Barb 4 years, Mr A M Ameer's g a h Poseidon 4 years, Messrs Pfaff and Rommel's ch a h Deenar 6 years, Messrs Yusuff Sheriff and Sahad bin Faraj's b a h Makbul 14 6 years, Mr Faraj bin Sanad's b a h Hazza 13 3¼ 3 years, Mr J M Mistry's g a h Joker 4 years, Mr Hajee Sherriff Shabag's b a h Company 14 aged, Mr Mukdasi Abdoola's g a h Zir 14 5 years, Mr Ahmed Dawood's g a h Thuyyar 13 3¼ aged, Mr Artin A Essayie's g a h Express 13 3¼ 4 years, Mr Mahomed bin Bakar's g a h Kawakib 4 years, Mr Adil's b a h Dumra 13 3¼ 4 years, Mr D Ranchordass' g a h Spearmint 5 years, Mr D Ruachodass' g a h Meerjan 13 3½ 4 years, Messrs M Goculdass and A Nanjee's ch a h Nazzar 14 4 years, Messrs A S Oomer and A Gany's g a h Maharaja 13 3¼ 6 years, Mr Sulleman Mahalla's Mr Hajee Sulleman's b a h Meedhri 13 3¼ 5 years, Mr Toolsidass Tejpal's g a h Petroleum aged, Mr Fatteh Dapa's ch a h Idbis 14 4 years, Mr Hooseain Obayed's ch a h Dhafer 4 years, Captain Winter's Rocksand by wire.

THE NAVAL AND MILITARY PLATE.—Distance—6 furlongs.—Major G A Leslie's g a h Let Go 14¼, Lt-Col Abud's b a h Musket 13 2¼, Lt-Col Abud's b a h Martini 13 2¾, Captain W D Grant's ch a g Little Exile 14¼, Mr Morison's g a h Young Lemond 14, Mr Morison's g a g Honey 13 2¾. Capt D O Pjrsy Smith's g a g Wareed 12 3¾, Capt H D McNeile's b a h Colonel 13 2¼, Captain Winter's Rocksand by wire, Captain Winter's Liberal by wire.

THE MURDER OF A MAHARAJA.

Story Of a Cold-Blooded Conspiracy.

ALLEGED INSTIGATION By A GRANDSON.

APPROVER'S AMAZING STORY.

One of the most remarkable murder trials that has taken place in recent years in Bengal began last week, when three men, Juman, durzi, Sital Singh, and Bunwari, khawas, were put up before Mr. J. C. Twidell, Sessions Judge of Bhagalpur, charged with the murder of the Maharaja Harbullabh Narain Singh, K. C. I. E., of Sonbursa. The Maharaja, it will be remembered, was shot dead one evening some months ago at Kamp, a village about five miles from Sombursa, where he had a house.

The first three days of hearing were occupied with the evidence and cross-examination of Bhoju, one of the men orginally arrested in connection with the crime, who has now turned approver. He told a most sensational story, alleging that the murder was the outcome of a cold-blooded conspiracy engineered by the Maharaja's younger grandson, with whom the Maharaja was, it is alleged, on bad terms owing to his profligate habits. The same grandson was also, it was believed, chosen to be his successor.

Babu Girish Chunder Banerjee, Public Prosecutor, appeared for the Crown. Messrs. Ali Imam and Mozuffar Ali, barristers-at-law, and Maulvi Allauddin Ahmed, pleader, appeared for the accused.

THE CONSPIRATOR'S STORY.

The Public Prosecutor, having briefly opened the case for the Crown, proceeded to examine Bhoju, the approver, who, in his examination in-chief, said:—

I am a khawas and cultivator. I knew the Maharaja Bahadur of Sonbursa I was his khawas for 16 years up to the day of his death. The Maharaja's residence was at Sonbursa. He had no son. He had one daughter. She lived with her husband at Burwar, in Jaipur. She had two sons, Rai Bahadur Gobind Singbji, who was also called the Bara Lal Saheb, aged about 25 ; the second son was Rudra Pratab Singh, who was also called the Chota Lal Saheb, aged 20. These two grandsons lived at Sonbursa with the Maharaja. The Chota Lal drank much liquor and associated with mean and low people, and these low associates brought him women of the viliage, and his servants also procured bad women for him. Of these servants there are present Jumman Durzi and Bunwari. Sital Singh was not servant of the Maharaja or of the Chota Lal Saheb, but he was an associate of the Chota Lal Saheb. Jaman Darzi was a tailor of the Maharaja. Bunwari was a khawas of the Maharaja, Juman and Sital were great friends. Bunwari was also on very friendly terms with these two. I was also an associate of theirs. The Maharaja knew of the conduct of the Chota Lal Saheb. Some times he scolded him severely. The Maharaja was also much annoyed with the three accused for helping the Chota Lal Saheb in his drinking and profligacy. All the servants and peons were displeased with the Maharaja because he beat them, abused them, and fined them. The Maharaja dismissed Bunwari Khawas, and had him put out of caste. He remained out of caste for two years: he came and besought the Maharaja, and the Maharaja, pardoned him and took him back into service. Then he also got his caste back.

CHOTA LAL SAHEB IMPLICATED.

In consequence of the conduct of the Maharaja towards the Chota Lal Saheb and the servants, the Chota Lal Saheb made a conspiracy. This was six months before the Maharaja's death. On that the Maharaja had scolded the Chota Lal Saheb much for drinking heavily. In that conspiracy Mangru Khawas, Bunwari Khawas accused identified Kesi Tahlu Rabi Tahlu Bulhan Jha cook and I took part. The Chota Lal Saheb sent for us and also Chunderdhari Lal, the Maharaja's putwari. Baja Mandal and Harihar Mandal also knew of it The Chota Lal Saheb said that the Maharaja had scolded him much that day and that he was also angry with us. Then he said that a committee should be formed so that the Maharaja might be killed, and that we should not be afraid of killing him, that he would have the Raj and that there was no fear. We all said just as you please. We all knew that the Chota Lal Saheb would succeed : the Maharaja had said that he would give his Raj to the Chota Lal Saheb, The Chota Lal Saheb used sometimes to wear a golden lungar on his leg. The Chota Lal Saheb said in Jeth last year that the lungar was stolen.

Witness continued : I heard the Maharaja say that he had learned that the Chota Lal had given the lungar to Jumman's niece. The Chota Lal kept Jumman's niece. The Maharaja upbraided the Chota Lal Saheb for acting in this way. The Maharaja scolded Bunwari Khawas, saying I put you to watch over the Chota Lal Saheb and his property. Why did you allow him to give away the lungar.

In Kartic of last year after that Jeth the Maharaja went to Saidpur again on his way to Baidyanath. Bunwari Khawas and I were with him as khawas, also Bhajju chaprasi. Chanderdhari Lal, Kesi Tahlu, Rabi Tahlu, Jhanki Tahlu and Bulhan Jha cook. At 8 p. m. one night I saw Sital Singh in an orchard which was about one russi away from the Maharaja's bungalow. All the men whom I have named were there. We asked who is there? He said "Sital Singh. We said "Why have you come ?" He said "You all knew that there was a committee at Sonbursa to kill the Maharaja; the Chota Lal has sent me to kill him. He showed us a six-barrelled revolver. We all scolded him and said "Don't do this." He went away. We said "The Maharaja is going to Baidyanath to make libations of water; don't do the deed here.

In Chait last, I don't know on what date of the month, the Maharaja went on tour, first to Sahoria, where he stayed for two days, thence to Sahugurh, where he stayed for 12 days, and thence to Kamp. Kamp is five kos from Sonbursa. He stayed there for four days. On the fifth day we were to have gone back to Sonbursa. At Kamp the Maharaja stayed in his own house which is a short distance from the village. Dhanukhi said that the Chota Lal Saheb had sent Sital Singh and Juman Darzi to murder the Maharaja and that they were sitting by a tank at the muth. We agreed that, as it had already been settled that the Maharaja should be murdered, the deed should be done. I said, "Brothers, don't to this deed." They were all angry with me and abused me saying: There are so many men who agree, why should you object?" I said, "I won't do this ; you do as you like. I won't fall in with you."

The murder was then described in detail.

"We all knew that the Maharaja" was to be killed but we all went on with our work, said the witness.

RAILWAY BUILT FROM STAMPS.

The Turkish Government is embarking on a novel scheme for raising funds to build a railway. During next month it will dispose of 17,000,000 Government stamps. The collection contains current stamps of the realm, and also specimens which are valuable from a collector's point of view.

The sale will be effected by tender. Each Turkish Embassy and Legation is supplied with albums containing specimens of the stamps, and also copies of the conditions of sale, the latter being in the course of translation from Turkish. The proceeds of the sale are to form a nucleus for the buildings found of the new railway to be constructed between Damascus and Beirut.

MR. MARCONI'S ATLANTIC FEAT.

Mr. Marconi, who sails for England on board the Allan liner Victoria from Montreal to-day, announces that his recent experiments with wireless telegraphy at Glace Bay, near Cape Breton, have proved succesful beyond all expectations.

During the past few weeks Mr. Marconi has succeeded in sending scores of messages across the Atlantic to Poldhu in Cornwall. He will return to Canada after "turning up" the instruments at Poldhu, and declares that when the Glace B[illegible] struments have been "tuned up" to [illegible] ing pitch, the problem of speedy and [illegible] wireless communication across the [illegible] completely solved.

SAYINGS OF CHRIST.

Fresh Discovery of Manuscript.

SOLD FOR A FEW POUNDS.

The latest of the many discoveries by archæologists in Egypt occurred some months ago at Edfu in Upper Egypt, near the site of an old Coptic monastery. A native, clearing his ground of stones accidentally laid bare a small tomblike receptacle.

In this he found a number of parchment MSS., bound in thick papyrus covers. He sold them to an Arab dealer for a few pounds, and the Arab in turn sold them to a Copt for £500.

The news had by this time gone abroad and the representatives of the foreign museums made energetic efforts to acquire the MSS. The good fortune of securing them fell to Mr.de Rustafjaell F.R.G.S., the well-known traveller and explorer and he sent them to England since when a great foreign University has tried to obtain them.

The MSS. had already been identified as a unique Coptic and Greek ecclesiastical MSS. of the ninth to the eleventh centuries of great archæological importance and about a dozen rolls of sixth-century papyri. Among them are twent-five leaves of apocryphal sayings of Christ in a Coptic translation of a lost Greek original, of which previously only thirteen leaves were known twelve in the National Gallery at Paris and one at Berlin.

The discovery also comprised parts of the Gospels of St. Mathew, St. Mark and St. Luke in Greek and Coptic, the Apocalypse of John in Coptic the histories of the Miracles by Cosmos and Damien, dated sixth century, a sermon by St. Pisenthios in Coptic, this copy is unique; a sermon by St. Cyril A.D. 351-386 on the Sacred Cross in Coptic from an existing Greek original; this is the only complete edition and a unique MSS. in the Nubian language dealing with the life of St. Menos and the canons of the Nicaean Council.

A UNIQUE LANGUAGE.

Only fragments of MSS. in the Nubian language have been discovered hitherto. There are very few scholars in the language and scarcely any published literature. Hence the present volume which is in an excellent state of preservation, is of first rate importance.

From a dedication in one of the MSS. the monastry on the site of which they were discovered, is proved to have been named "St. Mercury of the Mount at Edfu, and one of the volumes is a history of the Martyrdom of St. Mercurios.

A modern Coptic monastery stands near the site but the name of the older foundation had been entirely lost until this discovery.

Egypt has also yielded another "find" to Mr. de Rustafjaell's researches. In the Desert of the Nile he found, among the remains of the Palæolithic flint factories, a number of crude and weather-beaten limestone vessels, resembling troughs and pots like ironstone concretions. He holds them to be of the Palæolithic age. They are certainly older than the Neolithic age, which covered a considerable period in Egypt before the advent of the First Dynasty in B.C. 4440.

Mr.de Rustafjaell thinks it is difficult to overestimate the importance of this discovery in connection with the history of civilisation in general and the evolution of pottery in particular. Some of the vessels have already been promised to the British Museum.

Mr. Rustafjaell, in an interview, told a "Daily Mail" representative that the MSS., which he had secured, were undoubtedly of very great interest. The unique Nubian MS. is a little bound volume, about 6 inch. by 4inch. It contains a history or life of St. Menos, one of the early Christian martyrs.

There was only one person in England who could read Nubian—an official in the British Museum—but there were many who could make out a good deal of it as the basis of the language was Greek. He had had considerable experience in Egyptian explorations which he had followed up as a hobby. He had also explored at Cyzicus in Asia Minor but all his discoveries there he had been obliged to leave behind him in accordance with the Government regulations. He had had a very tempting offer for the Nubian volume from Germany but he felt that it should remain in England.

NAIROBI SENTENCES QUASHED.

The sessions judge at Nairobi gave judgment to-day on the appeals of Captain Grogan and Captain Gray from their conviction on April 2 for unlawful assembly when they and Mr. Bowker, Mr. Fichat and Mr. Low, other English colonists, were sentenced to various terms of imprisonment.

Mr. Borth, in delivering judgment, said that in his opinion the magistrate had erred in trying the cases himself. He should have committed the accused for trial before a jury. The convictions would be set aside, and as the accused had undergone their sentences, he refrained from ordering a new trial and acquitted them. There is a good deal of comment on the result, and the question is discussed whether an action for illegal imprisonment would lie against the authorities.

The statement of traffic of the Ahmedabad-Prantej Railway for the week ending 15th June, amounted to Rs. 6,055, being an increase on the corresponding week of the previous year, of Rs. 1,668. The total earnings from 1st January to 15th June, were Rs. 1,33,022, being an increase on the corresponding period of previous year, of Rs. 14,599.

HIGH COURT.—AUGUST 3.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice DAVAR.)

Contested Chamber Matter.

For Judgment on Taxation.

577-06—Mirza and M Barroo vs Begam widow and others—Mir Aun[illegible] Valad [illegible] Abdulali and others—Ardeshir H D and C[illegible] and M
182-06—Crawford B and Co—Khursedji Nowroji Shroff vs Shaik Abdeally Shaikh Ibrahimji and others—Kanga and Co
133-07—Tyabjee D and Co Jeewand[illegible] Harid[illegible] vs Groves and Cotton and Co—Smetham M and N
769-06—Dinshaw and E—Luchmondas Moolteamal and another vs Rabatmal Tarachand and others—Daphtary F and D

Long Causes.

631-06—Kanga and F—Hardatrai Naudram and another vs Harbi[illegible] Tulsidas Morarji and another—Madhavji K and C Part heard
118-06—[illegible] R Vakil—Premabai widow and others vs Manore Purshotam—Bicknell M and E Part heard

Judges Summons for hearing.

Bhaishanker K and G—In the Matter of the Indian Company's Act 1882 and In the Matter of Chunilal Nagindas Unlaat applicant—The Hope Mills and another.

Long Causes.

649-06—Raghavaya B and N—Bai Amar widow and others vs Bapoo Daoodiram and others—Chitnis and M.
674-06—Mulji and K Venilal Chunilal vs Tulsechand Anupchand—Jehangir G and B.
113-07—Unwalla and P Kaikhushroo Burjorji [illegible] vs Goverdhandas Wagaji—Wadia G and Co.
555-06—Nanu H and Co—Ali Mahomed Nanasy vs Edalji Sorab Daver and another—Payne and Co.
221-05—Mehta and D—Ayeshabai widow vs Ebrahim Hajee and another—Payne and Co.
710-06—Matubhoy J and M—Gulam Hoosein Fazulbhai Vishra vs Ahmed Cassum Patel—In person
268-06—Edgelow G W and Co—Shapurji Hormasji Mistri vs Rossbally Rahimtulla—Mirza and M

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice BEAMAN).

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes

93-06—Payne and Co—R D Sethana vs Mirza Mahomed Shirajee and others—Cragie L and G—Edgelow G W and Co Part heard
478-07—Thakurdas and Co—Shapoorji Burjorjee Fraser vs Bai Battonbai widow—Bhaishanker K and G
733-06—Shamrao M and H Sou bhi widow and another vs Baldeound Chaturchand and another—Matubhoy J and M.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice MACLEOD.)

For Consent Decree.

237-04—Payne and Co—Vazera Begam vs M Bom[illegible] and others—Wadia G and Co and F D and C[illegible]

For hearing exceptions to Special [illegible]

Commissioner's Report.

667-06—Mehta and D—Hoorbai widow vs Aslbai [illegible] Mulla and M.
409-06—Raghavaya B and N—Somwary Lakri and [illegible] Kashin [illegible] Hiraji and others—Smithe [illegible]

Long Causes.

87-07—Little and Co—Baldock and Gow Proprietary [illegible] dation vs A M S Tarif Bicknell M and E
92-07—Matubhai J M Dodigala Khdamayee and others vs Gulf Jaggerath and Ardeshir H D and Co.
193-07 Crawford B and Co The Advocate General of Bombay vs Limji Nowroji Banaji and other Ardeshir H D and co
110-07-B J Jud[illegible] Davis Dhana and Co—A firm vs Dam. Govind[illegible] ram and others—In person
416-06—Malvi B M and B—[illegible] Bhamsa vs Manmohandas [illegible] Ardeshir H D and C[illegible]
205-06—[illegible]
604-[illegible]

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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

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⁂ All communications of a literary character should be addressed to THE EDITOR, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the GENERAL MANAGER. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed BOX 209, GENERAL POST OFFICE, BOMBAY.

The Bombay Gazette.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 3, 1907.

SOME LATTER-DAY PROBLEMS.

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WITH the growth of the larger cities pauperism in Europe has of late been assuming gigantic dimensions, and the problem of how to deal with the hosts of the poverty-stricken and the unemployed has become one of the most pressing of our time. But, somehow or other, it has been generally taken for granted that the conditions of city life in the United States are far superior and that, therefore, the stability of American society is not menaced by any giant social upheaval on the part of oppressed masses. The last book by Mr. Ralph Waldo Trine, however, is well calculated to dissipate this assurance, and the facts therein set forth will cause grave misgivings to all who regard the United States as the sign manual of progress, and who expect Republican America to have escaped the miseries with which the modern industrial development has become associated in the countries of the Old World. "In the Fire of the Heart, The Great Modern People's Movement in Government" (Bell), is the title of the audacious revelation of American industrial evils and whole-hearted attack upon the American plutocrats, by the publication of which Mr. Trine's reputation as the servant of humanity is likely to be augmented. The book deals with "social, economic, labour and political conditions as they at present affect the every-day life, prosperity and contentment of the great common people of the American nation," and after a searching investigation into the existing conditions of their causes "suggests the only remedial measures in accordance with the true laws of life." Although the problems are attacked from an American standpoint, and have to some extent a special character of their own in the New World, the main question—the relation of capital to labour in the near future—is one of interest to the thinker and industrialist in all countries, while the book has been recommended to the British market by the addition of a special chapter—not, it is to be confessed, very illuminating—entitled "Some conditions that hold in Britain."

The miseries of the millions are first vividly portrayed by the author in the form of a dream or vision, which is a species of introduction to the practical exposition of the evils which threaten the decay of so many modern industrial nations. The American people, we are told, has had unique advantages and opportunities; has been exempt from the caste systems of the old world; has enjoyed from the first practically full civil and religious liberty, and possesses almost universal free educational opportunities. Consequently, it was to be expected that the citizens of the United States should be a uniformly free, happy and prosperous people. But so far is this expectation from being fulfilled that there are over four million registered paupers on relief, and over ten millions of the people are in a state of chronic poverty at this hour, that is, more than 12 per cent. of the total population. In the great cities the percentage is necessarily highest. Thus, in 1903, 20 per cent. of the people of Boston were in distress, and it is estimated that at the present time more than 25 per cent. of the population of New York city are victims of poverty. London or Liverpool can show nothing worse than the this. Similarly with the numbers of the unemployed, whose increase in industrial countries constitutes one of the most difficult questions of the day. "The figures, although very imperfect, show that the evil is widespread, even in times of prosperity." In the Census of 1900 unemployment in manufacturing centres stood at the high figure of 27.2 per cent. of all the workers. Wages, though higher in America than in Europe owing to the higher standard of living, bear no better relation to the prices of commodities than the wages of the British artisan, which are so often denounced as insufficient. But, in addition to the problem of economically caused pauperism the American statesman has to face the grave scandal of undue mortality through preventible causes, the "frightful killings and maimings" resultant from the neglect of the railway and other companies, and the enormous death-rate attributable to consumption, the "Great White Plague," an evil directly fostered by the unwholesome conditions of slum life. The railway companies were responsible in 1902 for more than 73,000 deaths and injuries, and tuberculosis claim more than 150,000 of the American population per annum. Death from consumption and other diseases is largely caused by child labour and the lack of due precautions in certain trades, for the American Factory Acts are half a century behind those of Great Britain.

But to what wider cause is the suffering and poverty of the millions due? The heartless competition of modern industrial life is not alone responsible, and Mr. Trine finds an explanation in the inordinate growth of plutocracy resulting in the unsatisfactory diffusion of wealth, together with the apathy of the State in protecting the people against the machination of vast trusts and inhuman company promoters. So far from landlordism being a peculiarity of Europe, quite half the people of the United States do not own the houses in which they live. Seven-eighths of the families hold but one-eighth of the national wealth, and on the other hand one per cent. of the families own more than the entire remaining 99 per cent. As has been neatly said, it is only a question of mathematics to determine the day when ten men will be practically owners of the United States. Such an unequal distribution of wealth is redolent of ancient Rome or of any other of the world's great empires which have perished from internal decay, the proximate cause of their downfall being the inordinate luxury of the few and the misery of the many. It is a pity that modern socialism has not yet been purged of all its impracticable ideas; for here would be a good field for its experiments. But socialism of a sort there must be if the country is to be saved, and this is the "Great People's Movement" which Mr. Trine urges upon his compatriots. In America the State is the people in its corporate capacity, and the people have therefore the remedy in their own hands. This brings us to the second point in his indictment—the apathy of the State and its failure to protect its people. Hitherto the organs of Government, Municipal Councils, State Legislatures and Federal Legislature, have been wilfully manipulated by the moneyed interests. Corruption has triumphed, and if bad government has ensued, the people are to blame for tolerating the cause of it. The tale of corruption is simply unbelievable in this 20th century, but startling evidence is contained in the book before us that the moneyed interests have been managing the United States and bleeding her citizens for their private gain. The most interesting chapter in this connection is that entitled "Public Utilities for the Public Good," where we read how the great public services—transit, parcels, telegraphs, electric lighting and power—have through the instrumentality of corrupt Municipal and State Councillors, been handed over to the tender mercies of gigantic monopolists, who charge more and give less than is the case in most European countries where the majority of these services are municipal or State concerns. That 12½ annas should be the minimum charge for the despatch of a telegram or a parcel is ridiculous, and these are simply two instances out of many, showing how the masses in America suffer for the benefit of the few. The balance of evidence is in favour of municipal trading in regard to gas, trams, electricity, etc, and brilliant examples of its success, as in Glasgow, are to be found in the British Isles. It is this mild form of socialism in regard to all "natural monopolies," that our author welcomes as a solution of the problem of unequal distribution of wealth in merica. There is abundant evidence to show that, had the people in their corporate capacity bestirred themselves before, and claimed their own, a few unscrupulous men would not have been able to accumulate such an undue proportion of the national wealth. The great public services should be run for the people whom they are intended to serve, and even in India the bureaucratic Government of an alien people has shown more care for the interests of the masses than the great American democracy for itself. We hold that Mr. Trine has been justified in his conclusion that a great people's movement must be stirred up in America. Better men must enter political life and the national consciousness must awake the national strength to deal a crushing blow at corruption and the evils of monopoly. Labour must combine and assert its rights in order to secure better conditions and to overcome the intertia of politicians in regard to social reforms. The theoretical democracy must be converted into an actual democracy by the introduction of the Initiative and Referendum whereby direct legislation may become possible and private interests can be overcome by popular veto. President Roosevelt is zealous for the people's rights, but the trusts, which are at the bottom of the present evils, can only be overthrown by the creation of a sound popular opinion and the overhauling of the machinery of Government. If thereby some of the sufferings of the masses can be alleviated, Mr Trine and his co-workers in a good cause will be amply vindicated.

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CUSTOMS IN SIND. SIND was exceptionally fortunate in several respects during the year 1906-07. The most important item in each year's history in the Province is irrigation, and, in the year in question, this touched the highest point, both as regards area and revenue that it has known. Similarly the record of revenue under Excise. The year was one of great prosperity all round, the value of trade reaching the highest figure yet recorded. The value of the private import trade rose from 907 lakhs to 999 lakhs, an increase of ten per cent. and the export trade from 1,155 lakhs to 1,588 lakhs, an increase of thirty-seven per cent. While the increase was more or less general it was chiefly noticeable in articles of food and drink, oils, and textile fabrics while of the exports, wheat increased by 19 per cent. The increase in trade has necessarily meant a larger use of Karachi harbour, and this increase was as great as thirty vessels, representing a tonnage of 144,883. As regards the revenue obtained from duty the sound increases at Karachi are remarkable. The increases shown are Rs. 2,71,605 or 5 per cent. in Import Duty and Rs. 3,71,787 or 140 per cent. in Export Duty and in the nett total, after deducting refunds, etc., of Rs. 5,40,672 or 11 per cent. and a rise in the quinquennium, *viz.*, Rs. 20,08,800 or 62 per cent. which proves the rapid development of the trade of the port. New firms for both export and import opened during the year, and with the improvements of the port already undertaken by the Port Trust and still greater improvements in progress the trade of the Province will expand. Although, in dealing with Sind, Karachi is the dominating feature there were increases in the trade of the subordinate ports of Keti Bandar and Sirganda, the increase being about eleven per cent. Good crops in the Punjab and in Sind owing to the increased area under irrigation and a good rainfall have undoubtedly brought prosperity to the provinces fed by Karachi. Although exports were less in value by 2 1/4 crores or 12 per cent. than those of the year 1904-05, they were greater than in 1905-06 by 4 1/3 crores or 37 per cent. and than 1903-04 by 2 1/3 crores or 18 per cent. Complaints of the insufficiency of railway transport were heard, but India was not the only country in which the railways were taxed beyond their carrying capacity. In treating of the value of exports as a whole, prices of Wheat were about the same level as the previous year, while Cotton, Rapeseed, Wool and Rice were higher. In imports, plague unfortunately again caused many Native merchants to leave the town for part of the year and kept up-country dealers away, but in spite of this the general demand for goods was fairly brisk, though latterly the failures in Amritsar have had a somewhat depressing effect. Imports were the largest on record, and showed a rise of over 10 per cent on last year's figures. Although the increase was partly due to the higher level of prices ruling during the year in the supplying markets, the volume of trade was greater. The rise in prices occurred in Cotton Piece-goods, particularly in Greys and Prints, also in Metals generally and Woollen Piece-goods, while the price of Sugar was lower. Judging by the general figures the trade of Sind seems to be in a most flourishing condition.

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BELFAST AND THE R. I. C. LORD ABERDEEN has given the only possible answer to the petition of the disaffected Belfast police—a peremptory refusal even to consider their grievances. In this statement we express not only our own belief, but also we believe that of the vast majority of the Royal Irish Constabulary, who will not relish the slur upon their escutcheon of which the police of Belfast have just been guilty. The Royal Irish Constabulary is a body of picked men, whose work is frequently of the most disagreeable kind, politics and religion having a bearing upon the aspect of every crime committed in Ireland. What with landgrabbers, moonlighters, incendiaries, cattle-maimers, and the private outrages to which these circumstances give an opening, the work of the R. I. C. is about as obnoxious as any that could be delegated to human beings in any part of the world. And the result of doing their duty assiduously is that in many parts of Ireland the R. I. C. have to live under a condition of rigorous boycotting. When stationed on the ranches the police, sometimes placed in solitary positions where they must be constantly on the watch night and day to prevent outrages, are made to starve for want of food, for no one will supply them. Terror reigns in many parts of Ireland, and wherever there is strife the R. I. C., have to bear the brunt of it. It has been universally admitted that they do their unsavoury work uncomplainingly and Ireland is proud of them. Hence, as we have said, the men of the R. I. C, will not feel under obligations to the police of Belfast. As we shew in another column Belfast has for weeks been in a state of serious unrest, with a big strike of the dockers, which has paralysed the industries of the port, created a coal famine, necessitating the shutting down of spinning mills employing many thousands of hands. The police have, no doubt, had their work cut out for them, but instead of persevering steadfastly till the cloud had passed, they decided to let Fury have its will by going on strike themselves, and it is only in consequence of the prompt action of the authorities in bringing along a regiment with a Maxim gun section that the insubordinate police have slunk back to their posts of duty. While the dockers are still picketing, and warehouses are being attacked, vehicles overturned, and the commotion of a great strike is in progress that is not the time for the police to set about the airing of their own grievances, a fact which Lord Aberdeen has now taught them by his stern refusal to consider the petition they have sent him. For once in a way Dublin Castle has rebutted its character for incompetence. Lord Aberdeen is a good Radical, but he seems to be as stalwart a defender of Authority in Ireland as his old colleague Mr. Morley is in India.

THE N. Y. K. Steamer *Kagoshima Maru* left Colombo for Bombay yesterday.

THE P. and O. Company's s.s. *Persia*, with homeward Mails of the 27th ultimo, arrived at Aden at 5 a.m. yesterday.

THE German East Africa Line s. s. *Somali* left Zanzibar for Bombay on Thursday night via Lamu and Mombassa.

MAHESH NARAYAN, Secretary to the Behar Landholders' Association and Editor of the *Behari*, died from a sudden attack of cholera on Thursday last.

THE man Culloden, who kicked another named Noreen to death on the 9th ultimo, has been committed to the Sessions for trial on a charge of murder.

WE learn that everywhere in Eastern Bengal and Assam where Sir Lancelot Hare was visiting, the Bengalis were actively engaged in preventing addresses being presented to him.

AMONG the passengers who arrived in Bombay yesterday, from Europe by the P. and O. Co.s' mail steamer *Peninsular*, were Sir D. Ibbetson and Sir Arnold White.

AS will be seen from our advertisement columns the Trustees of the Port of Karachi are inviting tenders for Karachi Port Trust Debentures to the extent of 14 lakhs, being the second instalment of a loan of forty-five lakhs. Forms of tender may be had from the Secretary of the Trust, and the Bank of Bombay.

WE regret to announce the death, of Mr. J. W. Pakeman, who will be remembered by many travellers to India and the East as the genial and obliging head of the passenger department of the P. and O. Company. He had been in the service of the Company for over fifty years, and for the greater part of the time was in charge of the passage department, until his retirement, two years ago, at the age of seventy.

FROM the 20th to the 26th instant, 1 European, 6 East Indians, 21 Native Christians, 287 Hindus and 57 Mahomedans died within the limits of Madras, making a total of 372. The death rate was 37·9 per mille, the mean for the ten previous years being 45·8. The deaths are thus classified:—Cholera 2, fevers 95, bowel complaints 61, and other causes 214.

THE writer of a good short story is as rare as most of the things which are cited day by day as synonymous with obsolescence. Mr. Kipling was famous through his facility in this act. Now there is a hope that an equally skillful artist is coming to the front. The writer in question is Mr. Leonard Merrick, who is a not infrequent contributor to "The Bystander." Mr. Kipling was happy in finding untrodden ground in India. Mr. Marriot deals with that oft furrowed field, Paris. But he deals with it in a way that is rare indeed, and it is a simple matter to predict a future for the writer, if he continues in his present state of excellence. One of the many guides to "complete authorship," says that matter matters little, manner matters all, and with manner matter will come. Mr. Merrick has manner in high degree, and the "Bystander" is to be complimented on having him as a frequent contributor. To those who wish to judge for themselves we recommend the issue received by the present mail.

THE Rome correspondent of the *Times* telegraphed on July 18:—Mr. Uchida, the Japanese envoy extraordinary on a mission to the Pope, has arrived in Rome from Vienna. He is the bearer of an autograph letter from the Emperor of Japan thanking Pius X. for the establishment of the papal representative, Mgr. O'Connel, at Tokio.

THE Postmaster-General, in opening a new post office at Newport (Mon.), said that people had latterly taken to sending babies by express post. If it became a common thing, it might be serious; for if things were not properly addressed and delivered, they went over to the Postmaster-General, and he protested against his room becoming a sort of Foundling Hospital.

THE death has occurred at Cheltenham, in his eighty-ninth year, of Col. Herbert Manners. He was the son of the late Col. Henry Herbert Russell Manners, of the Rifle Brigade, and joined as a subaltern the Hampshire Light Inf., exchanging later into the King's Own Yorkshire Light Inf., with which regiment he went through the Burma campaign in 1852-53, where he served with distinction, obtaining a medal and a clasp. In 1854 he was appointed brigade major in Burma, a few years later was attached for a time to the 85th Shropshire Light Inf., and subsequently held a staff appointment in the north as Inspector-General of Volunteers.

ENGLISH POLITICAL AND SOCIAL LETTER.

THE VOTE OF CENSURE.

Affairs in India.

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(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, JULY 19.

BOTH Tariff Reformers and Tariff Conservatives (if I may so describe the party now in power) owe Mr. Lyttelton thanks, for the debate he initiated on Monday was a welcome relief from some of the discussions that have occupied so much of the time of the House of Commons, not excluding the breach of privilege motion arising out of the escapade of the extraordinary Member for East St Pancras. All round the speaking attained a very fair level and Mr. Lyttelton especially distinguished himself by the moderation and eloquence with which he stated the case for Preference. He also mollified his opponents by the generosity with which he dissociated himself from the somewhat unworthy attacks made upon Mr. Asquith for his attitude towards the Colonial Premiers during the sitting of the Conference. Mr. Lyttelton does not accept the charge that the Chancellor of the Exchequer treated them and their arguments with incivility. Naturally there is not much that is new to say, but some of Mr. Lyttelton's arguments exhibited a certain freshness. For example, in reply to what I may term the thin-end-of-the-wedge argument, he observed this country is an urban industrial democracy, and the vast majority of the voting power of the country belonged to urban industries, and he said without fear of contradiction that it is impossible to put a protective tax at all upon food. To say that if a low duty for revenue purposes were placed on food or any article of food, it might be pushed to the extent that Germany and France has pushed taxation on those commodities is, he submitted, under the pressure of this urban democratic vote, not a serious argument. When Mr. Lyttelton resumed his seat an unofficial Liberal, Mr. Soares, moved as an amendment "That in the opinion of this House the permanent unity of the British Empire will not be secured through a system of preferential duties upon the protective taxation of food." Subsequent speakers were for Tariff Reform. Lord Ronaldshay, who made an excellent maiden speech, Mr. Chaplin, Lord Robert Cecil (who, for this occasion at all events, joined forces with the Preferentialists' party as a protest against the subversive tendencies of the Government's legislative programme), and Mr. Balfour; for Free Trade Mr. Simon, one of the more promising of the new debaters, Mr. Churchill, Mr. Lloyd George and Mr. Asquith. The House enforged the passage of arms between the President of the Board of Trade and the Leader of the Opposition. The interest of the discussion, said Mr. Lloyd George, centred round the expected speech of Mr. Balfour. The interest was to know what they were in for, or, rather what he was for. Did the right hon. gentleman realize that this vote of censure was meant for him? It was rather hard upon the Government that they should be censured simply because hon. gentlemen opposite suspected their Leader. They were to be condemned for his shortcomings; they were to be hung, drawn, and quartered for his treason. Now, at last, he was to be forced to declare what he meant, and the real interest was in whether the right hon. gentlemen was to be caught. It had been a long and curious process, and he had watched it for years from either side of the House, this process which had occurred for the first time in history, that of an army pursuing its own general to capture him. For years that general had successfully dodged his own troops, and to-night they watched to see if he would again show them a clean pair of heels. The right hon. gentleman, he was told, was prepared to accept many things, but not the whole of the programme; but to-night an attempt was to be made to force him at the point of the bayonet across the *pons asinorum*. Mr. Balfour, in the course of his reply, said:—"The right hon. gentleman the President of the Board of Trade has been good enough to inform me that this motion, suggested by me and submitted to me in its terminology, is directed against me. Well, he and I are fellow-sufferers. I am told that he is not beyond suspicion. He has, no doubt, done his best to redeem his character—as I am doing my best by making a very violent attack on Colonial Preference. But we have the right hon. gentleman's speeches, the amiable and excellent speeches which he delivered to the Colonial Conference, and which have now been published. If the right hon. gentleman had read out his own speeches to the Conference and had not delivered the carefully prepared oration which he gave us to-night, the whole House would have said, "The right hon. gentleman has gone over." One Unionist (Mr. Cameron Corbett) voted with the Free Traders; five members of the Opposition including Sir Henry Seymour King abstained; three were away unpaired and several who voted against the Government wish it to be known that they are still "opposed to Colonial Preference based upon the taxation of corn, meat, or raw material."

THE SITUATION IN INDIA.

Mr. Morley is beginning to show a certain amount of impatience at the tactics of Sir Henry Cotton and his associates in the House of Commons, and no wonder, for he is being very unfairly treated. Having on Tuesday informed Sir Henry Cotton what steps had been taken in the Punjab "to allay the unrest by concessions" as the questioner in his nice way put it, Mr. Morley answered further inquiries by the same Member respecting "The Red Pamphlet." The right hon. gentleman said that his attention had been drawn to the publication of the pamphlet in question. He was informed that proceedings under Section 108 of the Criminal Procedure Code were instituted against the author, but that, on his undertaking to publish no more copies and to withdraw the pamphlet as far as possible from circulation, he was released on his own recognizance. The case was accordingly not brought to trial, and the proceedings, so far as they went, were confidential. Was not the right hon. gentleman aware that the circulation of this pamphlet was one of the principal causes of the unfortunate riots and disturbances which had been so marked a feature of Eastern Bengal? "No, Sir," sharply rejoined Mr. Morley, "I am not aware of it and I greatly doubt it." (Cheers). Then Mr. Mackarness cut in with a question and he was followed by the Socialist Member for East Leeds (Mr. O'Grady) who asked whether the Secretary of State would place in the library copies of the *Wafadar* of January 28, 1906, and of the *Punjabee* of March 27, 1907, in which newspapers Lajpat Rai was reported to have preached sedition in Lyallpur and Lahore; and whether he would state to the House on what other grounds the law of 1818 was resorted to in the matter of the arrest and deportation of Lajpat Rai. To the first part of the question Mr. Morley replied in the affirmative; as for the second part he could, he said, only refer his hon. friend to answers given to Sir H. Cotton and Mr. W. Redmond on the 2nd instant. Mr. O'Grady thereupon, "in view of the unsatisfactory nature of the right hon. gentleman's reply," asked the Speaker "whether the Government of India were responsible to the House for its action in the administration of the law; and, whether a member of the House had not the right to demand that definite information should be supplied to him, publicly or privately, as to the ground for the arrest and deportation of any of his Majesty's subjects." "At this point"—I quote from the *Westminster Gazette*—"a Ministerialist raised a point of order, and the Speaker was heard to remark that a member might ask any question within the limits of order, but that a Minister was not bound to reply. Mr. Morley does not often avail himself of this rule. When passing, however, to a question about the plague, he allowed himself to say with a sigh of relief. 'At last I come to a more serious topic.' Whereat the Labour members and some Radicals shouted 'Oh!' in shocked surprise that the deportation of certain agitators should be considered of little importance beside the ravages of the plague." When Mr. Morley gave the figures of mortality they showed their ignorance and animosity by shouting "shame." The shame was theirs.

THE "QUARTERLY" AND INDIAN UNREST.

Sir Henry Cotton is, of course, past parying for, but I cannot help thinking that some at least of the small band of Labour and ultra-Radical members who follow his lead might perhaps alter their views if they read with attention the able article that appears in the new number of the *Quarterly Review* under the heading "Indian Poverty and Discontent." The writer evidently knows more about India as a whole than does Sir Henry Cotton, whose experience has been confined to one corner of the Peninsula. The *Quarterly's* contributor describes as preposterous the suggestion that India is growing poorer and as to the discontent at present prevailing he holds that its extent and character have been exaggerated. Still he is not blind to facts as is shown by his admission that our Empire in India is radically weaker than the Roman in that it does not and from the nature of things cannot leaven public feeling by the plantation of colonies. All who think must be of opinion that herein lies our great weakness. He also observes—and the point is not without special interest at this moment in view of certain inquiries now on foot—that the stability of the situation is in no way increased by the fact that large numbers of young Indians annually come to England for the purpose of becoming barristers or civilians. "Generally," he says, "they pass their time in this country amidst squalid surroundings and carry back to their homes few elevating experiences and no enhanced respect for the race which is responsible for the well-being of their country. In this connection it is gratifying to note that one of the great ladies of London Society gave an "At Home" for the Indian students at her town house a week ago. It is to be hoped that the example of Lady Llangattock may be followed by other social leaders when opportunities occur. To return to the *Quarterly* article the writer in common with other observers is inclined to attribute recent ebullitions of anti-British feeling to the marvellous success of the Japanese against a Power which in the East has always been regarded as the type of western aggressiveness. What is the immediate remedy? That the State should simply discharge its elementary duty of maintaining the public peace, securing the liberties of individuals, checking the display of illegal sedition in the Press and on the platform and, above all, protecting school boys against infection. The idea that in existing circumstances the people of India can find no scope for energy or ambition in the public business of their country—an idea which I may say finds a too ready acceptance amongst the thoughtless and uninformed in England—is treated by the author of the article in the *Quarterly* as absurd. This business is, indeed, for the most part in native hands, and in matters of local Government native authority can expand itself almost indefinitely if there is public spirits to give an impulse. He expresses approval of the reforms in India administrated by Mr. Morley in his powerful pronouncement in Parliament a few weeks ago and thinks the promised new departure on this side, namely, the addition of two Indian Members to the Secretary of State's Council a statesmenlike recognition of the claims of sentiment, but he attaches more importance to another change for which he thinks the time is ripe. I refer to the proposal that the Viceroy's Executive Council, should include two Native Members. "It is likely enough," he remarks "that a native element would not add to the efficiency of the Council and that in certain circumstances it might indeed be embarrassing as, for instance, by the divulging of confidential information. But the feelings of the governed are but partially conciliated by the efficiency of the Government, and there can be little doubt that the admission of natives to the highest Council in the land would identify the Government more closely with the people, and would definitely answer the complaint that natives of the country while permitted to administer are now allowed to govern.

DEATH OF MR. GILMOUR MCCORKELL, I. C. S.

I regret to announce the death of Mr. Gilmour McCorkell, formerly of the Bombay Civil Service and at one time Judge at Ahmedabad. The sad event, to the grief of a large circle of friends, occurred last Saturday night at his residence, 96 Ladbroke-road, and the interment took place at Putney Vale Cemetery on Wednesday afternoon. Mr. McCorkell, who was in his fifty-ninth year was an alumnus of Foyle College, Londonderry, and Trinity College, Dublin, and went out to India in 1872, retiring just 10 years ago. He was a remarkably genial man and essentially what is called a "good fellow." Since he returned to England he has actively interested himself in many useful works and the annual Sind Dinner, one of the most pleasant of the reunions of this kind, owes not a little of its success to the energetic and tactful manner in which Mr. McCorkell discharged his duties as Honorary Secretary. He will be greatly missed at that famous rendezovous of Anglo-Indians—the E. I. U. S. Club in St. James's Square—where he was for long a member of the Committee and since November 1904 had been one of the two Vice-Chairmen.

OLLA PODRIDA.

The Esperantists of Liverpool hearing that Dr. John Pollen will be in that city to-morrow for the purpose of seeing his son off to Southern Nigeria have decided to hold a reception in honour of their President. A similar compliment is to be paid to Dr. Pollen in Dublin when he visits the "ould counthry" next week.

From to-day's issue of the *Morning Post*:—

WIDOW, good social position, moderate means, accustomed to social life, being alone, wishes to find some one congenial, similarly circumstanced, to share expenses of a JOINT HOME, require references; no gents, West End. London. Address Lonely, etc.

"No gents" should, of course, be "no agents." Does the *Morning Post* employ women compositors; and, if so, are they disciples of that severe critic of "gents" yeleped Marie Corelli?

That combative lady out-Herods Herod in the preface to her new volume of stories wherein she declares that "a great majority"—oh! Miss Corelli—"of the men of the present day want women to keep them." And these male creatures, mark you, "a great majority of the men of the present day," when they have hooked their rich wife "are the first to run down women's work, women's privileges, women's attainments and women's honour." "Give me," they say, according to Miss Corelli, "the barmaid, the shopgirl, the dancer, the living picture, the aerial gymnast—give me anything rather than a pure, finely cultured noble natured woman to be the mother of my sons." It is news to me—I hope for their sakes that it is true—that barmaids and shopgirls are "rich women" and that they are such great catches in the matrimonial mart.

Miss Corelli has an imitator in the correspondent who over the signature "A woman who writes for her Bread" expresses her views with so much plainness in Tuesday's *Times*. But for the fact that she says "I am not Miss Corelli" one might have thought she was that redoubtable literary Amazon. The *Times* lady has been moved to protest by the recent correspondence in the leading journal on the indecency of certain novels by women writers. She is particularly angry with the correspondent who signed himself "Reviewer," aserting that, like most second-rate men, he is evidently ill of sex jealously. "Men" she shri[illegible] "are jealous of everything women do outsi[illegible], the nursery and the drawing room—the secon[illegible]ate men that is; there are great and generous exc[illegible]ptions and they (these second raters) want to kee[illegible], women out. They are jealous, jealous, jealous." So there! In contrast to the diatribes of Miss Corelli and "A Woman who writes for her Br[illegible]ad" is the latter, in another journal of "A P[illegible]son's Daughter," who points out that the greate[illegible] pride of a man is to keep the woman he ma[illegible]es in a manner to which she has not been accu[illegible]med before her marriage." The daughter of the [illegible] parsonage sensibly adds:—"This desire on [illegible]n's part is to be found in all classes. In the ve[illegible]y lowest classes thousands of men slave to prevent their wives from going out to work as they did w[illegible]en they were single. In the upper middle cla[illegible] to which I belong, the majority of men toil so [illegible]at their wives can be spared household drudger[illegible]. I was a drudge before I married. My father was too poor to keep more than a "general serv[illegible]ant," and I and my sister did most of the household work. Now I am the proud employer of three servants. My husband is not a demi-god He is only the ordinary good husband. Perhaps Miss Corelli may come across one some day." So mote it be.

I have received but too late for fuller notice this week a copy of "A Short Biography of H. R. H. the Princess of Wales" and of "H. R. H. the Princess of Wales," by Aimai M. B. Cooper, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S, L.M. An interesting ceremony took place this afternoon at the London School of Tropical Medicine, Connaught Road, Royal Albert Dock, namely, the unveiling of the portrait of Mr. Bomanji Dinshaw Petit, the donor of a lakh of rupees to the excellent institution. The ceremony was performed by Mr. Perceval A. Nairne, Chairman of the Seamen's Hospital Society, in the presence of Mr. Petit's son and others interested on the subject of the picture and the school. The protrait, a fine work of art, 5ft. by 3ft. 6in. was painted by M. F. Pithewalla.

BRITAIN'S FOREIGN RELATIONS.

AN ECHO OF THE CROMER GRANT.

More Opposition.

THE HAGUE AND DISARMAMENT.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, AUGUST 2.

On the debate on the Foreign Office Vote in the House of Commons, Sir Edward Grey said he considered it improbable that the Sugar Convention would be broken up.

Referring to the Dinshawi Affair, he pointed out that he had said nothing on Tuesday precluding the possibility of the revision of the sentences. An act of clemency, he said, might be in accordance with good policy, when the state of feeling which necessitated this severe example had passed away.

The establishment of self-Government in Egypt, he continued, before the people were prepared for it, would re-open the door to corruption and oppression.

Referring to the Hague Conference, Sir Edward Grey said that the Government were reluctant to make their disarmament proposal, which would turn a friendly conference into a divided one, but if there were no definite results, they, at least, had prevented the subject dropping.

He reiterated the hope that Belgium would assume responsibility for the Congo, and the impossibility of Great Britain acting in Macedonia without the consent of the Powers. An agreement with Russia, he said, with a view to removing the cause of the quarrel, could surely be sought without reference to Russian internal affairs.

The Nationalists and Labour members challenged a further division on the report stage of the resolution regarding the grant to Lord Cromer.

The resolution was adopted by 227 votes to 88.

SMALL INCOMES IN INDIA.

The Alcohol Question.

LONDON, AUGUST 1.

Replying to Sir Seymour King, Mr. Morley said that it was not intended to make further differentiation regarding the taxing of small-earned incomes in India.

Mr. Morley, in receiving a deputation regarding the consumption of intoxicants in India, which included Lord Kinnaird, Mr. Henry Wilson, M.P., and Mr. Leifchild Jones, pointed out that the Indian Government had adopted nearly all the recommendations of the Excise Committee, and there was therefore no occasion for further enquiry.

"The Indian Government," he said, "had acted rightly in not adopting the Committee's Licensing Scheme, which would create a vested interest."

MOROCCAN IMBROGLIO.

Spain and France Send Warships.

EUROPEANS IN CASSABLANCA WARNED.

LONDON, AUGUST 2.

A Spanish warship has been ordered to Morocco. The French war vessels *Conde* and *Duchayla* are being prepared at Toulon.

The Moorish Government is sending two hundred soldiers to Cassablanca and has warned Europeans to remain within the Town owing to excitement among the tribes through French intervention in the Customs administration.

BULGARIA AND TURKEY.

Attacks by Armed Bands.

BRITISH OFFICER WOUNDED.

LONDON, AUGUST 2.

A Bulgarian band has attacked the village of Guredjik near Drama.

Colonel Elliot, a British Gendarmery Officer, has been wounded in the leg.

There have been several severe encounters bettween Turkish troops and Bulgarian and Greek bands latterly.

ENGLAND AND AUSTRIA.

King Edward Visits Emperor Francis Joseph.

LONDON, AUGUST 2.

King Edward and the Emperor Francis meet at Ischi on the 15th instant.

The King will be accompanied by Sir Charles Hardinge and the Emperor will be accompanied by Aehrenthal.

THE FRENCH IN ANNAM.

King a Prisoner in the Palace.

COUNCIL OF REGENCY ESTABLISHED.

LONDON, AUGUST 2.

The French have established a Council of Regency in Annam. The King is imprisoned in the Palace.

KOREA AND JAPAN.

Local Army Disbanded.

LONDON, AUGUST 1.

The Japanese have disbanded the Korean Army. Four Koreans were killed and wounded in the riots that followed the disarmament.

THE PEKING-PARIS RACE.

LONDON, AUGUST 1.

Prince Borghese has arrived at St Petersburg.

SIR SYDNEY HUTCHINSON, retiring Director-General of Telegraphs, paid His Excellency the Viceroy a visit yesterday morning.

BELFAST'S UNRELIABLE R.I.C.

RINGLEADER OF THE DISAFFECTED POLICE DISMISSED.

Petition Presented Under "Conditions of Insubordination."

WHICH LORD ABERDEEN REFUSES TO CONSIDER.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, AUGUST 1.

Policeman Barrett, the ringleader in the Belfast Police Strike, has been dismissed the Service.

The Lord Lieutenant has issued an order, refusing to consider the petition of the discontented, because it was presented under conditions of insubordination, and was accompanied by threats.

It is not surprising that Lord Aberdeen should refuse to consider the petition put before him by the Belfast Police, for the latter body have joined in taking a step which can only be described as ignominious. Belfast has for weeks been in the throes of a general strike, business being generally disorganised, the great shipping industry at a standstill, and everyone in the port feeling unsafe. Taking advantage of the general upheaval, the police, instead of straining themselves in the crisis to evolve order out of chaos, have, as it were, chucked their jobs, and gone on strike themselves, with the thoroughly Irish idea that the more noise you make the easier it is to get peace. Their petition to Lord Aberdeen, the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, has rightly met with a severe snub, so that, instead of deriving any benefit from their insubordination, the Belfast police have become "marked men," many of whom will probably disappear ere long from the service.

Belfast is suffering a regular commercial upheaval, by reason of the general strike, now protracted for so many weeks, says the *Daily Telegraph*. Matters are becoming more acute every day. So great is the congestion at Donegall Quay, that it is impossible to store any more goods. As a result, the military and police authorities have been in consultation, and protection will now be afforded to all shipping employers with the object of getting, if possible, the stuff removed during the coming week. At York and Dufferin Docks all vessels arriving will have to be tied up owing to the vast heaps of materials lying in different sheds. At York Dock, the police say, they will protect workers at the steamer Glenravel, lying with cargo from Dundee. Protection will be afforded to men on a larger scale than ever before. Military with arms and ammunition are in future to assist the police to keep dockers and carters free from molestation.

The grain steamers after being detained for close on a month, got away on Wednesday for Cardiff and Barry respectively. It ordinarily takes only ten days to complete unloading, but over three weeks have been occupied with the work. In the coal trade, it is said, a number of men want to resume work but, as the lock-out notices do not expire till Monday, one cannot tell what may turn up in the meantime. The first steamer chartered by the Co-operative Society, the William Rowland Lloyd, arrived yesterday morning and commenced unloading at Queen's Quay. A large squad of belmen were waiting ready to take quantities, but, of course, owing to the hugeness of the Belfast market, it would take thousands of these men to cope with ordinary demands.

Late on Wednesday night a crowd of the strikers attacked some workers at a Glasgow boat named Norman, lying in Musgrave Channel, stopping the menengaged on the ship, smashing the skylight of the engine room and doing other damage. The workers had to fly to save their lives. Ten men armed with huge sticks waited all through the night in the vicinity of the boat to warn off any would-be workers.

A large number of factories and mills have posted up notices, intimating that they will be compelled in a few days to close their doors for want of coal. A portion will shut up on Saturday. Yesterday a part of Messrs. Ewarts' immense spinning mill on Cromlin-road was locked up owing to this cause.

A movement has been originated by the Belfast Employers' Protection Association (Ltd.) to open a free labour bureau for the purpose of enrolling the names of competent men in search of work. No objection will be offered to union hands, but it is stipulated that such workers must agree to labour harmoniously with non-union operatives.

Some large Belfast business houses are sending orders requiring speedy execution over to England, to save disappointment of customers.

At the quays yesterday, owing to the intense heat, some of the pickets fell asleep. In the afternoon, the police escorting a van were surrounded by a big crowd and stoned, but no one was injured. The van got into the station safely.

TSAR AND KAISER.

Meet at Swinemunde.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, AUGUST 2.

The Tsar and M. Isvolsky meet the Kaiser and Count von Bulow at Swinemunde to-day.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, AUGUST 2.

David Christie Murray is dead.

David Christie Murray was a voluminous writer of novels and plays. He began his career as a reporter on the *Bermingham Morning News*, and came to London in 1873. He served on the *Daily News* and on the staff of the *World*; was special correspondent for the *Times* during the Russo-Turkish war. He was a great traveller and went on lecturing tours through Australia, the United States of America, and Canada. He was born in West Bromwich, Staffordshire, in 1847.

QUETTA DIVISION COMMAND.

Probable Appointment of General Clements.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, AUGUST 2.

The *Pioneer* hears that Major-General Clements, at present commanding the Sirhind Brigade, will succeed Lieutenant-General Smith Dorrien in command of the 4th. (Quetta) Division on the latter's transfer Home.

STATE-AIDED PRESS PROSECUTIONS DROPPED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 2.

The results of the Press agitation against the State-aided prosecution of newspapers by members of the Calcutta Police Force are at length beginning to show that the Government of Bengal does not propose to proceed with the projected appeals against the *Statesman* and the *Bengalee*.

CALCUTTA ARSENAL THEFTS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 2.

Further instances of the stealing of arms and ammunition have now come to light. There is considerable excitement in the armoury at Fort William, which has been tampered with. A Martini-Henri rifle was stolen only recently from the Arsenal in the Fort. A vigorous enquiry is going on, but no clue has as yet been obtained.

HIS EXCELLENCY the Viceroy receives a visit from H. H. the Maharaja of Jaipur this morning and also from Malik Umer Hyat Khan.

COLLEGE SQUARE MEETING.

Babu Surendra Nath Banerjee's Address.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 2.

A gathering of more than 5,000 people assembled at College Square last (Thursday) evening to hear Babu Surendra Nath Banerjee in connection with the "7th of August" celebration. Surendra-Nath Banerjee occupied the Chair, making a lengthy speech, the opening sentences of which are perhaps the most instructive. There was a strong body of police present. He said :—

"Gentlemen and members of the Police Force,—My first words will be words of acknowledgment to the authorities for the great honour which they have done us. We are here to-day surrounded by a body of policemen accompanied by their respected chiefs. I take it that they are a Guard-of-Honour for this meeting. I trust they will report honestly and faithfully, neither extenuate nor set down anything in malice. I am glad to meet you on this occasion, and to have the opportunity of exchanging a few words with you. You must not expect a speech from me: the time for speech-making is past and gone: the time for action has now arrived. The orator has achieved his work. It is now for the statesmen to enter the arena and to give direction and form to the national forces which have been called into being by the genius of the orator. I cannot help thinking that the atmosphere is surcharged with the spirit of distrust. Our rulers mistrust us, and we reciprocate the compliment by distrusting them. Why should they send detectives and policemen after us to watch our proceedings, and send us to jail if we are caught tripping. We are no conspirators, plotting to subvert the British Empire. We are not revolutionaries, but we are anxious for reform—not sham reform, but genuine and real reform; and all history proclaims the truth that reforms, indefinitely postponed, pave the way for revolution. For myself, I cling to the faith of my life. I am, and have always been, a staunch Congressman, and I adhere to the Congress programme. Autonomous self-government under British protection is the goal of our aspirations. We are resolved to have it. We may be prosecuted and persecuted and sent to Jail for it. We are resolved to avail ourselves of every constitutional means at our disposal for its attainment."

"INDIA" SEDITION CASE.

Extract of Judgment.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, AUGUST 2.

The following is an extract from the written judgment of Mr. D. J. Boyd, I. C. S., Special Magistrate, in the *India* sedition case :—

"The complaint in this case, which has been laid by Mr. Misick, of the Punjab Police, acting under the orders of the local Government is to the effect that Pindi Das, the Proprietor, Publisher, Editor and Printer of the weekly vernacular newspaper *India* of Gujranwala, by publishing in the issue of April 25th, 1907, an article headed "To the British Government Native Forces, Bande Mataram" has brought or attempted to excite disaffection towards the Government established by law in British India, has attempted to seduce the native soldiers of his Majesty's Indian Army from their allegiance of duty and further has abetted their desertion. These offences are punishable under Section 124A, 131 and 135, Indian Penal Code. Further the complaint charges Dina Nath Ishawar Das and Amba Parshad with the same offences or their abetment, in that they all took a prominent part in preparing the issue of *India*, dated April 25th, 1907, and that Dina Nath caused it to be printed in the Hindustan Steam Press. Ishawar Das (who is the father of Pindi Das) and Amba Parshad are proved to be absconding in order to avoid arrest and evidence has been recorded in their absence in acordance with the provisions of Sections 512 Criminal Procedure Code."

THE "JUGANTAR."

Likely to be Prosecuted Again.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 2.

The *Empire* understands that the Government will again prosecute the *Jugantar* for its article about the "River of Blood" a translation of which was published by the *Empire* the other day.

BENGAL LIEUTENANT GOVERNORSHIP.

A Premature Statement.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, AUGUST 2.

The statement which has found publication in Calcutta to the effect that the Hon. Mr. Baker has refused the Bengal Lieutenant-Governorship is devoid of any foundation whatever.

SHIPPING AT KARACHI.

Congestion Still Continues.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, AUGUST 2.

The Karachi harbour at present is full of shipping and both at the wharves and in the stream work been brisk. Thirteen steamers are now lying in the stream awaiting an opportunity for steamers at whraves to leave so as to come alongside either to load or discharge cargo. Besides these there are also others belonging to the B. I. S. N. Company and the Shah and the Shepherd lines discharging and loading in the stream so that the Port authorities have their hands full in finding berthing accommodation for them in the harbour.

THE NEW NICKEL COIN.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 2.

The Government having made little or no effort to inform the natives of the new nickel one-anna piece, they were unanimously rejected by them as current coin in the bazars, tram-cars, and elsewhere. They are, however, greatly appreciated by the Europeans.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Will any of your readers explain how it is that the market value of the new coin seems to be only three annas in the rupee, thus giving a profit of 70 per cent. on it to the Government, whereas in all other coinage it never exceeds 20 to 25 per cent. the highest. The proportion of the composition is 75 per cent. copper and 25 per cent. nickel and the weight of 16 coins about 2¼ ozs., out of which 1½ ozs. is copper worth one anna and a half and ¾ ozs. of nickel worth one anna and a half, total metal in 16 coins being worth only three annas. This is simply wonderful.—Yours, etc.,

P. LALL.

THE statement of traffic of the Tapti Valley Railway for the week ending 15th June, amounted to Rs. 23,413, being an increase on the corresponding week of the previous year, of Rs. 3,886. The total earnings from 1st January to 15th June, were Rs. 6,24,959, being a decrease on the corresponding period of previous year, of Rs. 77,711.

THE statement of traffic of the Ahmedabad-Dholka Railway for the week ending 15th June, amounted to Rs. 2,921, being an increase on the corresponding week of the previous year, of Rs. 912. The total earnings from 1st January to 15th June, were Rs. 55,511, being an increase on the corresponding period of previous year, of Rs. 7,625.

INDIAN DEVOLUTION COMMITTEE.

Mr. F. G. Sly's Appointment Denied.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, AUGUST 2.

The announcement made by some newspapers that Mr. F. G. Sly will be the member representing the Revenue and Agriculture Department on the Devolution Committee is incorrect. No appointment has yet been made, but Mr. Sly will certainly not be selected as he is on the eve of going Home on privilege leave.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, AUGUST 2.

Particulars of the arrangements in connection with the coming Royal Commission on Financial Devolution have not yet reached Simla, but there is no reason to suppose that the Commission will arrive in India at any other date than the usual one for such peripatetic bodies, which is November. The entire cold season will certainly be required for the work if the investigation is to be at all complete.

A YOUNG AMERICAN IN POONA.

Bound Over to Keep the Peace.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, AUGUST 2.

Mr. John Bebill, the young American, aged 20, who was charged before the City Magistrate with doing a rash and negligent act in that he fired two shots from his revolver under circumstances already reported, was to-day bound over in his personal recognizance of Rs. 200 to be of good behaviour for six months.

CROP PROSPECTS.

Food Prices Falling.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, AUGUST 2.

Nineteen districts in the United Provinces and six in Bengal report a fall in food-grain prices this week, but the rates remain high everywhere They are still at scarcity rates in seven districts of the Central Provinces and at from 25 to 50 per cent. above normal in the Karnatick. Prospects otherwise are favourable the rain having penetrated over the whole of Northern India, including the North-West Frontier Provinces, where the Indus is rising and autumn sowing has begun.

THE SEASON IN BOMBAY.

The following Telegram from the Government of Bombay was sent to the Government of India, dated 31st July.

Good and beneficial rain during the week throughout the Presidency except Bijapur, where slight but useful. In Sind rainfall slight and inundation not satisfactory, though river has risen slightly. Kharif sowing generally continues. Transplantation is progressing in parts of Sukkur, Ahmedabad, Konkan, Nasik, Ahmednagar, Poona and Satara. Seedings are in good condition except in parts of Karachi, Larkana and Thar and Parkar where they are suffering for want of sufficient moisture. Fodder-supply is adequate except in parts of Thar and Parkar. Agricultural stock is in good condition. Drinking water is sufficient, Supply of water for irrigation is improving. Quantity of food-grains purchasable per rupee in the Karnatak is 25 to 43 per cent. in the Deccan 5 to 29 per cent, and elsewhere 14 to 37 per cent. less than normal. During the week ending 20th instant 25 persons were relieved gratuitously in Belgaum.

DEARNESS OF FOODSTUFFS.

Karachi Police Demand More Pay.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, AUGUST 2.

The Constables of the Karachi Town Police have made a representation to the District Superintendent of Police complaining of the small pay they draw and pointing out that the cost of living is very high and there is no prospect of foodstuffs becoming cheaper.

MOTOR 'BUSES IN CALCUTTA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 2.

The first of the new Ballygunj motor 'buses plied on the streets of Calcutta yesterday, and made several trips through the city.

PINK-COLOURED QUININE.

Importation Prohibited.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, AUGUST 2.

A Notification in the Commerce and Industry Department announces that the Governor-General in Council is pleased to prohibit the bringing by sea or land into British India quinine which has been coloured pink.

"GAZETTE OF INDIA" NOTIFICATIONS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, AUGUST 2.

HOME DEPARTMENT

Mr. C. W. E. Cotton, C. S., is posted to the Commerce and Industry Department.

Mr. C. H. Kesteven is confirmed as Solicitor to Government.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Major-General Browne, commanding the Garhwal Brigade to be a Divisional Comander *vice* Lieutenant General Sir O. M. Creagh who has vacated.

INDIAN ARMY PROMOTIONS :—Lieutenant-Colonel Mosse, 114th Mahrattas, to be Brevet-Colonel and Captains Potinger, Supernumerarary List, and Lang, 1st Gurkhas, to be Majors.

Lieutenants R. Johnstone, F. Talbot, W. Gilchrist, B. Manson, H. Burton, O. Bannerman, J. Barr, A Grey, A McCleverty, M. S. Johnson, A. E Johnson, G Pepys, J. Cadell, H. Ward, W. Wilson Johnston, E. Kensington, J. Costello, J. McConaghy, G, Wilson, G Hogg, R. Birdwood A. Moens. B. Drew, C. Kirkpatrick, C. Bird, N. Goodfellow, L. Hogge and H. MacDonnell to be Captains.

I. M. S. Captains Leverton, Chapman, Hooton, King, Standage, Gibbs, Blenkinsop, Knapton and Watson to be Majors.

The following are permitted to retire :—Colonel G. C. Dobbs with effect from 7th ultimo and Hon. Captain T. H. Mundy from 1st June last.

2nd Lieutenant Gore, Indian Army, is absorbed as a Double Company Officer in the 2nd Battalion, 9th Gurkhas.

Captain Mitchell, 124th Baluchis, is appointed Brigade Major to the Inspector General of Volunteers during the current inspection season.

Captain Henderson, 26th Cavalry, has been selected for appointment as Officiating Inspecting Officer, Hyderabad and Mysore Imperial Service Cavalry.

Lieut Wilson, Frontier Garrison Artillery, is appointed Subaltern in No. 30 Mountain Battery.

Lieut. Davies, 59th Company, Royal Garrison Artillery, is appointed to the Frontier Garrison Artillery.

Lieut White, 4th Hussars, rejoins his regiment in South Africa on completing the tenure of his appointment in command of the 20th Mule Cadre.

Captain Bathue, 21st Cavalry, is appointed Adjutant of Imperial Yeomanry.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

The appointment is recognised of Mr. G. Smidt as Acting Vice-Consul for Norway at Calcutta.

New rules under the Stamp Act are notified for application to the railway lands in Rajputana.

THE POONA SEASON.

Military and Sporting Notes.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, AUGUST 1.

Since my last letter there has been little to chronicle except the rain, which has put a stop to almost everything. From a sporting point of view the weather has been vile, though, I suppose, that "the country needs it," as the formula goes. Till a day or two ago, it was one incessantly steady downpour, but the last two or three days it has stopped raining occasionally, for a few hours at a time, making it possible to get out of doors and exercise ponies a bit, though still under difficulties. To-day we are having a few glimpses of the sun between the showers, and it really looks as if it were trying to work up for a break.

The Poona 1st extra meeting was postponed from last Saturday, on account of the rain, till Wednesday, and then again till Saturday, August 3rd; but it is still doubtful whether it will be able to be held without a further postponement, unless we get some sunshine to dry the course, which is in a water-logged condition. Polo, too, has been impossible, and the grass is growing very long on the Poona ground, which should yet be in first class order for the tournament, if we get a little fine weather now. The entries close to-day, and the draw for the first round, which begins on the 12th, will be held this evening. I believe there are twelve teams entered, but I shall be in a position to speak more accurately next week, and also, I hope about the chances of the teams, as it is to be hoped we shall get some play now. As no Polo has been possible for a fortnight it is impossible to compare them at present.

There was not much rain last Sunday morning, and the hounds met according to the programme, at the 7th Milestone on the Alandi Road, where, however, there were hardly any members of the Hunt to meet them, as nearly everyone thought that the country would be so soaked and sodden with water that riding would be impossible. The keenness of those who did turn up was rewarded, I hear, by a very good run: the high ground to the North was drawn for about half an hour when a Jack was started which was killed almost immediately; presently another Jack was started which took to the plateau to the northwest, running towards Chinchwad, thus avoiding the heavy black cotton soil down below. A good run of about five miles, lasting 33 minutes ensued, over stony country, cut up by a few nullahs, before the Jack was pulled down and killed; after this the hounds were taken home.

In spite of the inclemency of the weather, a Rugby Football match was played on Monday afternoon, between the Gymkhana and the East Lancashire Regiment, on the latter's ground, at Wanowrie. The Gymkhana only turned out 13 players and had to borrow a couple of substitutes. The rain came down heavily all the time, and the ground was very heavy and greasy, and the ball was difficult to handle or field cleanly. At first the Gymkhana team who had not played together before, were quite unable to settle down and the E. Lancs scored three tries, one of which was converted. Two of three tries were rather given away by one of the three-quarters, who should have been easily able to fall on the ball and touch it down, after it was kicked over the goal line. After this the Gymkhana team got better together, and had more of the game, and getting possession from a scrum, almost on the E. Lancs' line, Bremner slipped round and scored a try which was not improved upon. Half-time came with the scor: E. Lancs. 11 points (1 goal and 2 tries) to Gymkhana 3 points (try).

On resuming, the game went all in favour of the Gymkhana, and further tries were scored by Bremner, Dunsterville (two). Tillard, and Moore. Thus the Gymkhana won a good game by 2 goals and 4 tries (22 points) to 1 goal and 2 tries (11 points). For the winners Bremner, Dunsterville and Lowman of the outsides all played well and all the forwards stuck to their work well, and used their feet effectively. For the E. Lancs, Goff at full back played a very good game and prevented a much bigger score being made.

As I stated previously, the composition of the Poona four to row at Madras was not definitely settled at first, and a change has since been made, Boyce coming into the boat at stroke instead of Squires; the latter is a very good oar and a good stroke, but he is one of the heavy weight brigade, and scales about a stone heavier than any one of the rest of the crew, so that it was found impossible to balance the boat properly.

The flooded state of the river was responsible for a very exciting incident last week. Six horses, belonging to a Battery at Kirkee, were picketed on the river bank near the Harris Bridge, as they were suffering from Lymphangitis Epizootis and had to be segregated. Captain Hodgkins, the Veterinary officer, on going to visit them one morning, found that the river had risen suddenly and that only four were left, and they only just had their heads above water. The ground on which the horses were standing was higher that that near by, so that deep water had to be crossed to reach them. Captain Hodgkins sent off for assistance, and in spite of not being able to swim, very pluckily put his horse at the water and swam it over to the picketed horses, where he succeeded in unfastening one and in bringing it safely back; on going back for another his horse got caught somehow, and threw him off and he was carried down very fast in deep water, until he was fortunately able to catch hold of the branch of a tree, where he was able to hold on until help arrived. Eventually he was rescued by a party of Gunners, and the horses were all brought back all right.

AGRICULTURAL PROSPECTS IN KARACHI.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, AUGUST 2.

The Agricultural situation in the Karachi District continues poor owing to low inundation. The recent rise in the Indus, is however, encouraging, and if the river continues rising steadily an average crop of 25 per cent. is estimated, otherwise 10 per cent.

Reports from the Hyderabad District show that most of the branch canals and some of the main ones had ceased flowing until four or five days back when the water having risen somewhat in the river, they commenced to flow again.

Cultivation on the banks of the main canals is in fair condition, but the crops on the branch canals and water courses have almost withered. If the recent rise in the river does not continue sufficiently long, agricultural prospects will be very gloomy.

In the other districts of Sind also, the general agricultural situation up to the date is very unsatisfactory owing to deficiency of water.

DEAD BODY OF A EUROPEAN

Mysterious Disappearance of Mr. Maybray.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, AUGUST 2.

The dead body of a European was found in a mangrove swamp beyond Bath Island this morning with the face and other portions of the body eaten away by jackal and unidentifiable, but from the boots on the feet of the deceased it is suspected that the body is that of Mr. Maybray, Manager to Mr. Marraffa, the Italian confectioner here.

Mr. Maybray disappeared from his place on Monday and was not seen again. The body is in a highly decomposed state, and must have been lying in the swamp for about three or four days.

SIMLA MUNICIPAL BILL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, AUGUST 2.

The *Pioneer* understands that the proposed new Regulations for dealing with rabies will necessitate, as far as Simla is concerned, some modification of the existing Municipal Law and accordingly the necessary amendments have been included in the revised Municipal Bill, which in consideration of this, will be pressed on immediately after the Lieutenant-Governor's return.

THE Florio and Rubattino Company's steamer *Deo. Balduino* which left Bombay on the 15th July for Naples and Genoa arrived at Naples on the 2nd instant.

THE LATEST FROM HOME.

[SPECIALLY PREPARED BUDGET.]

LONDON, JULY 19.

THE WEEK'S MAIL SUMMARY.

HOME.

COURT.—The King and Queen, on the last day of their visit to Ireland, drove to the Leopardstown races.—The King opened the new Queen Alexandra Dock at Cardiff on Saturday, and announced the establishment of a decoration for men who, in mines and quarries, risk their lives to save others. King conferred knighthood on the Lord Mayor of Cardiff, Mr. W. S. Crossman, a Labour representative.—Their Majesties have expressed warm gratitude for their enthusiastic reception in Ireland and Wales.—The Prince of Wales laid the foundation-stone of a new art school in Edinburgh on the 11th.

A Portrait by Vandyck, recently sold from a palace in Genoa, has been bought by the National Gallery for £13,500.

Ecclesiastical.—The Bishop of Oxford, in a letter to the Archbishop of Canterbury, complains of the misrepresentation of the report of the Royal Commission on Ecclesiastical Discipline, especially on the subject of the Real Presence.—Mr. Birrell, at a meeting at Newcastle in connexion with the United Methodist Free Church Assembly, dwelt on the advantage of religious unity.—The 42nd anniversary of the Salvation Army was celebrated at the Crystal Palace on Monday. "General" Booth then left on a motor-tour through England and Wales.—The Bishop of Southwark presided on Monday at the annual meeting of the Actors' Church Union, and the Bishop of London at that of the Church Emigration Society.—The Wesleyan Conference began on Wednesday in London.

Law.—Judgment has been given for Mr. R. Bell, M. P., and other officials of the Railway Servants' Society in a libel suit against the *Socialist Standard*.—The Court of Appeal has ordered a new trial of the case in which International Plasmon (Limited) and obtained judgment for damages against storekeepers who put on plaintiffs' goods a label stating that they were sold without defendants' recommendation or responsibility.—At Liverpool the "soap trust" libel suit of Lever Brothers against the owners of the *Daily Mail* has ended in the defendants agreeing to pay the sum claimed, £50,000.—Two convictions have been recorded against Lord Caledon for driving a motor-car at excessive speed.

Naval and Military.—While a Portsmouth diver was engaged in salvage operations at a submerged torpedo-boat the gear became entangled, and he lost his life.—Assistant-Paymaster F. E. Cox, of the cruiser Hampshare, for misappropriating £56, has been dismissed from the service.—On Monday night a motor-car dashed into a detachment of Volunteers marching from Ham-common to Kingston, and 12 men were hur.—At Bisley, the Elcho Shield was won by Ireland, the Kolapore Cup by the Mother Country after a tie with Australia, the Ashburton Shield by Rugby, the Cadets' Trophy by Marlborough, the Albert Prize by Colonel Hopton, the United Service Challenge Cup by the Volunteers, the Chancellor's Plate by Oxford University, the Lucas Challenge Cup by the Manchester Brigade, and the Prince of Wales's Prize by Corporal Cutler, of Australia.—The officers and men of the Japanese and French warships are being entertained in Plymouth and Devonport.

Parliament.—In the House of Lords on the 11th the Bill allowing women to be elected as county and borough councillors passed through committe though by 61 to 49 it was resolved not to permit them to act as chairmen or mayors. On the 15th the Government conduct of Parliamentary business was criticized by Lord Camperdown. On the 16th certain land sales in Fiji were referred to. Army questions were brought up on the 17th In the Commons on the 11th the new regulations affecting denominational secondary schools and training colleges were discussed a motion to reduce the educatio vote was defeated by 220 to 97. On the 12th the House by 155 to 41 agreed on an address to the Crown for the appointment of an additional High Court Judge. On the 15th Lord R. Cecil called attention to a lette, in the *Times* from Mr. Lea, M. P., on the alleged connexion between contributions to party funds and the conferring of honours. On the Prime Minister's motion, the House proceeded to the next business This was Mr. Lyttelton's motion censuring the Government for rejecting the Colonial Premiers, invitation to consider the preference question' A Liberal amendment, declaring that the unity of the Empire would not be secured by preferential duties based upon the protective taxation of food, was adopted by 404 to 111. On the 16th the Finance Bill was ordered for third reading, after discussions on sugar and death duties and income-tax. On the 17th the Committee stage of the Evicted Tenants Bill began. An amendment confining compulsory acquisition to untenanted land was rejected by 257 to 66.

Sporting.—Surrey last week inflicted on the South African cricketers the first defeat of their tour by 85 runs. Yorkshire beat Essex by an innings and 32, Somerset beat Warwickshire by seven wickets, Leicestershire beat Hampshire by an innings and 72, Notts beat Derbyshire by an innings and 107, Gloucestershire beat Kent by 96 runs, Lancashire drew with Sussex, and Harrow beat Eton by 79 runs. This week the South Africans beat Yorkshire by five wickets, the Players beat the Gentlemen by 54, Kent beat Worcestershire by eight wickets, Gloucestershire beat Sussex by five wickets, Lancashire beat Northamptonshire by 36 runs, and Hampshire beat Warwickshire by 95.—On Saturday the Lords and Commons bat the Bar Golfin Society; Mr. Balfour and Mr. A. Lyttelton contributed materially to the victory. In the preliminary round of the International Lawn Tennis Championship, Australasia beat America. Mr. C. R. Collier established a record for motor-bicycles, covering 51 miles in an hour. The long distance amateur swimming championship was won on Saturday by P. Radmilovic, Weston-super-Mare. Mr. V. H. Pennell has won the M. C. C. Tennis Gold Prize, beating Mr. Eustace Miles.

Sir W. Laurier left Lieverpool for Canada last Friday "Mark Twain" left next day for New York.

THE EMPIRE.

Australia.—Our Australian correspondent says that vessels under the French flag are taking arms, ammunition, spirits, and other prohibited cargo to the New Hebrides.

South Africa.—The different Colonies have provisionally agreed to adjust railway rates to meet the differential reduction of ocean freights. The strike leaders on the Rand have decided to continue the strike. Sir P. FitzPatrick has retired from Messrs. Eckstein's firm to devote himself entirely to public affairs. Cape Colony has a claim of over £6,000 against Germany for the sustenance of refugees from South-West Africa.

THE UNITED STATES.

The Japanese in California.—Several Japanese, alleged to be spies obtaining plans of American fortifications, have been caught, but the law prescribes no punishment for espionage in time of peace.

Railways.—The commission which investigated Mr. Harriman's dealings recommends the prevention of measures which preclude railway competition.

An Explosion in the battleship Georgia has caused eight deaths.

FOREIGN.

Austria and Italy.—A meeting between the Austrian and Italian Foreign Ministers has resulted in a complete accord.

Congo State.—Much interest has been excited by the publication of the memoirs of Major Lemaire, who insists on the necessity of great changes in administration.

France.—The National Fete in Paris on Sunday included a grand review of troops. Manifestations by anti-militarists were promptly suppressed. As the President was returning from the review two shots were fired by a man who is believed to be insane.—A statue of Garibaldi was unveiled in Paris on Sunday. The Foreign Minister made a speech laying stress on the close friendship between France and Italy.

Morocco.—The Sultan is taking energetic measure for the release of Sir H. Maclean. The Wazan Shereef, who has much influence with the mountain tribes, has gone to the place where Sir H. Maclean is confined.—The Matin charges the German Minister at Tangier with seizing every opportunity of acting against France.

Russia.—Generals Stossel and Fock are charged with sending false reports about battles which never took place, recommending for decoration generals who lost battles, and surrendering fortresses in spite of ample means of resistance.—General Alikhanoff has been assassinated at Alexandropol.—A steamer was on Sunday night seized by armed robbers 16 miles from Odessa, plundered of £5,000, and then stopped by the disabling of the engines. The robbers escaped in the ship's boats.

Turkey.—Orders have been given for the despatch of troops to protect the Armenians from the Kurds.

Obituary.—Sir W. Perkin; the Rev. Lord Arundell of Wardour; Dr. A. Dupre; Major-General C. T. Haig; Lieutenant-Colonel G. W. Smith; Mr. Harry Quilter; Mr. T. F. Blackwell; Mr. D. Farquharson, A.R.A.; Mr. W. Van Praagh; Mr. Romilly Allen; Mrs. Harry Coghill; Major G. E. Banes; Lord P. St. Maur.—*Times.*

THE *Westminster Gazette* says :—The apparently authentic rumour that a Committee of Ministers had reported against the "All-Red" route is denied on authority. No decision has been arrived at. Much of the evidence in favour of the scheme has still to be heard. The Government of New Zealand has not yet presented its case. Sir Wilfrid Laurier on his return to Canada has to send further particulars. There is no likelihood, therefore, of a decision being arrived at for several weeks.

THE SITUATION IN EUROPE.

The Hague Conference.

The Hague, July 12 (*Times*.)—At the close of last Friday's debate in the second section of the second committee on the French proposals, enjoining an explicit ultimatum or a formal declaration of war before the opening of hostilities, and a prompt notification to neutrals, the American, British and Japanese delegates intimated that they must make certain reservations. The voting was consequently postponed. At the opening of the proceedings in the same sub-committee to-day all three Powers declared their adhesion to the French proposals.

The committee voted first on the Dutch amendment prescribing an interval of twenty-four hours between the declaration and the commencement of hostilities, after the Dutch delegate had endorsed the Russian argument that certainty such an interval might tend to a reduction of armaments by enabling Governments to distinguish more broadly between a peace footing and preparations for war. The amendment was defeated by sixteen to fourteen, with five abstentions.

These sub-committee votes, I would repeat, are not decisive, but they sufficiently indicate the present trend of opinion. The original French proposal was then put and accepted almost unanimously, there being only two votes against it and two abstentions.

The question of the period of grace to be allowed to neutrals between the notification of war and the fulfilment of neutral obligations was next discussed. M. de Beernaert (Belgium) formally proposed forty-eight hours. M. Renault (France) insisted on the necessity of a clearer drafting of the proposal. It was inadmissible "to allow neutrals forty-eight hours in which to violate the obligations of neurality."

In the course of debate Mr. Tsudzuki (Japan) emphasised the facts that Japan had declared her adhesion only to the original French proposal as it stood. The Chinese military delegate, Col. Ting, made the significant remark that China's experience showed that a definition of war itself was desirable, as war sometimes had been made under the name of "expedition." The committee saw the point, and there was an appreciative ripple of laughter.

The correspondent added on the 14th :—Col. Ting, the Chinese military delegate, has a pretty wit. After, as already reported, expressing a desire for a definition of war, since wars were sometimes conducted under the name of "expeditions," he pointedly inquired what was to be done if one nation declared war upon another, and if that other "did not want "to fight.' None of the distinguished jurists present were able to supply an answer on the spur of the moment.

The Hague, July 14 (Times).—The first piece of work which is approaching completion is the application of the Geneva Convention, as revised in 1906, to naval warfare. A large number of amendments, as will be remembered, had been proposed by Germany, and after considerable discussion the version of the Convention which approved itself to the third committee of the Conference was, as reported in the "Times" of July 10, referred to a "comite de redaction." This body, under the presidency of Count Tornielli and comprising ten naval delegates of different Powers, has now completed its labours. The points which were of chief importance concerned the position of recognised hospital ships and vessels offering casual humanitarian assistance in relation to the belligerent forces.

The Hague, July 16.—At a plenery sitting of the third committee this morning, the final draft of the adaptation of the Geneva Convention to naval warfare, as presented by the "comite de redaction, was submitted and discussed and finally approved without a division on the general question.

Turkhan Pasha mentioned that he would not insist on an explicit acknowledgment of the symbol of the Red Crescent, instead of the Red Cross, in the Convention, but asked that note should once more be taken of his remarks on this point. M. Tcharykoff (Russia) supported Turkhan's attitude, and reminded the committee that in the Russo-Turkish war of 1877.78 Red Cross and Red Crescent had successfully co-operated in behalf on the humanitarian interests of which both were symbols. Samad Khan (Persia) entered reservations similar to Turkhan's.

GREAT BRITAIN AND THE LIMITATION OF ARMAMENTS.

The Hague, July 17 (*Reuter*).—Sir Edward Fry had an interview yesterday with M. Nelidoff, to whom he announced the intention of the British delegation to introduce before the conference a resolution concerning the limitation of armaments. Sir Edward Fry also communicated the form of the resolution. M. Nelidoff informed the plenipotentiaries of several Great Powers of the fact. Before replying to the President, they expressed a wish to ask their Governments for instructions.

It is understood, on the best authority, that Sir Edward Fry will not introduce his resolution at the next plenary meeting of conference, but will defer action to a later period, probably the last sitting.

The British delegation has instructions to bring the question of the limitation of armaments before the conference, provided no other Power takes the initiative. But judging from the lack of prominence hitherto given to the question, it is scarcely probable that any Power will do so. Any hopes which were entertained that the United States delegation would raise the matter are not likely to be realised.

The British proposal requests the conference to adopt the resolution confirming the wish (*vœu*) adopted by the first Peace Conference respecting the limitation of armaments, and, as this question has now become more urgent, exhorts the Governments represented at the second conference to study it.

On being informed of the British proposal by Mr. Nelidoff, Baron Marchall von Bieberstein said that he understood that Germany would wish to modify the qualification urgent as she did not think the actual political situation was such as to justify the question of limitation of armaments being regarded as pressing.

M. de Kapos, Mere the first Austrian delegates, asked for time to consult the German delegation and communicate with Vienna.

There is reason to believe that the Italian delegates are slightly embarrassed by the proposal in asmuch as this is question, in which they are bound to take into account the other members of the Triplice, and may thus be constrained possibly to adopt the German and Austrian view, although they are favourable to the British proposal.

With regard to the French attitude, there is reason to believe that M. Bourgeois personally favours the adoption of Sir Edward Fry's resolution, but that the French Government considers the whole question in the light of an academic discussion which is unlikely to lead to any result.

It is believed that Russia adopts the standpoint, that the position of her military and naval forces, after the war with the Japanese, does not permit her to consider that the question of the limitation of armaments has become more urgent. She is therefore unfavourable to the proposal.

Spain and the United States are not likely to offer any opposition to the British motion.

Among the delegates it is not believed that there will be any considerable discussion on the subject, and that if the phrasing is altered beforehand, to correct the assertion that the limitation question should become urgent, it is very likely that the conference will adopt the British resolution, after a few academic exposes expressing regret that the time has not yet come for more to be accomplished in this respect. As it stands, the British proposal marks an advance on the resolution adopted on a motion by M. Bourgeois by the last conference, which said that "the conference considers the limitation of the military charges which now weigh on the world is greatly to be desired in the interests of the material and moral welfare of humanity."

RUSSIA.

GENERAL STOESSEL.

July 14.—An extraordinary document, embodying the indictment against Generals Stoessel, Reuss Fock and Smirnoff, has been published in St. Petersburg. It brings against Generals Stoessel and Fock charges of sending deliberately false reports about battles which never took place, of recomending for decoration generals who lost battles, and of surrendering fortresses in spite of ample means of resistance. All the crimes with which Generals Stoessel and Fock are charged are capital offences.

St. Petersburg, July ("Times").—The rumours of an impending meeting between the Czar and the Emperor William are not confirmed officially. Nothing is known about it at the Foreign Office, but it is understood that "pourparlers" are proceeding between the two Courts. The German naval attache was received in audience at Peterhof on Friday. The Imperial yachts are being hurriedly prepared for a prolonged cruise.

Franco-Russian relations continue to preoccupy the Press. The aggressive attitude of the "Novoe Vremya" is unanimously censured. The "Russ" regrets that the "Temps, should have attached undue importance to the "Novoe Vremya's attacks. The "Slovo" approves the conciliatory attitude of the "Temps," which, it declares, should call forth a responsive echo from the "Rossiya."

A steamer was on Sunday night seized by a band of armed robbers sixteen miles from Odessa, plundered of money to the amount of over 5,000l., and then stopped by the disabling of the engines, while the robbers made their escape in the ships boats.

Tiflis, Tuesday (Reuter).—As General Alikhanoff was returning home from his club at Alexandropol [illegible] carriage with his son and the wife and daughter of General Glieboff, two bombs were thrown. The general Mme. Glieboff, and the coachman were killed and the younger occupants of the carriage were injured.

General Alikhanoff commanded the punitive expedition in the Caucasus last year when the disorders were suppressed with the greatest severity. All was made on his life last year when he was slightly wounded. His name was often mentioned in the Duma, the Caucasian deputies usually calling him "The wild Beast."

MOROCCO.

KAID MACLEAN'S CAPTIVITY.

The Tangier correspondent of the "Times" telegraphed yesterday:—Many rumours are current to-day about Kaid Maclean, but I have just received letters from him, dated July 16, which prove the entire absurdity of the reports in question. He gives little information as he is ignorant of what is being done in his behalf, and such news as he receives is from Raisuli and his agents, and, therefore, entirely untrustworthy.

Incidentally, Sir H. Maclean confirms a fact of which I was already aware, that Raisuli is receiving cases of cartridges from Tangier, which are purchased here from Europeans by Raisuli's agents. The sale of cartridges at any time is strictly prohibited, and it is believed that the Europeans selling them are perfectly aware of their destination. They are passed out of the town by night, and sent to the mountains on mules.

Further letters from the Sultan have been received here for distribution among the tribes. The letters state that it is his Majesty's intention to visit these districts personally with a large army in a short space of time. The shereef of Wazan appears to be making progress in winning over the tribes and though there is no definite change in the situation, the reports are all satisfactory.

The above seems to discredit the reports published yesterday in Paris that Sir H Maclean has escaped, and was in a place of safety under the protection of the tribes.

BALLOON ADVENTURE.

A Voyage to Observe Mars.

Night clouds having prevented accurate astronomical observations of the planet Mars during the past few evenings, the "Daily Mail" organised a special balloon ascent in the early hours of this morning, with a view to rising into a clearer atmosphere at 4,000 or 5,000 feet above the earth.

Dr. Lockyer, chief assistant of the Solar Physics Observatory at South Kensington, was one of the party of three, carrying with him a number of astronomical instruments. Mr. Frank Butler was in charge of the balloon.

Although the voyage was not successful in its astronomical objective, the balloonists met with a most extraordinary experience, being enveloped for four hours in a dense fog, which entirely robbed them of any sense of direction and blotted out everything around them in thick velvety blackness.

A representative writes: "As our recording instruments registered 1,000ft., the lights of London stretched away below us in an amazing twinkling panorama. The sky seemed clear, and Dr. Lockyer located the group of stars known as Aries—unslinging his powerful telescope at once—but at that moment, with the rapidity of a conjuring trick, a pall-like, extraordinary blackness came swiftly down upon us. We had entered an impenetrable fogbank.

Emptying two bags of ballast, we shot up to 6,000ft., but the inky blackness still surrounded us. A clammy, ice-cold vapour chilled us to the bone, and frosted white the ropes of the balloon. Sinking again, we heard our trail rope crashing among trees, but although we peered anxiously over the side of the car, our eyes could not penetrate the solid blackness.

And so, alternately ascending and descending, we endeavoured to outwit this weird bank of midnight fog, but it held us irretrievably in its clammy grip.

The actual locale of our descent was the edge of a cornfield some six miles from Sunbury. We had evidently pursued a curiously tortuous course, being the plaything of the eddies and air currents of the fog.

THE SERVICES AT HOME.

INDIA OFFICE, JULY 19.

ARRIVALS REPORTED IN LONDON.

Col G M Porter, RE, B
Lieut-Col S Little, IMS, B
Major D O Morris, B
Capt F D Browne, IMS, B
Mr A E Nelson, B Cov
Mr F Dewar, B Cov
Mr J H Lea, B Cov
Mr C Rustomjee. B Cov
Mr K K Chatterji, B
Mr J W Moulton, B
Mr E J Stephens, B
Mr J Parkes, B
Mr N D Calder, B
Miss E E Greene, B
Mr A L Pinto, M
Mr W D Sheppard, Bo Cov
Mr A H Gordon, Bo
Mr D R H Browne, Bo
Lieut-Col C T A Searle, 35 Sikhs
Lieut-Col A Beale, I A
Lieut-Col RG Egerton, Q O Corps of Guides
Major L W Y Campbell, 89 Punjabis
Major E C B Cotgrave, 38 C I Horse
Major F R E Lock, 102 Grenadiers
Major W P Brett, R E
Major CWH Symonds, Survey of India
Major W W Warner, 30 Lancers
Capt C B Harrison, IMS
Capt A W Greig, IMS
Capt T C Browning, Cant Mags' Dept
Capt A S Byng, A S C, attached S and T Corps
Capt H E P Nash, Royal Scots, adjutant, BB & C I Ry Vols
Capt A Smith, Civil Vety Dept
Capt C P Wynter, Kurram Militia
Lieut H A Hill, 88 Carnatic Inf
Lieut E Monteith, 105 Mahratta L I
Lieut R J Macnabb, 38 C I Horse
Lieut H B Stevenson, 2 QO Rajputs
Lieut CL Whittaker, 18 Inf
Second Lieut J R Wynter, 32 Sikhs

EXTENSIONS OF LEAVE.

Major E Jennings, IMS, B study leave from 19-2-07 to 30-6-07
Major D B Blakeway, B, 4 days' furl
Capt T H Delany, IMS, B, 1 mo M C
Capt H A Cameron, RE, B, 7 days' furl
Mr C L S Russell, B Cov, 1 mo M C
Mr R C R Wilson, B, 3 mo furl on MC, in continuation of privilege leave
Mr M H Cumming, B, 2 mo M C
Mr R N Burn, B, furl on M C to 26-8-07
Mr A H Marshall, B, 4 mo M C
Mr J J O'Reilly, B, 2 mo M C
Mr H J Newson, B, 3 mo M C
Mr A English, B, 3 mo MC
Mr W E Hankin, B, 2½ mo M C
Mr H V Ryan, M, 10 days' extraordinary leave
Major HB Foote, RA, IOD, 2 mo on private affairs
Lieut AM Senior, 91 Punjabis, 6 mo M C
Lieut J C S Rendall, S and T Corps, 3 mo on private affairs
Lieut W C Taylor, RIM, 1 mo M C
Lieut W J Bray, I O D, 6 mo M C

PERMITTED TO RETURN.

Major D B Blakeway, B
Capt T H Delany, I M S, B
Mr J P Hardiman, B Cov
Mr N G Cholmeley, B Cov
Mr E G F Abraham, B Cov
Mr W A W Last, B Cov
Mr C L S Russell, B, Cov
Mr J Donald, B Cov
Mr M CC Bonig, B
Mr G H B Johnston, B
Mr D Petrie, B
Mr G M Townshend, B
Mr W Chadwick, B, return cancelled on retirement
Mr F G Wigley, B
Mr T H Worgan, B
Mr F F Bion, B
Mr H B Learoyd, B
Mr W T Collins, B
Mr T L James, B
Mr H V Ryan, M
Mr F D Bird, M
Mr A C Langston, M
Mr P Knox-Thomas, Bo
Mr F R Tebbs, Bo
Major-Gen G De Brath, C B, C I E, I A
Col A E Sandbach, D S O, R E
Major C A Johnston, I M S
Major E B Laug, 5 Cav
Capt J R J Tyrrell, I M S
Capt F C Laue, RA, I O D
Capt H N Kelly, 33 Punjabis
Capt A C Fergusson, RE
Capt R C W Lukin, 9 Hodsons' Horse
Lieut M E Sinclair, 99 Inf
Lieut E W E Milman, 72 Punjabis
Lieut A T Wilson, 32 Sikh Pioneers.

ARRIVALS BY THE OVERLAND MAIL OF 19TH JULY.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s steamer Peninsular, Commander W. B. Palmer, R. N. R., arrived in harbour yesterday morning, with the English Mails of the 19th July.

FROM LONDON.

Anderson, Mr A
Arundale, Mr H
Beattie, Mr H D
Blythe, Mr
Hoskyns, Capt H C W
King, Mr Col
Rockstraw, Mr
Robinson, Mrs J and child
Wilson, Mr and Mrs

FROM MARSEILLES.

Airy, Lt J W
Burn, Mr W J
Becker, Mr T C
Barnard, Mr and Mrs A B
Cotton, Mr A E
Calvatoressi, Mr J
Dalrymple-Clark, Lt J H W S
Davis, Mr J B
Defries, Mr
Kearton, Mr W
Forrest, Lt Col J R
Fawcett, Mr O
Godwin, Mr R H
Gasper, Mr B M V
Hobbs, Mr and Mrs A C
Harper, Mr P A
May, Mr J D
Robertson, Sir D
Kenhardt, Mr J A
Kenny, Dr W
Kidel, Mr A D
Kirkwood, Lt T W
Lukin, Capt R
McSwinney, Mr J
Mangakis, Mr M
Murphy, Mr I M C
Martin, Mr F W
Parbury, Lt H F
Pattinson, Mr J H
Pardley, Mr J M
Rawson, Mr S
Robertson, Mr J
Saunders, Mr E
Sinclair Mr E
Sorabjee, Mr R K
White Sir A
Wood, Capt A R S

FROM BRINDISI.

Jenkyns, Mr W H
Kinderdey, Mr A F
Kirby, Major N
Watkins, Col O C

INDIA IN PARLIAMENT.

THE ORISSA RECORDS.

In the House of Commons on Monday, July 15, Mr. Rees asked the Secretary of State for India: Whether his attention has been called to the statement made in the Bengal Administration Report for 1905-6 to the effect that it has been decided to have a general revision of the records of Orissa done by a paid staff, under the control of the settlement officer, whether he is aware that the settlement of Orissa was effected ten years ago for the ensuing thirty years, whether this revision of records is ordered in contemplation of an earlier revision of the existing settlement and, if not, whether he will explain why it is proposed to subject tenants, land-lords and Government ryots to vexatious inquiries until the time arrives for undertaking a new settlement of this part of India.

Mr. Morley: For some years proposals have been under consideration for keeping up to date the record of rights prepared at great expense in the last re-settlement of the temporarily settled districts of Orissa. It has now been decided to provide for the continuous maintenance of the record by means of a permanent staff of revenue inspectors such as exists in other provinces. As a preliminary to this, it is proposed that the entries in the record-of-rights of each village shall be corrected where necessary and brought up to date by a settlement officer and a suitable staff. The land revenue will not be revised and the term for which the assessments have been sanctioned will not be disturbed. A correct record of proprietary and tenancy rights has been found in Bengal and elsewhere to be beneficial to owners and occupiers of land. It is not anticipated that the revisional operations will be vexatious to the people. Similar operations have been carried out in other districts without such consequences.

THE VICTORIA MEMORIAL HALL, CALCUTTA.

Mr. Fell asked the Secretary of State for India: If the proposal to erect a great hall in Calcutta with the funds subscribed for the Victoria Memorial has been abandoned; if so, how much has been expended on the plans and foundations; and what it is proposed to do with the balance of the fund.

Mr. Morley: The proposal to build a hall in Calcutta with the fund subscribed for the Victoria Memorial has not been abandoned. A committee of experts recently reported on the foundations which have been laid; their report has been forwarded to the architect, Sir William Emerson, who will advise whether any modifications in his original plan are necessary.

GAINS TO THE REVENUE FROM TOKEN MONEY.

On Tuesday, July 16, Mr. Robert Duncan asked the Secretary of State for India: If he can state approximately the gain to the revenue in the last financial year due to the coinage of rupees and other silver pieces as token money.

Mr. Morley: The profit on the coinage of rupees is not treated as revenue; it has hitherto been transferred to the gold standard reserve, and in future one-half will continue to be so transferred, the other half being used for capital expenditure on railways. The amount of the profit in 1906-07 was approximately 4,000,000*l*. The profit on other coinage, which is treated as revenue amounted in 1906-07 to 254 000*l*.

THE PLAGUE.

Dr. Rutherford asked the Secretary of State for India: What was the number of deaths from plague during June in the Punjab, and in the whole of India, and what is the total for the six months in the Punjab and in India.

Mr. Morley: The figures for June are:—Punjab, 58,821 deaths; whole of India, 69,064. For six months ended June Punjab, 632,953; whole of India, 1,060,067. (Labour cries of "Shame.")

THE CAPITATION TAX LEVIED ON COOLIES.

Mr. Harmood Banner asked the Secretary of State for India: Whether there is any effective supervision over the capitation tax levied on coolies from Chittagong on entering the province of Arracan; whether he is aware of the extra tax above the 1s. per head demanded from the coolies by the native official; and if steps can be taken to put an end to the system of taxing a man passing from one province to another, which restricts the supply of labour and is injurious to the province.

Mr. Morley: I have no information on the subject, but will ask the Government of India to give it their consideration and to report the facts.

THE TEA DUTY.

On Wednesday, July 17, Mr. Harris asked the Chancellor of the Exchequer: What was the average contribution per head of the population of the United Kingdom towards the duty paid on tea during the year ended March 31, 1907.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer said the answer was 2s. 6. 72d.

THE DISMISSAL OF EITAL PRASAD.

Mr. Arnold Herbert asked the Secretary of State for India Whether he is aware that irregularities appear to have taken place during the inquiry into the conduct of Eital Prasad, an inspector of police in Bengal, as a result of which he was dismissed the service and whether he will cause an inquiry to be made into the circumstances.

Mr. Morley: I have no official information as to the case. I understand that the person referred to has addressed a memorial to the Government of India, and if he is dissatisfied with their decision, he is at liberty to appeal to me, when the matter would be duly considered.

THE PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT IN INDIA.

On Thursday, July 18, Sir Seymour King asked the Secretary of State for India: Whether any information exists at the India Office with reference to a scheme of reorganisation for the Public Works Department in India, which was reported to be under consideration by the Government of India two or three years ago; and whether any scheme for improving the pay and prospects of the Department has as yet been before the Secretary of State.

Mr. Morley: An increase of pay in the administrative grades of the engineering branch of the Public Works Department was sanctioned by my predecessor in August 1905. I am not aware of any other scheme under consideration for improving the pay and prospects of the Department.

THE BOMBAY-SIND CONNECTION RAILWAY.

Mr. Weir asked the Secretary of State for India; Whether he has yet received from the Government of India the memorial of the Cutchi inhabitants of Bombay relative to the proposed Bombay-Sind connection railway.

Mr Morley: I have requested the Government of India to forward the memorial, but I have not yet received it.

STATE BALL AT BUCKINGHAM PALACE.

Magnificent Scene.

The second and last Court ball of the season took place to-night at Buckingham Palace, and by the King's commands many invitations were issued by Viscount Althorb, Lord Chamberlain.

The scene outside the palace was a busy one. It was not long after ten o'clock when the carriages began to arrive, and the usual interest was excited among the crowd in Procession-road by the arrival of the Prince and Princess of Wales with an escort of Life Guards.

Inside the Palace all was light and colour, and the magnificent display of jewels and gowns was much commented on. The clock had only just struck eleven when the doors of the ball-room leading from the private apartments were thrown open and the Royal procession appeared, headed by the Lord Chamberlain and his officials, all wearing full dress.

The King wore a Field Marshal's uniform, with the broad blue ribbon of the Garter across the tunic, and many jewelled orders. The Queen who wore a gown of primrose satin embroidered with silver sequins and mauve orchids and a diamond tiara, looked radiantly handsome. Her ornaments, were diamonds and emeralds the orders of the Garter. Victoria and Albert Crown of India, the King's Coronation Order, and the Danish Family Order.

The Prince and Princess of Wales, Princess Victoria and the Duchess of Sparta were included in the Royal procession.

A quadrille was formed almost immediately, many of the Royalties taking part, after which dancing became general. About midnight, appear was announced and the King and Queen and other members of the Royal Family proceeded to the supper-room, which was specially set apart for their use, and magnificent supper, with the famous Hock cup, was served to the guests. The celebrated gold plate was brought up from Windsor and considerably enhanced the appearance of the various buffets and tables.

The Duchess of Leeds and her daughter, Lady Olga Osborne, were present; and so were Katharine Duchess of Westminster and Lady Helen Grosvenor. The Duke and Duchess of Richmond and Lady Helen Gordon-Lennox come on from Lord Anglesey's dinner party Princess Victor Duleep Singh blazing with emerald and diamonds, was chaperoning her debutante sister-in-law, Princess Irene Duleep Singh, and Prince and Princess Alexis Dolgorouji were chatting to many friends. Lady Londonderry wore her famous crown of diamonds with pear-shaped pearls.

Lord and Lady Waterford made their last appearance in the social world this season and among others present to mention only a few names were Lady Mar and Kellie, Lady Gosford, Lady Beauchamp, Lady Sefton, Lady Crewe (chaperoning Lady Cynthia Crewe Milnes) Lady Huntingdon, Lady Caledon, Lady Deerhurst, Lady Massereene, Mrs. Henry Stanhope (with Miss Gita and Miss Esther Stanhope) Lady Paget (with Miss Leila Paget) Lady Colebrooke who (was beautifully dressed and wearing a superb diamond tiara) Olivia Lady Cairns and Lady Rosemary Cairns and many of the debutantes of the present season.

THE UNREST IN THE PUNJAB.

IN the House of Commons, on July 24th, Sir Henry Cotton asked the Secretary of State for India: What steps have been taken in the Punjab to allay the unrest by concessions; whether the land tax has been abated in any part of the province, and, if so, by how much; and whether any reduction has been effected in the amount of water rates in the Lyallpore district where there was lately so much agitation.

Mr. Morley: To speak of "concessions" in this connection is misleading and inappropriate (cheers), because it is the duty of Government to see that its subjects have no legitimate grievances. So far as I am aware the land tax was mentioned as a grievance only in the case of the Rawal Pindi disturbances. The new assessments have been accepted without complaint by the agricultural population. The local Government will deal considerately with any genuine instances of over assessment which may come to light. In the Chenab irrigation colony, where the spring crop has been seriously damaged by rust, it is proposed to remit half the land revenue and half the water rate. In this colony, which forms the Lyallpore district, there has been no enhancement of the water rates, and agitation there did not concern these rates. The Bari-Doab Canal, on which the rates were to have been raised next September, does not enter the Lyallpore district. The levy of the proposed new rates on the Bari-Doab Canal was in April postponed until September 1908, and pending further inquiry.

Sir Henry Cotton asked the Secretary of State for India: Whether his attention has been called to the publication in Eastern Bengal of an inflammatory pamphlet, known as the red pamphlet, inciting the Mahomedans to violent measures against the Hindoos; whether one Ebrahim Munshi, the author of this pamphlet, has been prosecuted under section 108 of the Criminal Procedure Code; whether the proceedings against him have been kept confidential by the magistrate; and whether he can state what the result of these proceedings has been.

Mr. Morley: My attention has been drawn to the publication of the pamphlet in question. I am informed that proceedings under the section mentioned were instituted against the author, but that on his undertaking to publish no more copies and to withdraw the pamphlet as far as possible from circulation, he was released on his own recognizances. The case was accordingly not brought to trial, and the proceedings, so far as they went, were confidential.

Sir H. Cotton asked the right hon. gentleman: Whether he was not aware that the circulation of this pamphlet was one of the principal causes of the unfortunate riots and disturbances which had been so marked a feature of Eastern Bengal.

Mr. Morley: No, Sir, I am not aware of it, and I greatly doubt it. (Hear, hear)

Mr. Mackarness asked the Secretary of State for India: Whether, in view of the fact that prisoners of State confined under the Indian Ordinance of 1818, have no means of making any defence, except under the provision of the Ordinance which expressly allows them at all times freely to bring to the notice of the Governor-General in Council any circumstances they may wish in connection with their deportation and confinement, he will take steps to have Lala Lajpat Rai and Ajit Singh informed of their rights, and ascertain whether either of them desires to make any defence or complaint in respect of the matters alleged against them.

Mr. Morley: Lajpat Rai and Ajit Singh have already been informed of their right to communicate with the Governor-General in Council. The former has done so, the latter has not

Mr. O'Grady asked the Secretary of State for India: Whether he will place in the Library copies of the "Wafadar" of Jan. 28, 1906, and of the "Punjabee" of March 27, 1907, in which newspapers Lajpat Rai is reported to have preached sedition in Lyallpore and Lahore; and whether he will state to the House on what other grounds the Law of 1818 was resorted to in the matter of the arrest and deportation of Lajpat Rai.

Mr. Morley: My reply to the first part of the question is in the affirmative. As for the second part, I can only refer my hon. friend to the answers which I gave to the hon. members for East Nottingham and East Clare on July 2.

Mr. O'Grady asked the Speaker, in view of the unsatisfactory nature of the right hon. gentleman's reply, whether the Government of India were responsible to the House for its action in the administration of the law and, if so, whether a member of the House had not the right to demand that definite information should be supplied to him, publicly or privately, as to the ground for the arrest and deportation of any of his Majesty's subjects.

The Speaker: It is open to any hon. member to put any question that comes within the rules of order, and it is equally open to the Minister to decline to give a reply. (Cheers.)

Sir Henry Cotton asked the Secretary of State for India: Whether his attention has been drawn to the proceedings of the Deputy Commissioner of Hazaribagh, in Bengal, proposing to give leases to several Europeans to build bungalows on the sacred hill of Parasnath, and to the feeling this proposal has excited among the Jain community in India, by whom the entire hill, which is their principal place of pilgrimage, is regarded as sacred; and whether he will inquire into the case, with a view of allaying disquiet among this influential community and protecting their rights and privileges which have hitherto been always recognised on the Parasnath Hill.

Mr. Morley: I have no official information on the subject, but from references in the newspapers I gather that, as a result of a conference between the Deputy Commissioner of Hazaribagh and representatives of the jain community, it was arranged that the latter should submit a statement of their views within two months, for the consideration of the authorities concerned. I am advised that all parts of the hill are not regarded as sacred. A large area was actually occupied as a military sanatorium from 1862-68 and the building then erected is still standing. I see at present no reason why a settlement satisfactory to all parties should not be arrived at.

Mr. O'Grady asked the Secretary of State for India: Why it was that the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam gave instructions for an appeal to be lodged against the acquittal of one Johar Mandel, charged with the petty crime of a theft of paddy; whether his attention has been called to the fact that the appeal was rejected by the High Court, and to the remark of Mr. Justice Mitter in the case that there is no safety of the subject if the Government appeal in such petty cases; and, in view of the fact that intervention by the Government in such cases amounts to a denial of justice, what steps, if any, he intends taking in the matter.

Mr. Morley: I have seen a newspaper report of the case referred to, from which it appears that the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam, being of opinion that there had been a failure of justice, ordered an appeal to be filed. In dismissing the appeal Mr. Justice Mitter is reported to have used the language which the hon. member quotes. I do not follow his suggestion that the intervention of the Government amounts to a denial of justice, and I have no doubt that the High Court in other cases, as in this, will see that justice is done.

Mr. Rees asked the Secretary of State for India: Whether his attention has been called to an inflammatory pamphlet, known as Rach Taxing in Rural India, in which the acts of the British-Indian administration are so misrepresented as to be calculated to bring that Government into contempt and odium on the part of its subjects and to incite them to violent measures of opposition; and whether he proposes to take any action in the matter.

Mr. Morley: The pamphlet, I believe, was circulated by a member of this House for the instruction of other members of this House. I am content to leave it to their judgment.

BRITISH ENTERPRISE BEYOND THE SEA.

A SPECIAL Commissioner of the London "Daily Mail" recently paid a surprise visit to the vast Lemco and Oxo factories and cattle ranches in the River Plate. Our readers will probably know that the Lemco and Oxo Company own over a million acres of ranches, carrying some of the finest pedigree stock in the world, including a number of Hereford bulls and heifers from His Majesty the King's farms at Windsor; but what interested us most was the account of the minute attention which is paid to detail in the manufacture of these two well-known foods. After describing the cooling and chopping of the meat, the paper goes on to say that "from the chopping machines it emerges into porcelain-lined receptacles, whence it is fed to the extracting apparatus. Here it joins an equal weight of pure filtered water. These extracting pans are constantly agitated at a temperature determined by the chemist, who, with his assistants, is always at work. When completed, the liquid is drawn off into tanks, where it is allowed to settle, so that every atom of fat may be drawn off. When the proper consistency is reached, it is again drawn through filters into the square 100 lb. tins ready to receive it, it solidifies as it cools, is then sampled, the tins are sealed up, and it is, when boxed, ready for shipment as "Extractum Carnis," or "Lemco" viz., Liebig's pure Extract of Beef; as, indeed, it is. It contains no ingredients not derived from the beef itself and it will keep good for ever. It has been untouched by human hands since the large pieces were dropped upon the revolving knives. One is struck by the perfect system that prevades these vast factories—nothing is left to chance. Every utensil, from the enormous evaporators to the smallest pan is spotlessly clean. Cleanliness is the rule everywhere, and it can be enforced much more easily here than in an ordinary kitchen.

MAKING OXO.

Oxo is made with the same scrupulous care. It consists of a combination of the best meat extract and Oxo fibrine. The latter is specially prepared from selected beef, and reduced to a powder finer than the finest flour, many pounds of prime, lean beef being required to produce each pound of fibrine."

THE KING'S TOUR.

Visit to Cardiff.

THE royal yacht "Victoria and Albert," with the King and Queen and Princess Victoria on board, arrived at Cardiff on July 12, and anchored in the new dock, after a very pleasant run in splendid weather from Kingstown. Thousands of people assembled at various points along the shores of the Bristol Channel below Cardiff to watch the coming of the royal yacht. When the vessel rounded Lavernock Point a rocket was sent up, and the Glamorgan Yeomanry band played the National Anthem, while on its entry to the lock of the new dock a royal salute of twenty-one guns was fired by the Glamorgan Royal Garrison Art. The dock was brilliantly illuminated, and there were displays of fireworks on Penarth Head and in Cardiff, while as dusk approach huge bonfires were lit at conspicuous points. Cardiff was decorated in honour of their Majesties' visit, the city being a perfect blaze of colour.

During the evening Lord Bute, Sir William Thomas Lewis, and the Lord Mayor of Cardiff (Councillor Crossman), who had been commanded to dine with the King, went on board the yacht. A programme of music, consisting mostly of Welsh songs, was provided for the royal party. The music was provided by Mme. Hughes Thomas's choir, accompanied by Mr. Tom Bryant, Welsh harpist. Their Majesties said they were much pleased with the singing.

THE NEW QUEEN ALEXANDRA DOCK.

The King and Queen, accompanied by Princess Victoria, entered the new Queen Alexandra Dock at Cardiff on July 13 on board the royal yacht, and the King formally declared the dock open. Several addresses were presented, and in acknowledging one of them his Majesty announced his intention of establishing a decoration, bearing his own name, to be awarded to the courageous men who, in the mines and quarries of the country, voluntarily endangered their lives in order to save the lives of others. His Majesty said:—"I gladly note the reference in your address to the servis on that Commission of the president of your Conciliation Board, and I trust that the report which has recently been submitted to me by the Commission in regard to the use of rescue apparatus will lead to the adoption in this and the other colliery districts of measures for facilitating work of rescue in the event of those disasters which still, unhappily occur from time to time. I have often read with feelings of admiration and pride how on such occasions, when numbers of miners are cut off by fallen debris or other obstructions from the other world, their fellow-workers undeterred by their perfect knowledge of the danger of the attempt, eagerly volunteer to assist in the work of rescue. The whole country applauds and is grateful for the courage and devotion of such heroes, but I have for some time felt that insufficient means exist of giving a worthy and lasting public recognition of these brave deeds. I propose very shortly to establish a decoration bearing my own name to be awarded to the courageous men who in the mines and quarries of this country voluntarily endanger their lives in order to save the lives of others."

Replying to other addresses the King referred to the enormous export trade of Cardiff, and dwelt on the importance of the mercantile marine.

From the new dock the royal party drove through the heart of the city, by route crowded with enthusiastic spectators, to Cathays Park, where they were received at the entrance to the City Hall by the Lord Mayor and Corporation, who presented an address, to which the King replied. His Majesty afterwards conferred the honour of knighthood on the Lord Major of Cardiff, Mr. W. S. Crossman. Their Majesties lunched at Cardiff Castle with Lord and Lady Bute, and, after paying a visit to Caerphilly Castle and again inspecting Cathays Park, left for London by special train, arriving at Buckingham Palace in the evening.

"A WONDERFUL WEEK."

In conversation with Sir William Thomas Lewis, the King said he was more than delighted with his reception in Cardiff. It was the most interesting experience he had ever had. The extent of the docks surprised him, and the size of the crowds amazed him, while the warmth of the greeting of the people of Wales gathered in the capital gave him the deepest pleasure. "I have had a wonderful week," concluded his Majesty, "and the climax was reached at Cardiff."

THE KING'S PRIZE.

Private Wins Silver Medal.

With another record shoot in this record-wrecking year, the King's Silver Medal has been won by Private Buckley, of the 4th Battalion of the Manchester Regiment.

There was intense heat to-day, which produced a mirage between the firers and the targets that made shooting very difficult. The second stage is a single-range shoot, and embraces twenty rounds at 600 yards.

The competitors to whose performances the crowds of spectators were particularly attracted were Captain Bates, London Rifle Brigade, winner of the Bronze Medal, Sergeant Ommundsen, Queen's Edinburgh Rifle Brigade, the Gold Medallist of 1901 and the Silver Medallist of a year ago; and Armourer-Sergeant Padgett, 1st Volunteer Battalion East Yorkshire Regiment, who was in the final stage last year.

All these men shot excellently, but almost unnoticed, except by a group of faithful follower from his own locality, Private Buckley was plugging the Bull's eye with deadly presistency.

The sequence was only once broken in the entire shoot. This was with his eighth shot, when he fell away to the white of the inner ring. Then pulling himself together with a desperate effort, he again found the black disc with his ninth round, and afterwards succeeded in holding on to the end.

UNTOWARD INCIDENT.

After his sixteenth shot had been fired, an incident occurred that was sufficient to disturb the nerves of any but the most soundly constituted persons. The target did not move, and after a pause that was painful to the onlookers, the range officer concluded that the shot had missed. Buckley challenged the decision, and after a telephonic inquiry had been made of the officer in charge of the butts, and the target had been specially examined, a bull's eye was signalled.

Buckley's magnificent score, only one short of the highest possible, was unmatched: indeed, it has never been equalled at the distance at Bisley, and he became the modest receipient of the hearty congratulations that were showered upon him. He was almost overcome with emotion as he rose to his feet. To a friend, he remarked in words that were broken with sobs, "I only wish my dear old father had lived to see this."

The silver medallist's father, who died only recently, was himself an excellent marksman, and for several years was one of the Drill Instructors of the 1st. V. B. Manchester Regiment. Buckley himself is a carpet and linoleum factor in Manchester. He is of Irish nationality, and earlier in the day had formed one of the team that represented Ireland in the match for the National Challenge Trophy, in which, however, he did not distinguish himself.

The match for the National Challenge Trophy, which is competed for by twenty volunteers from England, Scotland, Ireland and Wales, was won by Englishmen with an aggregate score at 200, 500 and 600 yards of 1,904 points. Scotland was second with 1,893 and Wales, Ireland third with 1,820, fourth with 1,194.

The Whitehead Challange Cup for revolver was won by the Army eight, with 1,086 points. The scores set up by the other teams in the match were; Royal Navy, 1,063; Royal Marines, 1,013; Volunteers, 1,005 and All-comers, 948.

The Burgrave-Deane Challenge Cup for volunteer regimental teams was won by the Queen's Westminsters V. R. C.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a. m., yesterday, give the following results:—

Wards.	Plague. Attacks.	Plague. Deaths.	Deaths from all Causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade	1	1	9
B Mandvi, Chukla, Oomerkhadi and Dongri	0	0	10
C Market, Dhobi Talao Fanaswadi, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao, and Kumbharwada	0	0	26
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar and Mahaluxmi	0	0	11
E Mazagon, Tarwady, 2nd Nagpada, Kamatipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	0	0	25
F Parel, Sewree and Sion	0	0	10
G Mahim and Worli	0	0	12
Water Division	0	0	0
Non-Resident and Unknown	0	0	0
Hospitals	0	0	11
Total	1	1	114
Total plague deaths to date	140,830		
Same date last year	2	2	138

LUXURY FOR THE SKIN.

"The Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap is pleasant to see and whitens and softens the skin," writes Lady Constance Howard. Countess of Westmeath says: "It gives much satisfaction. The ALBION MILK SULPHUR SOAP is a highly agreeable and beneficial Luxury for the toilet, bath and nursery and leaves the Skin in a pure, refreshed and healthy condition, Delicately perfumed, All Chemists, Grocers, etc., sell it.

EMPEROR FORCED TO ABDICATE.

Dramatic Scene in Korea.

The abdication of the Emperor of Korea, as anticipated in the "Daily Mail" on Wednesday last, has taken place, in consequence of the Japanese resentment at his attempt to throw off their controlling hand, and especially his secret despatch of the Korean delegates to The Hague.

The scene in the Palace at one o'clock to-day, when the Emperor, so worried that he could not eat or sleep, affixed his signature to the abdication document forced on him by his pro-Japanese Ministers, was one of considerable pathos, and reminds one in a way of the abdication of Mary Queen of Scots.

The Korean Premier and the Ministers of Justice and Agriculture, are in favour of the Emperor being exiled to Japan for the rest of his life.

JAPANESE GUARD THE PALACE.

Seoul, July 19.

The "Gazette" announces that, advised by his Cabinet, the Emperor has abdicated in favour of the Crown Prince.

There is great popular excitement, and the Palace is guarded by Japanese troops.

The abdication ceremonies are now taking place.

ARMED ESCORTS FOR MINISTRY.

Tokio, July 19.

Messages from Seoul present a picture of lively scenes in the capital following the announcement of the abdication.

The Cabinet Ministers moving to and from the Palace are escorted by armed Japanese police.

The office of Marquis Ito, the Japanese Resident-General, is inundated with petitions from various leaguef of Korea pointing out that Korea has lived for 500 years under the Li dynasty, and that a population of 30,000,000 is directly concerned in Korea's welfare and praying Marquis Ito to take a lenient view of the situation. The Monarch's caprice and duplicity, say these appeals, are no concern of the Koreans as a whole.

That the abdication is more theatrical than real is not believed here.

HOW THE EMPEROR SIGNED.

New York, July 19.

The Associated Press has received the following telegram from Seoul of to-day's date:—

There was a dramatic scene at the Palace last night when the Ministers, headed by the Premier, appeared and made the Cabinet's final representation urging the Emperor to abdicate. The Emperor was highly excited, but the Premier humbly, though firmly pointed out the want of caution and prudence displayed in his policy through which the nation had been endangered.

The Emperor was unable successfully to combat the Premier's logic, and called a council of elders. Four responded at one o'clock this morning, and to the Emperor's boundless disappointment and surprise they unanimously agreed with the Ministers. The Emperor then gave it up.

A draft of the abdication rescript was placed before him for signature, and greatly agitated and perturbed he signed it and affixed his seal. A suppressed sigh from the Emperor was the only sound which broke the deathlike stillness throughout the memorable scene.

HIS MAJESTY YIELDS.

Tokio, July 19.

Advices from Seoul state that the Emperor convened the Elder Statesmen at one o'clock this morning.

After a conference lasting two hours during which the Ministers waited in an adjoining apartment, his Majesty finally yielded, and decided to abdicate, and arrangements were then made to hold the abdication ceremony at ten o'clock to-day.

There is much unrest in the vicinity of the Palace. A crowd of 2,000 persons assembled in another part of the city and a number of demonstrators attacked the offices of the "Daily, Kokumin," but were dispersed. Great damage was done.

The audience which the Marquis Ito had of the Emperor yesterday was of an hour's duration.

It is reported that his Majesty implored the help of the Marquis to save Korea in a manner satisfactory to Japan and not derogatory to the prestige of the Korean Court. The Japanese Resident-General carefully avoided giving a definite reply.

Viscount Hayashi arrived here from Japan last night, and was heartily welcomed. He drove immediately to the residence of the Marquis Ito.

The Elder Statesmen, as they call themselves, have sent a letter to the Marquis Ito intimating that the Japanese will receive their support if they deal fairly towards the Emperor, otherwise the Elder Statesman and the whole nation are prepared to die as martyrs.

TRANSFERENCE OF SEALS.

Seoul, July 19.

A crowd of 6,000 Koreans was beaten back from the Palace gates last night during the audience at which the Emperor abdicated. A number of students attempted to present a petition to him, but were prevented by the police, who drove them back to the East Palace, where they remained all night, their leaders haranguing them in turn.

At midnight Mr. Maruyama, the Chief of Police, distributed carbines to the police on duty at the Palace, but the crowd continued to increase, although it observed an orderly demeanour.

The transference of the Imperial Seal to the Crown Prince took place this afternoon with elaborate ceremonial. Some shops have been closed to show sympathy with the Emperor. The Emperor repeated to Marquis Ito his declaration that he was not responsible for sending the Korean Delegation to the Hague. He asked the Marquis for his opinion on the demand for his abdication but the latter refused.

MARQUIS ITO AND EMPEROR.

Seoul, July 18.

The Marquis Ito visited the Emperor at half-past five o'clock this afternoon, in response to his Majesty's plea. With regard to what took place before the meeting it is known that early yesterday afternoon the Emperor, after a fortnight's close seclusion, sent a message to the Marquis begging him to come to the palace as both of them were worried over the presence of the Korean deputation at The Hague.

The Resident-General, in reply, requested an audience three days hence, after Viscount Hayashi's arrival, and the Emperor's response to this was that he would wait all day for the Marquis. An authoritative statement regarding the action of the Korean Cabinet has been issued at the Residency-General. It declares that the Cabinet recommended the Emperor's abdication in favour of the Crown Prince, but his Majesty, instead of replying, convened the Ministers for this afternoon.

The Marquis Ito says that the Cabinet is acting on its own initiative, without a knowledge of Japan's plans or desires.

REPORT ON WOOLWICH ARSENAL.

THE report of the Conference on Woolwich Arsenal, with proceedings, minutes of evidence, and appendices, has been issued as a parliamentary paper. The conference, nominated by the Secretary of State for War consisted of Mr. Arthur Henderson, M. P. (chairman), Dr. H. T. Ashton, M. I. C. E., Mr. G. N. Barnes, M. P., Mr. R. D. T. Heap, M. I. C. E., Mr. W. C. Steadman, M. P., Sir C. E. Howard Vincent, M. P., Mr. J. T. Walters, M. P., and Mr. H. Owen Williams, I. S. O. with Mr E E Harvey as secretary. The terms of reference were:—"To examine the shops and machinery at Woolwich Arsenal, other than in the Danger Buildings and Torpedo Factories, in order to consider whether any articles not now made in the Ordnance Factories can approximately be made there and with this machinery."

The report states that it is clear that a large portion of the plant is at present unemployed. At the outset of their inquiry the conference were confronted with certain lines of national policy which necessarily imposed some limitation on their proposals. Thus, they considered that the terms of reference implied:—

(a) That it is necessary to maintain the Royal Arsenal.

"(*b*) That there shall be a reserve of productive power within the Royal Arsenal in times of peace which will be available for expansion in time of war.

"(*c*) That it is necessary that a proportion of Government work should be given to the private trade in times of peace, in order that its resources may be available in time of war."

The following are the most important of the conclusion arrived at by the conference:

"Recognising that the Royal Arsenal exists primarily for the military purposes of the realm, we are of opinion that, until its resources are utilised as far as may be possible for supplying the wants of the Army and Navy, having regard to the necessity for maintaining some margin for war demands, it is unnecessary to look in otherdirections for work of a more or less extraneous kind. We are further of opinion that it will only be by utilising the plant in this manner in peace time that the country can look with any confidence to possess a body of workmen of sufficient number and sufficient training as will make expansion in the time of emergency possible, without risk of failure from an excessive influx of strange and unskilled labour.

"We desire to call attention to the fact that there is, apart from guns, carriages, and ammunition, a large class of miscellaneous supplies for the army, which are quite capable of being produced within the Royal Arsenal, but of which it at present receives but a small share. The stores that we have in mind fall under the following heads: Barrack and hospital stores; camp equipment; accoutrements; harness and saddlery.

Engineer stores (other than submarine mining, Brennan torpedoes, and ballooning) are another class of productions of which but a small portion is allotted to the Ordance Factories. There would seem to be evidence of their capability of dealing with work of this description, seeing that formerly a considerable amount of apparatus and miscellaneous stores for telegraphs and telephones was in fact actually made.

"We are of opinion that, although many machines of a special nature must necessarily be obtained from machine-tool specialists, much of the machinery required in the Royal Arsenal can fittingly be made there. Times of peace afford opportunities which should be embraced for modernising plant which, being partially in use, may otherwise run some risk of antiquation or of becoming non-effective.

"While we gladly recognise that the Navy largely contributes to the maintenance of the Arsenal, there have been changes in naval armament that have seriously affected the character of the work given to the Ordnance Factories. . . . We were assured by the Chief Superintendent of Ordnance Factories and by the Superintendent of the Royal Carriage Department that the Arsenal, with slight modification, is equipped and prepared to carry out heavy mounting work for the Navy, and we therefore think that, in distributing orders, full consideration should be given to the resources of the Arsenal.

The present annual requirement of the classes of stores we have particularised is approximately:— Barrack and equipment stores for Army, 373,000, engineer stores for Army. 60,000*l*.; machinery for Ordnance. Factories, 70,000*l*.; gun mountings for Navy 1,825,000*l*.; barrack stores for Royal Marines, 15,000*l*.; barrck and equipment stores for seamen, (say) 15,000*l*.; miscellaneous and railway stores for India, (say) 2,000*l*.; total, 2,360,000*l*. If only one-third were given to the Ordnance Factories, it would represent work to the value of 786,666*l*., or, allowing for the small portion already given to the Ordnance Factories, approximating in value to 57,000*l*., there remains potential additional work to the value of 729,000*l*.

One other important aspect of the question demands consideration—namely, the effect which reduction of output has upon the cost of production in the Government factories; and it is not easy to ignore this when considering what articles can appropriately be made at Woolwich. If beyond the casual fluctuations of output which are an ordinary incident in manufacturing experience, the State desires to hold a margin of power within the Royal Arsenal which shall only be called into requisition in the time of national emergency, it would seem equitable that the cost of this insurance should be excluded from the Ordnance Factory prices, and be borne as a separate charge by the State."

The appendices, twenty-one in number, include a memorandum from Mr. H. F. Donaldson, Chief Superintendent of Ordnance Factories, and an alphabetical list various of stores which used to be, but are not now, supplied by the Royal Arsenal.

THE ARMY AND THE INDIA OFFICE.

The conference deals with Army expenditure and the India Office thus:—

"We have already called attention to the Army expenditure on barrack and camp stores and accoutrements, of which an insignificant share is allotted to Woolwich. We are of opinion that there must also be a considerable naval demand for such stores, some portion of which might fairly be assigned to the Arsenal.

Since our inquiry began we understand that some action, with encouraging results, has been taken, with a view to obtaining orders from the India Office for tools and miscellaneous stores required for railway work. Experience in the Soudan, South Africa, and the Russo-Japanese war warrants the conclusion that railways are an increasingly important feature in modern warfare. That being so, the manufacture of railway stores becomes a proper class of work to be undertaken in the Royal Arsenal. We think that the War and India Offices should be encouraged to place some portion of their orders for these stores with the Woolwich factories.

The articles that we have dealt with are required for military purposes. We are not unmindful that the Woolwich plant is capable of manufacturing implements of peace, but we are given to understand that the Royal Arsenal is an appanage of the Military Services and intended to minister to their needs. If that be so we think that the Services might fairly, in the direction indicated, do more for their own factories than is at present being done, and that without unduly depriving the private manufacturer of a portion of Government work."

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THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, JULY 31.

The tough of low pressure has moved southward and the Bay Monsoon current has extended up the Gangetic plain into the Punjab. Both currents have strengtnened and moderately to heavy general rain has fallen in Assam, the United Provinces, Eastern Punjab and Central India, east, while in the Central Provinces, excluding west and in the Deccan, rainfall has been widespread but light to moderate in amount.

In Gujarat, excluding Kathiawar, there has been light but nearly general rain.

The depression off the Orissa Coast has only moved a short distauce, and affects but a small area.

In Burma, nearly general rain has fallen in the coast and local rain in the interior, Tavoy and Rangoon reporting 1 inch, Bassein 1½, Diamond Island 3 inches and Myikyina 1½ inches. The skies ramain moderately to heavily clouded and the air is nearly saturated with moisture, while temperature is normal. In the North-east of India and Orissa there has been nearly general rain in Deltaic Bengal, Orissa, Chota Nagpur and Bihar and local rain in Assam. Saugor Island had 2 inches, Jessore ¾. Purnea and Ranchi 1. Chaibassa 1 1/2, Cuttack ¾, and Sambalpur 3 inches. Cloud has decreased in the northern districts, but is still moderate to heavy over the whole division, while humidity and temperature remain practically normal.

In the United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces general rain has fallen except to the west of Central India and of the Central Provinces, Benares recording 1 1/2 inches, Allahabad 1, Cawnpure 3, Bareilly 4, Mullesar and Roorkee 1 1/2 Dehra Dun, Khakuta and Agra 3, Jhansi, 1. Nowgong 6, Pendra 1, Raipur 1 1/2, Jubbulpore 2 and Saugor 1 inch. The skies are thickly clouded and humidity and temperature are approximately normal.

In the north-west of India the rainfall has been general in East Punjab and local in the south of Rajputana and Gujarat. The chief amounts reported are:—Delhi and Ambala 2 inches, Simla and Ludiana 1, Mount Abu 1 1/2 and Surat 1 inch. The skies are thickly clouded except in the extreme north and to the south-west of the Punjab, where they are nearly clear while the air is slightly damper than usual in East Punjab and humidity is nearly normal elsewhere, and the temperature high in the north-west and normal in the rest of the division.

In the Peninsula, nearly general rain has fallen in the West Coast, North of the Madras Coast and Deccan, Waltair reports 3/4 inch, Cocanada 1/2, Hyderabad 3/4, Raichur 1 1/2, Gulbarga 3, Belgaum and Mercara 2, Calicut 6 and Cochin 1 1/2. The skies are thickly clouded every where and humidity and temperature are normal, except to the north of the Madras Coast where the air is damper and cooler than usual.

Nearly general rain is likely in the Burma Coast Orissa, Chota Nagpur, United Provinces, Punjab, excluding the south-west of India Central Provinces, Deccan and the west coast of the Peninsula and local rain in the interior of Burma and in the remainder of the north-east of India and north of the Madras coast.

AN OLD STRUCTURE COLLAPSES.

An empty house belonging to one Hajee Mahomed Ebrahim and situated at Bhangi Wadi, collapsed suddenly yesterday. It was a very old structure. No one was injured.

A small portion of a wall of house No. 882, situated in Saikh Memon Street and owned by a Hindu lady named Kaisreebai Heerabai, fell yesterday. The tenants of the house were at once made to vacate it, and this precaution saved any loss of life.

THE WEATHER AT SEA.

The Bombay and Persia steamer Navigation Co.'s steamer Ahmadi, Captain Thos. Hughes, which arrived in harbour on the 1st instant, reports having experienced fresh S W. gales and rough sea. No rain. Cloudy and squally weather.

STANDARD BAROMETER READINGS.

The reading of the barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32 deg. F. and for Calcutta standard at 8 a.m. (local time) on the 2nd August 1907 was 29,693. The height of observatory barometer cistern above zero of tide gauge at Apollo Bunder is 12 ft. The height of tide in the stream above zero of the tide gauge at Apollo Bunder was 12 ft. at 8 a.m. (local time). The temperature correction for a mercurial barometer supposing the reading to be 30·00 and that of attached thermometer 80 deg. F. will be 14 and this will be higher or lower by ·01 for each 4 deg. In the case of aneroid no temperature correction is required. Should the height of barometer cistern, either mercurial or aneroid, above zero of tide gauge be different from 47 feet. it will read higher or lower by ·01 for each 11 feet. The readings given above are distinct from those given in the daily weather report to which different corrections have been applied.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Byculla.		Esplanade.		Fort		Colaba.	
	In	Cts.	In.	Cts	In.	Cts.	In.	Cts.
Previously registered	83	88	79	66	89	45	82	20
Friday, 2nd Aug. 1907......	0	46	0	30	0	21	0	17
Total	83	34	79	96	89	66	82	37
Total to date, 1906	31	53	33	09	36	33	31	52

MESSRS. KEMP AND CO.

CUMBALLA HILL, AUG. 2.

Rainfall up to 8 a.m.

	Last 24 Hours.		Total to Date,	
	In,	Cents.	In.	Cents.
Cumballa Hill...........	0	31	75	02

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 A. M. ON FRIDAY, 2ND AUGUST.

SUMMARY.

Pressure has risen briskly to rapidly at Lahore, Delhi, Agra, Cawnpore and Allahabad and has changed by small amounts elsewhere.

Winds are easterly to south-easterly at Lahore, Delhi, Allahabad and Cochin and south-westerly to north-westerly elsewhere. The force has been fresh to strong at Karachi, Bhuj, Dwarka, Rajkot, Bhavnagar Para, Veraval, Neemuch, Malegaon, Bombay, Poona, Ratnagiri, Bijapur and Mormugao.

Temperature.—The maximum is 5° to 7° in excess of normal at Lahore, Karachi and Khandwa and 6° to 8° in defect at Calicut, Masulipatam, Sholapur, Rajkot, Cawnpore and Lahore; minimum 6° in excess at Madras. The highest temperature in the shade was 110° at Jacobabad and the lowest 65° at Bangalore.

Cloud and Humidity.—The sky is cloudy in all districts. Humidity shows a moderate to considerable increase above normal at Colombo, Hyderabad (Deccan) Masulipatam Bangalore, Sholapur, Nagpur, Cawnpore Jhansi, Jaipur and Delhi.

Rain.—Thirty-three stations report rain, the chief falls being 5·64 at Calicut, 3·17 at Cawnpore and between one and two inches at Delhi, Allahabad, Jubbulpore, Raipur, Belgaum and Cochin.

Weather continues favourable for rain over a large area.

N. LESLIE,
Meteorological Reporter for Western India.

ELECTROCUTION HORROR.

A horrible scene was witnessed at the electrocution of a criminal named Henry White in the State prison, Columbus, Ohio. The first application of a current of 1,150 volts failed to kill White, and the physicians, on examining him, found that the heart was still beating regularly.

Another shock was administered without despatching the man. It was then decided to apply a stronger current. When this was turned on a sheet of flame enveloped the body of White, jets of fire issuing apparently from every pore. This current was continued for several seconds, despite the flames and the odour of scorching. When at length it was turned off, the doctors pronounced the man to be dead. He had literally been roasted to death.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as bright as a button. It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

NEGLIGEE IN ITS NEWEST FORM.

The new negligees are wonderfully attractive, and the prevailing modes are extremely simple and graceful. The full-length gowns and the matinees are equally in demand, although, if there is any preference, it is for the shorter garment, worn with dainty ligerie skirts or with a skirt to match. Almost exclusively, the new models for negligees, whether long or short, partake of the Empire effect, and have long, flowing lines—the full-length gowns being quite long. The kimono sleeves have naturally extended to these gowns, and they are exceedingly comfortable, and they may be made any desired length to suit the wearer. Dotted Swiss muslin is one of the favourite materials for the short negligee, and trimmings of plain Swiss, with scalloped edges or with lace make a pretty finish. The dotted Swiss, however, is so attractive in itself, that it requires little decoration, so the garment itself should be quite plain, with perhaps a Dutch yoke or a fichu collar of lace and smart sleeves, finished with frills and twists of soft coloured satin ribbons. The three-quarter length negligees are also to be seen, and one model seen recently was in lawn, with a yoke of all-over tucking, crossed by bands of half-inch embroidery insertion alternated with Valenciennes insertion of the same width. At the raised waistline, there was a beading an inch and a half wide stitched to the material. Pale pink ribbon was drawn through this beading and tied in a pretty bow at the side, and this ribbon, when drawn up, brought the fullness into proper shape. The sleeves were high puffs of the materials, caught in just above the elbows to a beading, and then drawn up with ribbon and finished with a bow at the top. The skirt made to wear with this lovely confection was of lawn, with flounces edged with Valenciennes and headed by the beading, with a bow of the ribbon at either side of the front and one directly in the back.

THE SEASON'S SUNSHADES.

Every woman knows what an effective background the sunshade is for her head and face, if it is of just the right colour and if she is wearing a becoming gown. With an all black costume the black sunshade is the correct thing, and for the simple linen costumes so much worn in the mornings there are pongee and linen parasols to match. The linen and the natural coloured pongee sunshades appeal to the woman of limited income, as tan harmonizes so well with any coloured gown. These sunshades are perfectly plain, sometimes bordered with contrasting colours, sometimes dotted or embroidered lightly, and their handles are usually of natural wood. The more expensive designs are on gilt frames, and have heavy silk tassels on their handles instead of ribbon bows. The white taffetas sunshades are extremely pretty, and they come covered with hand and lace insets to accompany hand embroidered and lace trimmed lingerie frocks. The handles are usually of white wood, with gold, silver, or mother-o'-pearl tips. Taffetas coloured sunshades are also to be seen, finished simply with hem-stitched edges, bias bands, or graduated tucks. A smart sunshade seen recently was in pure white linen with three-inch slits—each one carefully butonhole-stitched, arranged at regular intervals all round the edge, and through these slits a long length of satin ribbon was passed, the ends being tied in a careless bow. There is no prettier sunshade than this for a young girl, and it is very inexpensive; the whole thing, with a charming handle, can be purchased for eight or ten shillings and the ribbons can be changed as often as may be convenient to match special dresses. Anyone, with neat, clever fingers, could easily work the slits in a white linen or silk parasol—or in a black one, for the matter of that. Some of the elaborate parasols are very lovely. They come in white chiffon, frilled, and ruffled, or with insertions of filet or Irish lace, sometimes the two of these laces cleverly combined. They are mounted over white or a delicate tint of silk, matching the colour-scheme of the costume; and the frames are either of silver or gilt. Dainty parasols in the palest shades of pink, blue, green, and yellow, embroidered in self-coloured silks, are also popular. They have hem-stitched edges and lace inses, and are profusely trimmed with tiny ruffles or edged with chiffon frillings and ruchings.

LABOUR MURDER TRIAL.

After hearing arguments by the attorneys on both sides, Justice Wood at Boise to-day decided to withdraw from the jury in the Steunenberg murder trial, all evidence bearing on the removal and employment of detectives in Colorado. On the other hand, he admitted the evidence regarding the outrages at the Vindicator Mine and Independence Station.

The speeches of counsel afterwards began, Mr. Hawley opening his address for the State. He dwelt eloquently on the reasons for Orchard's confession, which he said would bring to Justice the worst set of conspirators that had ever infested any section of the United States.

Mr. Richardson will deliver his address for the defence on Monday. For the first time during the trial Detective McPartland to-day appeared among the spectators in the court room.

NAVAL APPOINTMENT.

The following appointment has been announced by the British Admiralty:—

Commander C. R. N. Burne to Iphigenia, in command.

DIVINE SERVICE.

10TH SUNDAY, AFTER TRINITY, 4TH AUG. 1907.

ST. THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

7 a. m.—Holy Communion.
8 a m—Matins.
8-30 a. m.—Holy Communion—Choral—Tours in C.
9-30 a. m.—Litany.
Hymns—207, 247 and 322.
5-30 p m—Childrens' Service.
6-30 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Canticles—Woodward in A.
Hymns—165, 210, and 21.
Collections for—Cathedral High Schools

Daily—Matins at 6-15 a. m. and Evensong at 5-45 p.m.
Daily—Holy Communion at 7-45 a. m.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH, COLABA.

The Afghan Memorial Church.

8 a m—Holy Eucharist.
Hymns—324, 314 and 177
10 a.m.—Parade Service.
Hymns—160, 269 and 540
5-30 p m—Children's Service.
6-30 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Hymns—254, 235, and 38.

WEEK DAYS.

8 a.m.—Holy Eucharist—Thursday.

ST. PETERS', MAZAGON.

6-30 a m—Holy Eucharist.
7-30 a m—Matins.
8 a m—Holy Eucharist—Choral—Preacher Rev Father Langmore
10-30 a.m.—Catechism
6-30 p m—Evensong—Choral—Preacher Rev Father Biscoe.
Alms for Church Expenses.

CHRIST CHURCH, BYCULLA.

8 a.m.—Matins.
8-30 a m—Holy Eucharist.
5-15 p.m.—Sunday School
6-30 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

MISSION CHURCH, GIRGAUM.

11 a.m.—Morning Prayer, Holy Communion and Sermon.
6-30 p.m—Evening Prayer and Sermon.
Collections for Church Expenses and Poor.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

11 a. m.—Joint Morning Service.
6-30 p.m.—Evening Service.
Psalm—91 tune 83
Hymns—153, 128 and 350.

CATHOLIC CHURCH, SERVICES,

	Morning Mass.	Evening.
The Cathedral Bhuleshwar ...	7, 8-30	5-30
St. Theresa's, Girgaum	6-45, 8-30	5-30
St. Joseph's, Comercarry	7-45	5-30
Church of the Holy Name....	6, 7, 8 and 9	6-30
St. Joseph's Colaba	8 o'clock	6-30
St. Anne's, Byculla	5-30, 6-30, 7-30, 8-35	7 o'cloc
Rosary Church, Mazagon	6-30, 8-30	5-30
N. S. das Victoria's, Mahim ...	7-30	5-30
St. Francis of Assisi, Dadar ...	7-30	.....
St. Peter's, Bandra	5-30, 6-30, 7-30 8-40, 6-30	

WESLEYAN CHURCH, COLABA CAUSEWAY.

8-30 a.m.—Parade Service—Preacher Rev A J Revnell.
6-30 p.m.—Evening Service—Preacher, Rev C Ryder Smith, B A
5 p.m.—Sunday School.
9 to 10 p.m.—Social Hour.

WESLEYAN CHURCH, VICTORIA GARDENS.

10 a.m.—Preacher—Rev. C Ryder Smith, B A
6-30 p.m.—Preacher—Rev A J Revnell.
5 p.m—Sunday School.

BAPTIST CHURCH, BELASIS ROAD.

Opposite Byculla Club.

9 a. m. and 6-30 p. m.—Sunday Services—Preacher, Rev J O'Brien.

TAYLOR MEMORIAL METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH,

Clare Road, Byculla.

Rev C. B. Hill, B. A., Pastor.

8-15 a.m.—Sunday School.
9-30 a m—Morning Service.
6-30 p.m.—Evening Service and Holy Communion.

THE "LONDON GAZETTE."

ADMIRALTY,—July 15.

The Rev L Griffith Jones, M A, has been appointed chaplain in his Majesty's fleet In accordance with the provisions of his Majesty's Order in Council of Oct 22, 1906, Chaplain the Rev C W Coles has been allowed to withdraw from the Royal Navy with a gratuity In accordance with provisions of her late Majesty's Order in Council of Feb 5, 1872, Chaplain the Rev A C H Rice, M A, has been placed on the Retired List at his own request

Royal Naval Reserve—In accordance with the regulations for the Royal Naval Reserve, the undermentioned officers have been placed on the Retired List, namely, Lieut R W C Lowe, Lieut R Gray

War Office, July 12

3rd Prince of Wales's Dragoon Guards—Major-Gen the Hon Sir R A J Talbot, K C B, to be colonel, vice Major-Gen G Salis-Schwabe, C B, deceased

Commands and Staff

Major D J M Fasson, R A, to be a General Staff officer, second grade, at Headquarters, vice Major R St G Gorton, R A; Capt C O M Maynard, D S O, the Devonshire Regt, from a brigade major, to be a General Staff officer, third grade, at Headquarters, vice Major T C Marden, the Northumberland Fusilier; Lieut K T Ridpath, 6th Dragoon Guards Carabiniers, to be aide-de-camp to Lieut-Gen Sir O J Burnett, K C B, Commanding-in-Chief, Western Command

Household Cavalry

1st Life Guards—Capt J S Cavendish, D S O, is seconded for service under the Colonial Office

CAVALRY OF THE LINE.

3rd King's Own Hussars—Lieut W R Tylden-Wright to be adjutant, vice F J Du Pre

12th Prince of Wales's Royal Lancers—Lieut G B Ollivant to be captain, vice a Grant, D S O, placed on temporary half-pay on account of ill-health

21st Empress of India's Lancers—Second Lieut D W Godfree to be lieutenant, vice C D Horsley, appointed adjutant.

REMOUNT ESTABLISHMENT.

Major J R Beech, C M G, D S O, Scottish Horse Imperial Yeomanry, to be a temporary deputy assistant director of remounts

ROYAL REGIMENT OF ARTILLERY.

Royal Horse and Royal Field Art,—Major D J M Fasson is seconded for service on the Staff. The undermentioned lieutenants to be captains:—F C Bryant, vice G R M Mathew-Lannowe, seconded; R W White, vice W H Kay, seconded: J B Riddell, vice R W White, seconded for service under the Colonial Office; Lieut D D Rose is seconded for service under the Colonial Office

Royal Garrison: Art.—Capt R E M Barrett resigns his commission; Capt W G Lyddon is seconded for service in the Army Ordnance Dept; Lieut C W Ford is seconded for service as an adjutant of Indian Volunteers.

CORPS OF ROYAL ENGINEERS.

The undermentioned majors to be lieutenant-colonels:—H V Kent, vice W Huskisson, promoted substantive colonel; E Houston, vice H F Chesney, promoted substantive colonel; H E Morony, vice Brevet Col J H Cowan, placed on half-pay. The undermentioned captains to be majors:—A H D Riach, vice H V Kent; L H Close, vice E Houston; J J Galloway, vice B E Morony; Suptdg Clerk R Barber to be quartermaster, with the honorary rank of lieutenant vice Honorary Capt W Marshall, placed on half-pay on account of ill-health

FOOT GUARDS.

Scots Guards—Lieut Lord N E Crichton-Stuart resigns his Commission.

TERRITORIAL REGIMENTS.

The Royal Irish Regt—Second Lieut R Studdert to be lieutenant, vice F Call, seconded.

The Worcestershire Regt.—Second Lieut G N Fitzjohn to be lieutenant, vice C de F Myburgh, promoted

The East Lancashire Regt—Seconded Lieut F M James to be lieutenant, vice R D Ramsay, cashiered by sentence of a General Court Martial.

The Duke of Cornwall's Light Inf.—Lieut R Mander is seconded for service under the Colonial Office; Supernumerary Lieut H S Winthrop to be lieutenant, vice R Mander.

The Hampshire Regt. Lieut D Mills is seconded for service under the Colonial Office

The Black Watch Royal Highlanders—Capt C C West is seconded for service under the Colonial Office.

The Essex Regt—Second Lieut R H D Wight is seconded for service under the Colonial Office.

The King's Shropshire Light H A R Hoffmeister is seconded for service under the Colonial Office

The Duke of Cambridge's Own Middlesex Regt—Capt H L Pearse resigns his commission.

The Duke of Edinburgh's Wilshire Regt—Capt G C Rigby is be major, vice N D Macdonald, placed on temporary half-pay on account of ill-health.

The Prince of Wales North Staffordshire Regt—Lieut A N Ogilvie is seconded for service under the Colonial Office

ARMY MEDICAL SERVICE.

Royal Army Medical Corps—Lieut F J Turner to be captain.

Queen Alexandra's Imperial Military Nursing Service Miss A M Clapp, Staff nurse, resigns her appointment

ARMY ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

Capt W G Lyddon, Royal Garrison Art, to be an Ordnance officer, fourth class, vice Capt J A S Murray, promoted; Assist Commy of Ordnance and Honorary Lieut A Baker to be deputy commissary of Ordnance with the honorary rank of captain, vice Honorary Capt W Myers, retired

MEMORANDA.

Col G P Owen is placed on retired pay. The undermentioned brevet colonels to be substantive colonels:—T C P Calley, C B, M V O, half-pay; W H Williams, C M G, half-pay; A B Purvis, half-pay; E J Cooper, C B, M V O, D S O, half-pay; H P Hickman, half-pay; A D B Buckley, half-pay; F W N McCracken, D S O, half-pay; G H Bittleston, half pay; S B Smith, C B, half-pay; J H Cowan, half-pay; J Fowle, half-pay; F F Hill, D S O, half-pay; F A Fortescue, half-pay; R G Gordon-Gilmour, C B, M V O, D S O, half-pay; C T Becker, half-pay; C W Thompson, D S O, half-pay. The undermentioned lieutenant-colonels and brevet colonels, half-pay, retire on retired pay:—C E Commeline, C J Vines, B R Scott. The undermentioned lieutenant-colonels, Indian Army to be brevet colonels:—G B Hodgson, deputy surveyor-general; C G R Thackwell, D S O, supply and Transport officers, first class; M A Tuite, 63rd Palamcottah Light Inf; J G Hunter, 10th Jats; L H Reid, deputy judge advocate-general; C F G Young, 6th Jat Light Inf; F P Hutchinson, 2nd King Edward's Own Goorkha Rifles the Sirmoor Rifles; P J H Aplin, D S O, 107th Pioneers; G S O Shaughnessy, 3rd the Queen's Own Goorkha Rifles; H H Dobbie, 30th Punjabis. The undermentioned lieutenant-colonels to be brevet colonels:—J D H Walter, Indian Ordnance Dept: F F Minchin, Royal Garrison Art; G Wright, D S O, Royal Garrison Art.

RESERVE OF OFFICERS.

The Hon F E Guest, late captain, 1st Life Guards, to be captain; R M Sutherland, late lieutenant, Royal Garrison Art, to be lieutenant.

ARMY MEDICAL RESERVE

The undermentioned lieutenants are confirmed in that rank:—C F Nicoll, J P Murphy, S K Adams, M B M R Taylor, M B

THE ARMY MOTOR RESERVE

H C H W Moffat to be lieutenant.

ADMIRALTY, 16th July

The undermentioned Sub-Lieutenants have been promoted to the rank of Lieutenant in His Majesty's Fleet, viz: Stephen Savage English Julian Tenison Tenison Dated 15th July

In accordance with the provisions of His Majesty's Order in Council of 24th April, 1902—Chief Boatswain Jesse Wells has been granted the rank of Lieutenant on the Retired List Dated 1st July, 1907

ROYAL NAVAL RESERVE

Sub-Lieutenant Joseph William Greenhill to be Lieutenant Dated 15th July, 1907

Acting Sub-Lieutenant Walter Wingate has been confirmed as Sub-Lieutenant Dated 25th January, 1907

ADMIRALTY, 17th July

Royal Naval Reserve

In accordance with the Regulations for the Royal Naval Reserve—Lieutenant Zacheus Marsh has been placed on the Retired List, at his own request, with permission to assume the rank of Retired Commander Dated 13th July, 1907

ADMIRALTY, 18th July

Royal Naval Reserve

Sub-Lieutenant Edgar Lakeman Trant to be Lieutenant Dated 17th July

WAR OFFICE, WHITEHALL, 19th July

Commands and Staff

Colonel Francis A Curties, from a Chief Instructor in Gunnery, Southern Command, to be Commander of the Dover Coast Defences, vice Colonel G P Owen, Dated 12th July

CAVALRY OF THE LINE

5th Royal Irish Lancers. Lieutenant Arthur G McClintock is seconded for service as an Adjutant of Imperial Yeomanry Dated 3rd July

Second Lieutenant Brain W Robinson to be Lieutenant Brain W Robinson to be Lieutenant, vice A G McClintock, seconded Dated 3rd July

Lieutenant Arthur G McClintock, Adjutant of Imperial Yeomanry, to be Captain, under the provisions of Article 28A Royal Warrant for Pay and Promotion, 1906 Dated 3rd July

17 Duke of Cambridge's Own Lancers, Second Lieutenant Lionel S Platt to be Lieutenant, vice P Phillimore, placed on temporary halfpay on account of ill-health Dated 14th April

ROYAL REGIMENT OF ARTILLERY

Royal Horse and Royal Field Artillery, Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel Charles V Hume M V O, D S O, from the Staff, to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice H F Mercer, C B, promoted Dated 17th July

Major Guy S F Broome retires on retired pay Dated 20th July

The undermentioned Captains to be Majors:—William B B owell, vice D J M Fasson, seconded Dated 1st July Louis M Phillpotts, D S O, vice W H Oliver, retired Dated 3rd July William G H Mgnley, vice D Mc Kay, retired Dated 10th July Captain Walter P L Davies is seconded for service on the Staff Dated 4th July

The undermentioned Supernumerary Captains to be Captains:—Hugh M de F Montgomery, vice W B Browell Dated 1st July Eden F Shewell, vice E W M Cuninghame Dated 8th July

Captain Edward W M Cuninghame to be Adjutant, vice Captain E F Shewell Dated 8th July

Royal Garrison Artillery, The undermentioned Lieutenants are seconded:—Howard G Fitz G Hay, for service as an Adjutant of Volunteer Artillery Dated 30th June

Joseph Morrison, for service in the Indian Ordnance Department Dated 4th July, 1907

Perceval C Chapman, for service with the Native Mountain Artillery in India Dated 9th July

CORPS OF ROYAL ENGINEERS.

The promotion of the undermentioned Second Lieutenant is antedated as follows;—Algernon C Fuller, to 29th May, 1907, vice T E Martin-Leake, deceased

Cyril R Shannon, to 29th May, 1907, vice W T McC Caulfield, deceased

The undermentioned Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants:—Charles E Fishbourne, vice P C G Usborne, promoted Dated 23rd June, 1907

Donald S Lewis, vice L Evans, promoted Dated 23rd June

FOOT GUARDS.

Grenadier Guards, Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel Sir Charles Fergusson, Bart. M V O, D S O, is placed on half-pay, at his own request Dated 20th July

Major Harold G Ruggles-Brise to be Lieutenant Colonel vice Brevet Colonel Sir C Fergusson, Bart, M V O, D S O Dated 20th July

Coldstream Guards, Lieutenant Josslyn S Egerton is seconded for service on the Staff Dated 15th June

Second Lieutenant Frederick R Pollock to be Lieutenant, vice J S Egerton Dated 15th June

TERRITORIAL REGIMENTS

The King's Own Royal Lancaster Regiment; The undermentioned Lieutenants to be Captains Dated 10th July:—

Thomas C R Higgins in succession to L L R Samson, who holds an extra regimental appointment

Owen M Conran, vice T C R Higgins, seconded for service under the Colonial Office

The Northumberland Fusiliers Captain The Honourable Nigel C Gathorne-Hardy is seconded for service on the Staff Dated 28th June

The Royal Warwickshire Regiment, Captain Robert H W Brewis to be Adjutant, vice C D H Moore Dated 2nd July

The Suffolk Regiment, Captain Frederick A White, D S O, is seconded for service as an Adjutant of Volunteers Dated 30th June

Supernumerary Captain Harry d'A Smith to be Captain, vice F A White, D S O Dated 30th June

The Cameronians Scottish Rifles, Captain Mark Kerr is placed on temporary half-pay on account of ill-health Dated 6th July

The Worcestershire Regiment, Lieutenant Frederick St G Tucker is seconded for service with the West African Regiment Dated 28th June

The East Surrey Regiment. Second Lieutenant George D Astley to be Lieutenant, vice S D Brancker, promoted Dated 21st June

The Loyal North Lancashire Regiment, Second Lieutenant Francis George Wynne, from 3rd Battalion, to be Second Lieutenant Dated 20th July

The Royal Dublin Fusiliers, Lieutenant Arthur H D Britton resigns his Commission Dated 20th July

The Rifle Brigade The Prince Consort's Own Lieutenant Ralph Verney is seconded for service on the Staff Dated 25th June.

HOME REMITTANCES.

The Treasury, Calcutta, 27th July 1907.

The Weekly Memorandum of Remittances to the Home Treasury:—

Amount to be remitted during 1907-8	£	18,100,000
Remitted from 1st April 1907 to 27th July 1907 By Council Bills	£	7,796,096
By Gold	£	Nil
Balance to be remitted from 28th July 1907 to 31st March 1908........................	£	10,303,9

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Lhasa, 938 tons, Captain H McDiarmed, sailed yesterday for Karachi with mails, general cargo and passengers.

THE B and P S N Co's steamer Ahmadi, 1640 tons, Captain T Hughes, arrived in harbour on Thursday evening from Jedah with a cargo of specie and general and 693 pilgrims.

THE B and P S N Co's steamer Haidari, 1563 tons, Captain F DeLorne, arrived in harbour yesterday from Karachi, with a general cargo and 55 deck passengers.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Waroonga, 1,609 tons, Captain H W Bamber, arrived in harbour yesterday from the Persian Gulf via Karachi and Coast ports with a general cargo and 15 cases opium.

THE A Loyd's S N Co's steymer E F Ferdinand, 2,842 tons, Captain Matcovich, sailed yesterday for Trieste &c with a general cargo and passengers the list of which appeared in our yesterday's issue.

The Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce have decided that Thursday, 1st August 1907, should be regarded as a full weather working day for vessels in the Prince's and Victoria Docks.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

IN GOVT. DOCKYARD.

R I M S Hardinge	Comdr G A Vines	R I Marine
R I M S Margarita......	Capt W L Kelly..............	Pearl Fishery
R I M S Investigator...	Capt W G Beauchamp	R I Marine
R I M S Dufferin	Comdr H S Black	R I Marine
R I M S Northbrook...	Lieut Harrold	R I Marine
R I M S Paliunrus	Capt Holloway	Survey Boat
Three Torpedo Boats		Royal Navy

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR—August 2.

Ahmadi	1640	Hughes		B & P S N Co
Baron Fairlie	2323	Farfor		K Nixon & Co
Bhundara	2215	Brocq		M M & Co
Baron Cawdor		Gaudey		G G Tejpal Co
Bezwada...........	3270	Carey	N F	M M & Co
Caledonia	3529	Tocque	London	P & O Co
Ellora	1491	Cacklin		M M & Co
Helios	880	Kundsen		F F Campbell & Co
Haidari	1563	Lorne		B & P S N Co
Ipswick	513	Wallace		Shah S N Co
Ismaila	3381	Ross		M M & Co
Kola	510	Moxon		M M & Co
Mazagon	3522	Powell		P & O Co
Nizam	2041	McLennan		T Morrison & Co
Oriental	3085	Tocque	Aden 10-8	P & O Co
Peninsular	2919	Palmer		P & O Co
Shahnoor...........	2783	Foster		Shah S N Co
Shahjehan	2566	Davison		Shah S N Co
Shah Najam	2751	Davison		Shah S N Co
Umballa	3426	Clowse		M M & Co
Waroonga	1609	Bamber	P Gulf	M M & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK—August 2.

PRINCE'S DOCK

Shed.	Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agents.
O & R	Dinbigh Hall	3911	Dowse	L'pool	10-8	K Nixon & Co
D & E	Culna	3963	Maclachlan	Antwerp	10-8	M M & Co
F	Whitgift	2847	Colter	Hamburg	3-8	W & A G & Co
G	Xeina	446	Mohamad	K'chi	N F	The Shah S N Co
H	Moshtari	1110	Gore	P Gulf	4-8	B & P S N Co
K	Morocco	2476	Boxhall	Hull	6-8	F Muir & Co
L	Mahanadi	547	Ahmod	Repairing		Bo S N Co
M	Satrunji	547	Hoosein	K'chi	3-8	Bo S N Co
N	King George	2479	Barnett	Baltimore	5-8	R A Willis
O	Sabarmati	524	Mohamad	Repairing		Bo S N Co
P	Sutton Hall	2870	Mayall	K'chi	8-8	K Nixon & Co
Q	Madagascar	1693	Roullier	Genoa	12-8	J M & Co

M W D D

	Puri	643	Ahmed	Repairing		Bo S N Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

2	Olympia	3269	Osborne	L'pool	14-8	W & A G & Co
5	Bissborough	2469	Padgett	Dunkirk	4-8	W & A G & Co
6	Clan Cameron	2287	Cowie	Chittagong	6-8	F Muir & Co
7	Umhlali	2145	Richard	Antwerp	3-8	R A Willis
9	Malta	3900	Peters	Shanghai	6-8	P & O Co
9	Lichenfels	3623	Waldorff	K'chi	10-8	Glade & Co
10&11	China	4166	Street	London	3-8	P & O S N Co
12	Socotra	3896	Hickey	Kobo	10-8	P & O Co
15	Afghan Prince	3183	Campbell	Hull	6-8	W & A G & Co
16	Baluchistan	1711	Davis	Antwerp	6-8	M M & Co

ARRIVALS.

July.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
1	Ahmadi s	Hughes	Jedah, July 21
2	Peninsular s........	Palmer	London, July 12
	Haidari s	Lorne	Karachi, July 27
	Waroonga s	Bamber	Bushire July 7
	R I M S Minto s	Hordern.......	Aden, July 25

DEPARTURES.

July.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
2	Bulysses s...........	Scott	Karachi
	Lhasa s	McDearmid ...	Karachi
	E F Ferdinand s...	Matcovich...	Treste, &c

The following vessels began to load yesterday:—

Steamer Waroonga for Persian Gulf &c.
" Sutton Hall for Karachi.
" Ahmedi for Jedah.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

June	Vessel.	From
18	Shirala	Calcutta
28	Matiana	Calcutta
29	Langton Hall	Coast
29	Bharata	Rangoon
29	Pentakota	Negapatam
30	Axenfels	Middlesbro
30	Fulwell	London

STEAMERS EXPECTED.

Aug		
1	Umfuli	Calcutta
1	Nadir	Bombay
1	Nairung	Calcutta
3	Oronsay	Liverpool
3	Hohenfels	Antwerp
4	Congella	Natal
6	Tottomi Maru	Penang
9	Clan Mackay	Coast
14	Yetorofu Maru	Penang

The dates are approximate only.

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Gordon, left Suez for Colombo Madras and Calcutta on the morning of the 1st instant.

The B I S N Co's steamer Dunera, passed Lisbon on the afternoon of the 1st instant.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Lamont, arrived in London on the morning of the 1st instant.

The B I S N Co's steamer Chupra, left London on the afternoon of the 1st instant.

DAILY EXPORTS.—AUGUST 2.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Olympia s—38 bales wool, R Rampratap; 11,800 cwts mowraseed, and 8,000 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros; 2,000 cwts mowraseed, L Dreyfus and Co; 101 bales wool, M Ruttonsey.

Denbigh Hall s—30 bales wool, D Nagji and Co; 70 bales wool, D Nagji.

FOR GLASGOW.

Olympia s—5,000 cwts massoor, Ralli Brothers.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Olympia s—920 bales cotton, 3,320 cwts castorseed, 1,004 cwts rapeseed, and 2,510 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros; 2,000 cwts gingellyseed, and 15,000 cwts linseed, L Dreyfus and Co; 57 bales cotton and 97 bales cottonfly, W Wolf and Sons; 50 bales cottonfly, A Abdulally and Co.

FOR HULL.

Morocco s—2,000 cwts cottonseed, Louis Dreyfus and Company.

FOR ANTWERP.

Baluchistan s—2,000 cwts linseed, N Laloobhoy; 2,001 cwts poppyseed, E D Sassoon and Co; 1,000 cwts myrabollams, David Sassoon and Co.

Umhlali s—468 bales cotton, 3,886 cwts mowraseed, Ralli Bros; 90 bales cottonfly, Khimji Visram and Co; 300 bales cottonfly, and waste, C Hirjee.

FOR GENOA.

Madagascar s—2,000 cwts linseed, A Blascheck and Co; 2,000 cwts rapeseed, K Nixon and Co; 2,000 cwts linseed, John Fachiri; 985 cwts linseed, David Sassoon and Co; 850 bales cotton, Ramjee and Co; 200 tons old iron, N Futehally and Co; 2,900 cwts linseed Louis Dreyfus and Co

Denbigh Hall s—200 bales cotton, G Tejpal and Co

FOR PORTSAID.

Bessborough s—29,222 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros

FOR BARSELONA.

Olympia s—60 bales cotton W Wolf and Sons.

FOR HONGKONG.

Socotra s—200 bales twist, C Ebrahim and Co; 1,100 bales twist, M M Essabhoy.

Malta s—14 chests opium E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Malta s—2 chests opium C Bomanji and Company.

PEARL NECKLACE DISPUTE.

English Lady Wins Her Case.

The litigation concerning disposition of the collection of magnificent pearls, valued at £30,000, left by the late Duchess of Sermoneta, daughter of the late Lord Howard de Walden, was decided to-day in the Chancery Division in favour of the English neice of the Duchess, Miss Henrietta Katherine Ellis.

His Lordship, in giving judgment, said on the evidence he came to the conclusion that the necklace referred to in the Italian will meant only the four rows found in Florence, and that the other pearls found at Drummond's Bank, London, did not pass to the Italian executors. His Lordship directed that the costs of all the parties should come out of the estate.

APOLLO

SCIATICA, NEURALGIA, PROSTRATION AND DEPRESSION.
"Apollo" tells how to avoid wasted effort.

"APOLLO," the Ideal Athlete, the embodiment of physical grace and symmetrical muscular development, pays a glowing tribute to the wonderful curative and invigorating properties of Phosferine. Even "Apollo's" superb physique was not proof against attacks of Sciatica and Neuralgia, and he declares that a course of Phosferine quite cured these disorders and completely dispelled the weariness and exhaustion consequent upon over-training.

All the brilliant athletes in the kingdom have recognized the merits of Phosferine and expressed their appreciation in much the same words as "Apollo." Without exception, from Royalty downwards, every class of brain and manual worker has placed on record with us the marvellous benefits they have derived from Phosferine. As editor of a health magazine, "Apollo" further relates that he found the tonic invaluable for relieving brain-fag.

"APOLLO" writes:—"When I left South America, some six years ago, I had a bad attack of Sciatica, which left me prostrated and totally unfit. An agent of yours in Southport recommended Phosferine, and a few bottles soon put me right again, since then I have used it for Neuralgia, and found it a real good thing. Over-training and sustained exertion tries one considerably, and for the weariness so induced, Phosferine is the only remedy that quickly pulls me round, especially have I found it give relief in the tired feeling, caused by depressing or hot weather. A good deal of brain work falls to my share in my journalistic work, and in this, Phosferine has for some years been a great friend to me, and whenever I can, I always give it a good word, for it is a remedy that has never failed me."—June 6, 1906.

PHOSFERINE
The Greatest of all Tonics.
A PROVEN REMEDY FOR
Lassitude
Neuralgia
Rheumatism
Indigestion
Backache
Mental Exhaustion
Premature Decay
Nervous Debility
Stomach Disorders
Brain-Fag
Sleeplessness
Exhaustion
Influenza
Headache
Hysteria
Faintness
—and all disorders consequent upon a reduced state of the nervous system.

THE ROYAL EXAMPLE
Phosferine is used by the Royal Families of Europe, which, in plain language means that every user of Phosferine knows and feels that this famous Tonic is commended by the greatest living physicians.

The Remedy of Kings
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To the Royal Family
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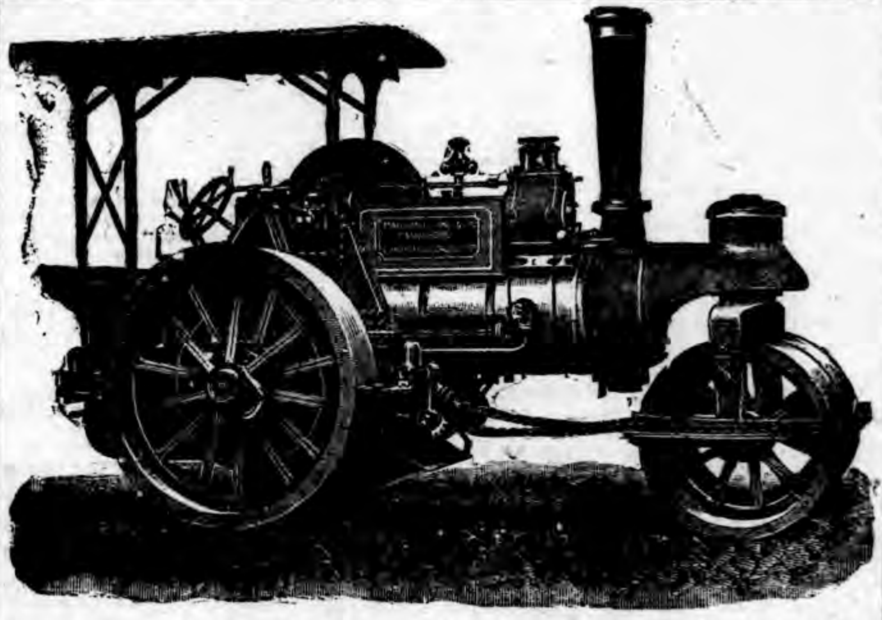
H.M. the King of Greece
H.I.M. the Emperor of China
H.R.H. the Crown Princess of Roumania
H.I.H. the Grand Duchess Serge of Russia
And the Principal Royalty and Aristocracy throughout the world.
Proprietors: Ashton & Parsons, Ltd., La Belle Sauvage, Ludgate Hill, London, England
Price in Great Britain, bottles, 1/1½, 2/9 and 4/6. Sold by all Chemists, Stores, &c.
The 2/9 size contains nearly four times the 1/1½ size.

MARSHALLS' STEAM ROAD ROLLERS.



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PHOSPHODYNE
HAS THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PHOSPHORIC MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

For forty years has maintained its world-wide reputation as the Best and only safe reliable Phosphoric Cure for BRAIN WRECKAGE, PARALYSIS, SLEEPLESSNESS, Dyspepsia, Nerve, Kidney, and Liver Complaints, Harassing Dreams, Premature Decay of Vital Power, General Debility, all Blood Disorders, and all Functional and Diseased Conditions of the System, caused by the deficiency of the Vital Forces.

The effect of this Standard Phosphoric Remedy in Nervous Debility and its kindred Evils is immediate and permanent, all the Miserable Feelings and Distressing Symptoms disappearing with a rapidity that is really marvellous.

Directions for Self-Treatment of the above diseases with each Bottle.

Its energizing effects are shown from the first day of its administration by a Remarkable Increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort. Digestion is Invigorated. The Appetite increases wonderfully. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The Face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eyes brighter, and Skin clear and healthy.

Beware of vile imitations!—None genuine without the British Government Stamp with "Dr. Lalor's Phosphodyne, London, England," engraved thereon, by order of Her Majesty's Honourable Commissioners.

Thousands of unimpeachable testimonials from all parts of the World, and from the highest Medical Authorities. No other Phosphoric Preparation has received such distinguished recognition.

HEALTH, STRENGTH & ENERGY.

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SKIN AND SCALP DISORDERS CURED

Man Was Rapidly Losing Hair—Another Member of Family Suffered with Eczema of the Hands for Ten Years—Both Happy to

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GOSSIP OF THE WEEK.

LONDON, July 19.

THE FAILURE OF GENIUS.

Misfortune seems to have overtaken Ouida. It is a tragic irony that the creator of such scenes of riotous splendour should be driven from the shelter of a roof to spend the night with only the sky for cover. But genius is generally improvident, incapable of realising the value of money. Did not Newton, though so wonderful a master of mathematics, find it impossible to do a sum in simple arithmetic, and need to employ a "ghost" to do his calculating for him at the Mint? Dean Stanley was never quite sure that twice eleven do not make twenty-three, and Sir James Graham, if he knew how many shillings went to the guinea, certainly had not the remotest notion what that number of shillings should represent in cloth or bread or tobacco. On the other hand, Byron, Thackeray, and Dickens knew their arithmetic as well as most men—and the art of bargaining with a publisher. So did Tennyson.

TO SELL, OR TO HOLD?

A point which arose when Ouida's case was first mentioned was as to whether it paid an author to sell outright the copyright of a work or to accept a royalty on sales. Macaulay, with his £20,000 for his History, would probably have declared for a sum down, though, be it remembered, he was responsible for an important alteration of the law giving a man the right to the fruit of his literary labours. Mr. Winston Churchill's Life of his father would probably induce him to favour a first and final payment. On the other hand, take the case of Mr. Silas Hocking, who sold outright a book which for thirty years has never ceased selling, and is going as well as ever to-day. That little volume must have made a fortune for its publishers, but you would think it a bad bargain for the author. "Not a bit of it," declares Mr. Hocking. "Look how well they have treated me, in consequence of the success of that one, in regard to my others." It may be so; at any rate, it is characteristic of Mr. Hocking's charming nature to see the matter in such a light. And the man who has the biggest sale of any living author may well look with friendly eye upon his publishers.

A FLASHLIGHT STAB.

Mr. Spencer Leigh Hughes, in his merry causerie in "M.A.P.," has been complaining of persecution by the snapshottist. As he knows, he has but shared the experience common to all who go a-wooing the free and independent elector. Others, lacking his unfailing humour, get less fun out of it. Some, indeed, protest that the lack of humour is not truly to be charged to their account, but to that of the people who hunt for snapshots. One gentleman was pestered and badgered into posing for a series of portraits for a certain publication. It was really good nature which caused him to comply, for he does not need advertisement, photographic or literary. The portraits appeared, and with them a note expressing the paper's hope that the candidate would be returned, as attention to Parliamentary duties would leave him with less leisure for the production of trash which it pleased him to consider literature!

A MYSTERIOUS ACCIDENT.

Mr. R. C. Bailey, who has been lecturing on colour-photography, may be surprised to learn that the process which he describes is no improvement on one of seventeen years ago. Films, which are such a boon to all who use the camera, came just too soon, or by this time we might have had colour-photography in full swing. The negative which they superseded was of paper. After exposing it, you poured on castor oil or smeared it with vaseline, then applied a hot iron till the negative became transparent. One of these negatives pictured an old church with a background of trees. After it had been developed and fixed it showed the yellow of the gravel walk, the grey of the stones, the green of the trees and grass, and the blue of the clear sky. It was no fake, but an ordinary piece of work by a member of a famous firm of manufacturing chemists, and sent by him for development to a professional photographer of standing. South Kensington officially examined the negative, analysed the paper, made all sorts of inquiries and experiments, and the technical journals discussed the phenomena at length. Films appeared upon the horizon, and the paper was forgotten and has been no more heard of or tried.

FEATHERED FELONS.

A Monmouthshire ornithologist is lamenting the death of an albino hen robin which he introduced into the cage of an ordinary cock robin. The tragedy will not set the birds of the air a-sighin' and a-sobbin', for, sad to relate, the event is characteristic of the ways of birds. The tradition is that the caged bird which escapes will be killed by the birds of freedom. It is far more certain that a wild bird introduced into an aviary of domesticated ones will have to run the gauntlet. The caged bird thinks a good deal more of his castle than does the Englishman of the proverb. Once a sparrow got through the wired front of a pigeon loft which was the delight of the writer's youthful days. The lord of the loft, an old homing cock, assailed the little intruder with such fury as speedily to disable it. Helped by his admiring mate, the savage old pigeon had torn the little sparrow almost to pieces before a rescue could be effected. Fowls are just as merciless.

A COMMONPLACE TRAGEDY.

Of a number of hens which were doing their level best to convert eggs into poultry, one turned queer and had to be taken away. The juggling which was necessary to bring off all the eggs resulted in a partridge Wyandotte going forth with a brood of black Orpingtons, while her own offspring were mothered by a white Wyandotte. The two families were placed in adjoining runs, and a youthful partridge Wyandotte got its head through the netting and was pecked almost to death by its own mother. It died and was buried. Next day the coops were shifted on to new ground, and a careless selection of pitches left the partridge Wyandotte and her blak brood over the grave of the departed infant. In the course of the day they scratched down to the buried innocent, and—ate it. Before they were discovered at their cannibalistic work they had picked it clean, leaving nothing but bones and feathers.

T OUBLE IN ARCADIA.

Presently somebody will be writing to the "Field," telling how, by some migratory mischance, a misguided Brazilian cardinal has flown to this unsunned land. Let the truth be told. That bird's migration was compulsory. It came by steamer, and for nearly two years has been an occupant of a highly desirable aviary. It has taken French leave, and now saucily flits about in the neighbourhood of its old home, heartlessly indifferent to the calls of its desolate mate. But the fowls of the air do not attack it. It consorts mainly with the thrushes, and the manner in which the brilliant rascal sets his red cap at staid mothers of abundant broods is scandalous. No self-respecting father of a family in feathers could be expected to tolerate such a violation of the sanctity of his domestic relations, not even were this cardinal a pope. There may yet be a tragedy to record, but if it come, the impartial writer of this column will go into the witness box on behalf of the assailants, for whose peace of mind the wearer of fine feathers has so little regard.

THE WAY OF THE LAW.

Our legal system says that you may physic your friend to death, if your friend does not mind and you betray not too gross carelessness. In another way it declares that if you are going to do any poisoning you must do it on the heroic scale. A man who has a grudge against ants, which tunnel his peaches and play havoc with his strawberries when they are growing in his conservatory, wrote the other day to a chemist in town, asking for a certain quantity of arsenic. The careful chemist, sticking to the law, replied that he must have a writen statement as to the purpose for which the poison was intended, and that that statement must be countersigned by a second person. All formalities were complied with, and a salve-box of poison arrived to gladden the heart of the man who loves not ants. Just afterwards, mentioning his prize to a wiser man, he learned from the latter that he kept his orders for arsenic in the parish; that he bought it of an oilman, with only one restriction—that he did not take less than a pound at a time. Ants and man—how many would a pound of arsenic settle?

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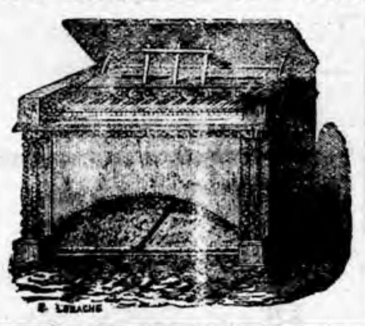

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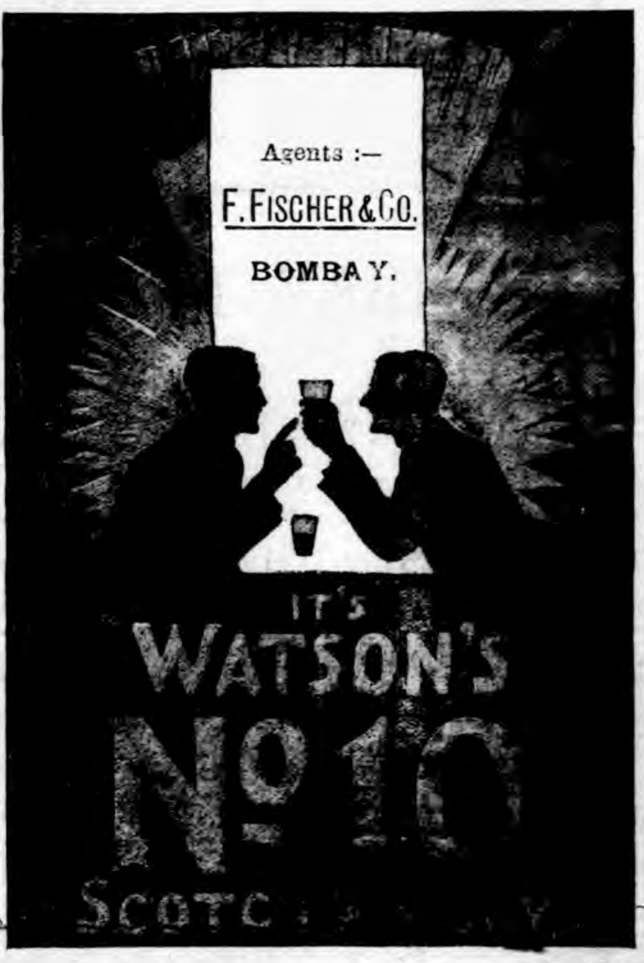

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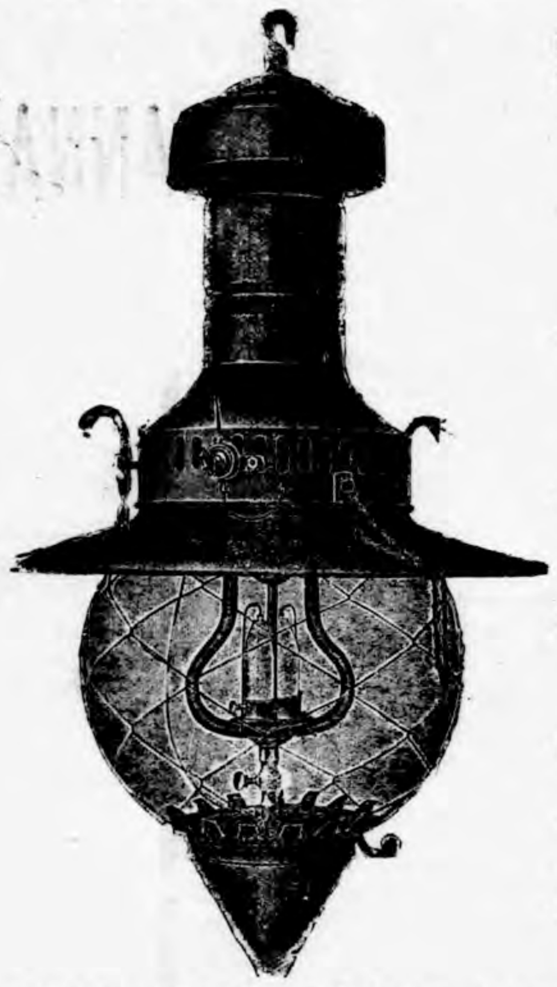

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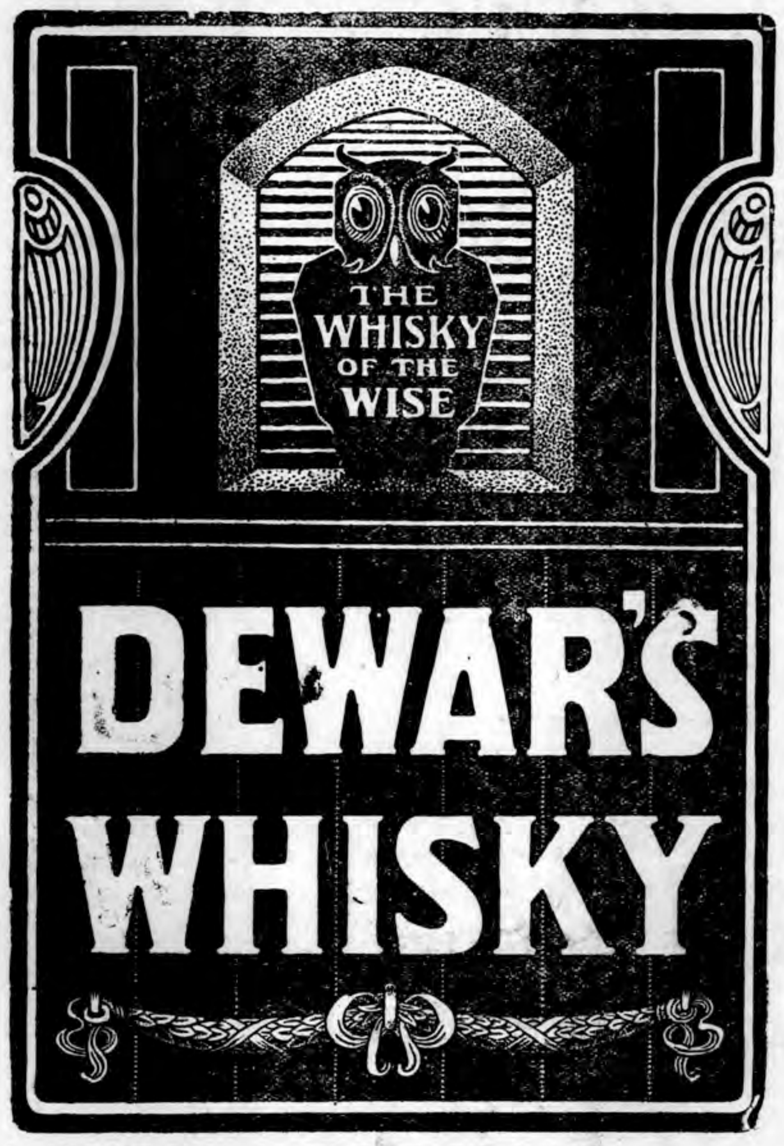
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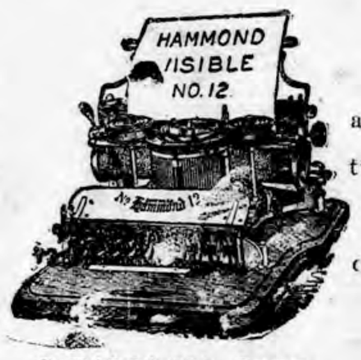

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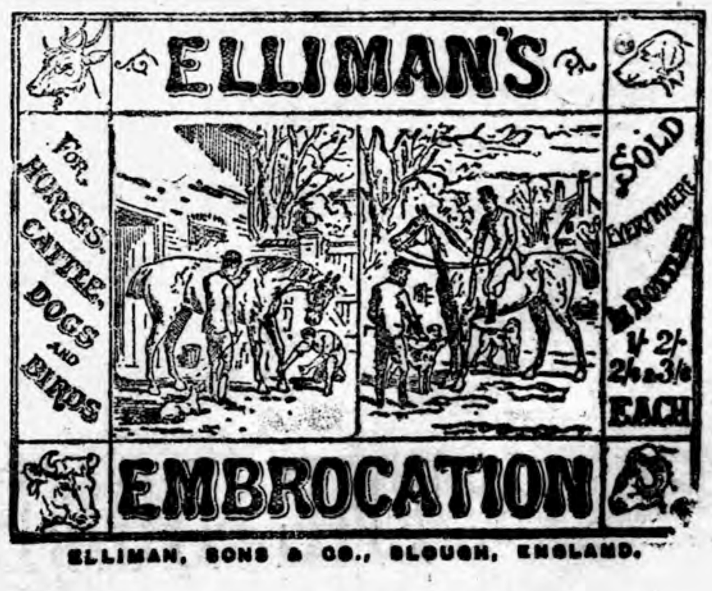
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